

# The acute effects of oxazepam on actual driving performance and cognitive functions

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Primary objective of this study is to assess the acute dose dependent effects of single doses of oxazepam (10 mg and 30 mg) on driving performance and compare it with a single dose of diazepam 10 mg and placebo.

|                              |                     |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Ethical review</b>        | Approved WMO        |
| <b>Status</b>                | Recruitment stopped |
| <b>Health condition type</b> | Other condition     |
| <b>Study type</b>            | Interventional      |

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON41122

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

Acute effects of oxazepam on driving

### Condition

- Other condition

### Synonym

not applicable

### Health condition

cognitief functioneren

### Research involving

Human

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Universiteit Maastricht

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Ministerie van OC&W

## Intervention

**Keyword:** cognitive functions, diazepam, driving, oxazepam

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

The main study parameter is the Standard Deviation of Lateral Position (SDLP in cm) in the highway driving test.

### Secondary outcome

Secondary parameters will be accuracy and/or speed in the following tests:

- \* Psychomotor Vigilance Test (PVT)
- \* Critical tracking test (CTT)
- \* Divided Attention Test (DAT)
- \* Useful Field of View (UFOV)
- \* Digit Symbol Substitution Test (DSST)
- \* Postural Balance test (PBT)
- \* Vienna Test System Determination Test (DT)
- \* Attention Network Test (ANT)

## Study description

### Background summary

Benzodiazepines, taken as anxiolytics, remain an important pharmacotherapeutic option to relieve anxiety symptoms. They are generally well-tolerated, but side-effects such as sedation and impaired psychomotor performance can occur.

Epidemiological data has found significant increases of accident risk with benzodiazepines, especially within one or two weeks after prescription and with an increase of dose. Therefore, prescribers and users should be informed about the potential acute impairing effects of anxiolytics on functioning, such as driving performance.

In the Netherlands, oxazepam is regarded as the first choice of treatment for initial relieve of anxiety symptoms. Epidemiological data indicates no increase of crash risk with oxazepam. However, the acute effects of single doses of oxazepam on driving performance have not yet been investigated and not much is known about the impairing effects on cognitive functioning. It is unknown whether there is a difference between the acute effects of a single low dose of oxazepam (10 mg) and a single high dose of oxazepam (30 mg) on driving performance and cognitive functioning.

The acute effects of oxazepam 10 mg and 30 mg will be compared with diazepam 10 mg, which has known impairing effects on driving performance and cognitive functioning.

## **Study objective**

Primary objective of this study is to assess the acute dose dependent effects of single doses of oxazepam (10 mg and 30 mg) on driving performance and compare it with a single dose of diazepam 10 mg and placebo.

## **Study design**

a four-way, double-blind, randomized placebo-controlled, cross-over design to compare the acute effects of two single doses of oxazepam (10 mg and 30 mg) with diazepam (10 mg) and placebo on actual driving performance and a range of cognitive tests.

## **Intervention**

Participants will receive one dose of oxazepam 10 mg, oxazepam 30 mg, diazepam 10 mg, or placebo. Balancing of treatments will be accomplished by randomly assigning participants to one of the four treatment sequences.

## **Study burden and risks**

Volunteers\* health will be assessed before treatment during a screening visit (1 hour, including an ECG test and assessment of a medical history questionnaire). Eligible subjects will visit the research unit on six more occasions. The first two sessions include familiarization and practice of the performance tests (approximately 3 hours). Subsequently, they will visit four times for intervention and testing (approximately 7 hours for each condition). The treatments are oxazepam 10 mg, oxazepam 30 mg, diazepam 10 mg, and placebo. At the end of testing on intervention days participants will be

transported home by taxi. Total time spent by the participants will be approximately 32 hours.

## Contacts

### Public

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### Scientific

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## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

- healthy males or females, in the opinion of the medical supervisor, based on a pre-study physical examination, medical history, vital signs, electrocardiogram, and the results of blood chemistry, haematology, and urinalysis
- aged between 23 and 50 years (inclusive)
- BMI between 19 and 29 m2/kg (inclusive)
- possession of a valid driving license for 4 years or more
- driving experience of at least 3000 km per year on average
- good sleepers

- subjects should sign an Informed Consent Form

## Exclusion criteria

- history of mental illness
- sleep disorders such as insomnia and narcolepsy
- history of or current drug or alcohol abuse
- current use of psycho-active medication, and inability to stay abstinent during the study
- excessive alcohol use, defined as drinking more than 21 glasses of alcohol per week
- excessive caffeine use, defined as drinking 5 or more cups of coffee per day
- smoking more than 10 cigarettes per day

## Study design

### Design

|                     |                               |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Study type:         | Interventional                |
| Intervention model: | Crossover                     |
| Masking:            | Double blinded (masking used) |
| Control:            | Uncontrolled                  |
| Primary purpose:    | Treatment                     |

### Recruitment

|                           |                     |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| NL                        |                     |
| Recruitment status:       | Recruitment stopped |
| Start date (anticipated): | 17-12-2014          |
| Enrollment:               | 27                  |
| Type:                     | Actual              |

### Medical products/devices used

|               |                       |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Product type: | Medicine              |
| Brand name:   | Serax                 |
| Generic name: | oxazepam              |
| Registration: | Yes - NL intended use |
| Product type: | Medicine              |

|               |                       |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Brand name:   | Valium                |
| Generic name: | diazepam              |
| Registration: | Yes - NL intended use |

## Ethics review

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Approved WMO       |   |
| Date:              | 24-07-2014  |
| Application type:  | First submission  |
| Review commission: | METC academisch ziekenhuis Maastricht/Universiteit Maastricht, METC azM/UM (Maastricht) |
| Approved WMO       |   |
| Date:              | 25-11-2014  |
| Application type:  | First submission  |
| Review commission: | METC academisch ziekenhuis Maastricht/Universiteit Maastricht, METC azM/UM (Maastricht) |

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

| Register | ID                     |
|----------|------------------------|
| EudraCT  | EUCTR2014-001801-42-NL |
| CCMO     | NL49512.068.14         |
| Other    | nog niet beschikbaar   |

## Study results

Date completed: 13-05-2015

Actual enrolment: 27

### Summary results

Trial is ongoing in other countries