

# Dexmedetomidine in awake implantation of neuromodulative systems.

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|                              |                                      |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>Ethical review</b>        | Approved WMO                         |
| <b>Status</b>                | Recruitment stopped                  |
| <b>Health condition type</b> | Spinal cord and nerve root disorders |
| <b>Study type</b>            | Interventional                       |

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON41067

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

DexMed

### Condition

- Spinal cord and nerve root disorders

### Synonym

Awake implantation of a neuromodulative system.

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Ministerie van OC&W

### Intervention

**Keyword:** Awake Implantation, Dexmedetomidine, Neuromodulative system, Sedation

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

The primary study parameter is overall patient satisfaction measured by a questionnaire.

### Secondary outcome

The secondary study parameters:

- Sedation scale (Ramsey score),
- Clinical pain relief (NRS score),
- Patient comfort score and operator comfort score
- Hemodynamic measuring (blood pressure and heart rate)
- Respiratory frequency measuring (capnography) and pulsoximetry.
- Measurement of the number of adjustments of Dexmedetomidine titration during procedure

## Study description

### Background summary

Dexmedetomidine has proven to be a good sedative in several diagnostic and therapeutic \*awake\* procedures. We want to observe the usefulness of Dexmedetomidine in the awake implantation of a neuromodulative system. This is a painful procedure, which can be uncomfortable due to the long-term prone position. Deep sedation is undesirable because the patients have to be cooperative during the procedure.

Compared to commonly used sedatives and analgesics, such as remifentanyl and propofol, Dexmedetomidine appears to be hemodynamically and respiratory safer, more comfortable for the patient while at the same time it is possible for the patient to be fully cooperative.

### Study objective

The purpose of this study is to observe the usability of Dexmedetomidine and to determine the overall satisfaction of the patient.

## **Study design**

This is a prospective observational study with an intervention.

## **Intervention**

Loading infusion of the sedative Dexmedetomidine.

## **Study burden and risks**

The potential benefits of the use of Dexmedetomidine during procedure include no blur of consciousness; no decline of cognitive skills; the patient is required less alert, is sleeping but still arousable, cooperative and instructable without any agitation. Dexmedetomidine has a good anxiolytic effect, a light analgesic effect and causes no respiratory depression. It makes a lower dose of propofol and remifentanyl possible. Side effects are the possibility of hypotension and bradycardia. A disadvantage is that it has no amnesic effects.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

's Gravendijkwal 230  
Rotterdam 3000 CA  
NL

### **Scientific**

Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

's Gravendijkwal 230  
Rotterdam 3000 CA  
NL

## **Trial sites**

### **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

- Patients need to be between 18 and 65 years.;- Patients have an indication for implantation of a neuromodulative system.

### Exclusion criteria

- Hypersensitivity of active part of one of any of the excipients
- AV-block (II or III)
- Acute cerebrovascular disease
- Pregnancy
- Acute epilepsy
- Severe liver dysfunction
- Use of a beta blocker.
- Psychologically unstable
- Communication problem.

## Study design

### Design

|                  |                         |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| Study phase:     | 2                       |
| Study type:      | Interventional          |
| Masking:         | Open (masking not used) |
| Control:         | Uncontrolled            |
| Primary purpose: | Treatment               |

### Recruitment

|                           |                     |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| NL                        |                     |
| Recruitment status:       | Recruitment stopped |
| Start date (anticipated): | 01-09-2014          |

|             |        |
|-------------|--------|
| Enrollment: | 10     |
| Type:       | Actual |

## Medical products/devices used

|               |                               |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Product type: | Medicine                      |
| Brand name:   | Dexdor                        |
| Generic name: | Dexmedetomidine               |
| Registration: | Yes - NL outside intended use |

## Ethics review

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Approved WMO       |   |
| Date:              | 09-07-2014  |
| Application type:  | First submission  |
| Review commission: | METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam (Rotterdam) |
| Approved WMO       |   |
| Date:              | 31-07-2014  |
| Application type:  | First submission  |
| Review commission: | METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam (Rotterdam) |

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

**Register**

EudraCT

CCMO

**ID**

EUCTR2014-001587-35-NL

NL49012.078.14