

# The effectiveness of remote monitoring in improving CPAP compliance: a randomised, controlled study.

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This study emphasizes on the effect of telemonitoring and the effect on compliance in the first period after starting the treatment.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	Other condition
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON41977

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

AREMOC= Airview Remote Monitoring CPAP.

### Condition

- Other condition
- Respiratory disorders NEC

### Synonym

obstructive sleep apnea, OSAS

### Health condition

slaapgeneeskunde/OSAS

### Research involving

Human

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Amphia Ziekenhuis

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** De leverancier van CPAP apparatuur. Deze stelt het gebruik van de airview-service ter beschikking (maar geen geld) voor dit onderzoek. De onderzoekers en behandelaars zijn verder financieel onafhankelijk van de leverancier. Alle betrokken personen werken hier op vrijwillige basis aan mee.

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Compliance, CPAP, OSAS, Remote monitoring CPAP

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

mean hours/night CPAP use after 10 weeks, compared between the two groups.

### Secondary outcome

- a. Number of patients who stop their therapie after 10 weeks and after 1 year
- b. Increased efficiency of treatment, regarding check-up's and hospital visits
- c. CPAP related complaints/symptoms

## Study description

### Background summary

Obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) is the most common sleep-related breathing disorder.

Continuous positive airway pressure is the treatment of choice, with adherence of 60-70%.

Because short-term adherence and early perceived benefits are the best predictors of long-term adherence, efforts to optimise adherence are best done before or shortly after starting treatment. Intensive support can be beneficial according to some studies.

Telemonitoring is enabling clinicians and patients to continuously obtain specific parameters

of disease processes, thereby permitting prompt and timely adjustments to therapy if

needed. Regarding telemonitoring in patients with OSAS, there have been several studies, but not yet

in OSAS patients in the Netherlands. Studies of Sparrow et al and Fox et al showed that an intervention (by telemonitoring) resulted in improved CPAP adherence. Of course there are several limitations within these studies and there is need for more research. This study emphasizes on the effect of telemonitoring and the effect on compliance in the first period after starting the treatment in the dutch population. Adoption of this type of system could result in substantially improved care of patients with OSAS.

### **Study objective**

This study emphasizes on the effect of telemonitoring and the effect on compliance in the first period after starting the treatment.

### **Study design**

Randomized Controlled trial, single blind.  
250 patients

### **Intervention**

Telemonitoring of the CPAP machine

### **Study burden and risks**

none

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Amphia Ziekenhuis

Molengracht 21 Molengracht 21  
Breda 4818 CK  
NL

### **Scientific**

Amphia Ziekenhuis

Molengracht 21 Molengracht 21  
Breda 4818 CK  
NL

## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

- newly diagnosed OSAS patient
- apnea hypopnea index > 29/hour
- CPAP therapy
- Age between 18-75 years

### Exclusion criteria

- anxiety disorder
- mental disorder/retardation
- significant central sleep apnea component
- expected other changes in physical well being cause of comorbidity/other diseases and expected weight loss or gain such as pregnancy, bariatric surgery.

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Single blinded (masking used)
Control:	Active

Primary purpose: Treatment

## Recruitment

NL  
Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped  
Start date (anticipated): 30-10-2015  
Enrollment: 250  
Type: Actual

## Ethics review

Approved WMO  
Date: 03-07-2015  
Application type: First submission  
Review commission: METC Maxima Medisch Centrum (Veldhoven)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register	ID
CCMO	NL52339.015.15