

# Dose-to-target of etanercept treatment: a dose-tapering randomized controlled trial in patients with juvenile idiopathic arthritis in patients age 12 years and older.

Published: 15-07-2014

Last updated: 21-04-2024

To determine the proportion of patients with JIA maintaining minimal disease activity (MDA) after dose interval prolongation of etanercept. Secondary objectives: To study the cost-effectiveness of tapering down etanercept treatment, to investigate...

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruiting
<b>Health condition type</b>	Autoimmune disorders
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON40793

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

Dose-to-target of etanercept in patients with JIA age  $\geq 12$  years

### Condition

- Autoimmune disorders

### Synonym

juvenile idiopathic arthritis

### Research involving

Human

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Jan van Breemen Instituut

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Achmea (zorgverzekeraar)

## Intervention

**Keyword:** dose-to-target, Etanercept, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, personalized medicine

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

To determine the proportion of patients with JIA maintaining Minimal Disease

Activity after dose interval prolongation of etanercept.

### Secondary outcome

To study the cost-effectiveness of tapering down etanercept treatment.

To investigate whether the lowest effective etanercept dose will reduce the risk of adverse events.

To study the predictive value of serum etanercept trough levels and other patient related factors for successful down titration.

## Study description

### Background summary

The proportion of patients with rheumatic diseases treated with biologics has increased considerably over the last decade. As a consequence, the financial burden for the health care system has increased enormously. Therefore, dose reduction of biologics is currently a hot topic in rheumatology practice. However, there is limited information about the success rate of dose tapering or discontinuation as well as predictors of success and the risks of dose reduction, like deterioration of disease activity and radiographic progression. Recently, a few studies in juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA) on etanercept were published but these studies have some major limitations: limited numbers of patients with different subtypes of JIA were included and only retrospective data were available. In addition, to our knowledge no study has been performed

in patients with JIA age 17 years or older.

## **Study objective**

To determine the proportion of patients with JIA maintaining minimal disease activity (MDA) after dose interval prolongation of etanercept. Secondary objectives: To study the cost-effectiveness of tapering down etanercept treatment, to investigate whether the lowest effective etanercept dose will reduce the risk of adverse events and to study the predictive value of serum etanercept trough levels for successful down titration.

## **Study design**

Randomized controlled trial: a dose-to-target step-down treatment strategy of etanercept which consists of 2 phases, including all suitable JIA patients currently treated in our institute. Main study parameters: Minimal Disease Activity will define whether a patient is suitable for inclusion and randomisation. Definition of Minimal Disease Activity (MDA) is according to the JADAS cut-off values for minimal disease activity. Patients should be in MDA at baseline and clinically in low disease activity according to the treating rheumatologist, for at least 6 months. Etanercept serum concentrations, disease activity, functional ability, quality of life and cost related parameters will be measured during follow-up.

## **Intervention**

Patients with Minimal Disease Activity at baseline and with clinically low disease activity for at least 6 months during etanercept treatment will be approached for participation. After inclusion, etanercept dose interval will be prolonged to once every 2 weeks (phase 1). Patients will be followed for 6 months. Thereafter, the second phase of this study starts, in which patients, who are still in a state of minimal disease activity, will discontinue etanercept. Patients will be followed for an additional 6 months. Thereafter, patients of the control arm in whom disease activity is low after 6 months of etanercept dose reduction, etanercept will also be discontinued.

## **Study burden and risks**

We hypothesize that patients with Minimal Disease Activity will remain in a state of Minimal Disease Activity after dose interval prolongation of etanercept, however, an increased disease activity risk can not be excluded, especially in patients discontinuing etanercept.

## Contacts

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## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adolescents (12-15 years)  
Adolescents (16-17 years)  
Adults (18-64 years)  
Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

- Diagnosis: JIA, types: polyarthritis (RF negative and RF positive), oligo-arthritis (persistent and extended), psoriatic and enthesitis related arthritis and undifferentiated arthritis (according to the ILAR criteria).
- Age 12 years or older.
- Treatment with etanercept 50 mg SC weekly (or 25 mg SC twice weekly) or treatment with weekly dose etanercept of 0,8 mg/kg for at least 6 subsequent months.
- Minimal Disease Activity, according to the JADAS criteria for Minimal Disease Activity at baseline and clinically low disease activity according to the rheumatologist for at least 6 months to baseline.
- No uveitis for a minimum of 12 months.

- No use of systemic corticosteroids or intra-articular steroids for a minimum of 6 months prior to baseline.
- Written informed consent by the patient (and if applicable, the parents).

## Exclusion criteria

Planned reasons for treatment discontinuation.  
JIA, type: systemic arthritis.

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)

**Primary purpose:** Treatment

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	05-06-2014
Enrollment:	40
Type:	Actual

## Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	15-07-2014
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC Amsterdam UMC

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
CCMO	NL49544.048.14
Other	NTR nummer is aangevraagd