

# Comparison of flow-mediated dilatation with local thermal hyperaemia as a measure of endothelial function.

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|                              |                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>Ethical review</b>        | Approved WMO    |
| <b>Status</b>                | Recruiting      |
| <b>Health condition type</b> | Other condition |
| <b>Study type</b>            | Interventional  |

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON40563

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

BeeJEM

### Condition

- Other condition

### Synonym

Endothelial dysfunction

### Health condition

Bloedvataandoeningen; endotheel dysfunctie

### Research involving

Human

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Ministerie van OC&W,NWO;Vidi subsidie,Unilever,Unilever sponsort

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Beetroot juice, Endothelial function, FMD, LTH

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Degree of correlation between FMD and LTH

### Secondary outcome

Involvement of NO in LTH response

Changes in FMD and LTH in response to beetroot juice consumption

## Study description

### Background summary

Measurement of flow-mediated dilatation of the brachial artery in response to forearm occlusion for 5 min (FMD) using ultrasonography is a well-accepted, but investigator-demanding method, to determine endothelial function. Local thermal hyperaemia of the skin measured with a laser Doppler flow imager (LTH) is less demanding and may be a suitable alternative to determine endothelial function at frequent intervals. We want to investigate whether LTH correlates with FMD response in a group of healthy non-smoking and smoking men and to what extent LTH can be inhibited by the nitric-oxide synthase (NOS) inhibitor L-NMMA applied locally on the skin. In addition we want to replicate the reported improved FMD response to nitrate-rich beetroot juice and correlate this to the LTH response. Post occlusive reactive hyperaemia (PORH) of the skin is considered to be a measure of microvascular function and is also thought to be correlated to the FMD response. We will also determine the PORH response during this study.

### Study objective

The main objective of our study is to explore whether LTH and FMD are

correlated. Main secondary objectives are to investigate whether the LTH response is largely NO-mediated and whether drinking beetroot juice acutely improves both FMD and LTH.

## **Study design**

Randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled cross-over study

## **Intervention**

Beetroot juice and placebo.

## **Study burden and risks**

All the techniques applied are non-invasive and without risk and only provide minimal discomfort related to the 5 minute lasting arterial occlusion of the forearm by a blood pressure cuff and the dietary restrictions. Participants have to visit our research department twice for FMD and LTH measurements. For their time investment they will be reimbursed. The intervention with commercially available beetroot juice (Beet-it) or placebo is not associated with any risk.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

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NL

### **Scientific**

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## **Trial sites**

## Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

Non-smokers:

- Healthy Men
- Age between 25-65 years
- Non-smoking for > 5 years
- Body mass index between 18 and 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>
- Capable and willing to give informed consent
- General good health, based on medical history and physical examination
- Systolic BP measured on day of the experiment should be < 160 mmHg;Smokers:
- As for the non-smokers
- In addition smoking at least on average 14 cigarettes per day for at least 5 years

### Exclusion criteria

- female subjects
- History of cardiovascular disease
- Use of vasoactive drugs
- Drug or/and alcohol abuse

## Study design

### Design

|                     |                               |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Study type:         | Interventional                |
| Intervention model: | Crossover                     |
| Allocation:         | Randomized controlled trial   |
| Masking:            | Double blinded (masking used) |

|                  |           |
|------------------|-----------|
| Control:         | Placebo   |
| Primary purpose: | Treatment |

## Recruitment

|                           |            |
|---------------------------|------------|
| NL                        |            |
| Recruitment status:       | Recruiting |
| Start date (anticipated): | 17-08-2014 |
| Enrollment:               | 40         |
| Type:                     | Actual     |

## Ethics review

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Approved WMO       |   |
| Date:              | 05-06-2014  |
| Application type:  | First submission  |
| Review commission: | METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam (Rotterdam) |

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

ID: 28932  
Source: Nationaal Trial Register  
Title:

### In other registers

| Register | ID             |
|----------|----------------|
| CCMO     | NL45250.078.13 |
| OMON     | NL-OMON28932   |