

The effect of rectus femoris transfer on stroke survivors walking with a stiff knee gait.

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Determine the effect of rectus femoris transfer on stroke survivors walking with a stiff knee gait on functional-, activity- and participation level.

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Central nervous system vascular disorders
Study type	Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON41870

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Rectus femoris transfer on stroke survivors walking with a stiff knee gait.

Condition

- Central nervous system vascular disorders
- Soft tissue therapeutic procedures

Synonym

'Stroke' en 'hemiplegia'

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Revalidatiecentrum Het Roessingh

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Subsidie gelden beschikbaar gesteld door Roessingh Research and Development

Intervention

Keyword: Rectus femoris transfer, Stiff knee gait, Stroke

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Primary study outcome is knee flexion in swing phase

Secondary outcome

Secondary study outcomes are hip , knee ankle kinematics. EMG activity of muscles of the under extremity, BORG- and VAS questionnaires on tonus, Duncan-Ely test for m. rectus femoris, six minutes walking test, pulmonary-function test, Timed Up and Go (TUG), L-test, Timed Up Stairs test, Motricity Index, Rivermead Mobility Index en the Stroke Impact scale (SIS).

Study description

Background summary

Falling and tripping are due to foot clearance problems in stroke patients who have a Stiff Knee Gait (SKG). SKG is defined as diminished and delayed peak knee flexion in swing. One main cause of stiff-knee gait in stroke patients is spasticity in the rectus femoris muscle. A treatment to increase diminished knee flexion in SKG is a rectus femoris transfer (RFT). This surgery (RFT) is often applied in cerebral palsy children and stroke patients, the m. rectus femoris will be fixed from ventral side of the knee (extensor) to dorsal side of the knee (flexor). Therefore, the m. rectus femoris function will switch from a knee flexor to a knee extensor. RFT intervention is limited review with subjective measurements in stroke patients.

Study objective

Determine the effect of rectus femoris transfer on stroke survivors walking with a stiff knee gait on functional-, activity- and participation level.

Study design

One group pretest-posttest.

Study burden and risks

Nature and extent of the burden with participation are two half days for measurements. The measurements take place at Roessingh Research and Development. The patients have to walk eight times a distance of 7.5 meters in three different velocities. After that, patients have to fill in three questionnaires and they have to do some little tests. The risks associated with participation are limited during measurements.

Contacts

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

- Patient has eligible for a rectus femoris transfer surgery by treating physiatrist/orthopedist and has been informed about the surgery.
- Age > 18 years
- More than 6 months after stroke
- Patient walks independently (FAC ≥ 3)
- Patient knows time, place and person. Patient could understand motor-,cognitive and communicative instructions.

Exclusion criteria

- Neurological impairments that are not due to stroke
- Progressive disease that influence gait

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 19-05-2015

Enrollment: 17

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 16-04-2015

Application type: First submission

Review commission:

MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United
(Nieuwegein)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

ID: 21849

Source: Nationaal Trial Register

Title:

In other registers

Register	ID
Other	21900
CCMO	NL51373.044.14