# A Randomized, Comparative Trial of Two \*Mushroom\* Keratoplasty Techniques in Keratoconus Patients. Femtosecond Laser Aided True Mushroom Keratoplasy versus Microkeratome Assisted Lamellar Keratoplasty (MALK).

Published: 17-02-2015 Last updated: 15-05-2024

To demonstrate that FS laser aided keratoplasty for KC is superior to MALK.

**Ethical review** Approved WMO

**Status** Pending

**Health condition type** Ocular structural change, deposit and degeneration NEC

Study type Interventional

## Summary

#### ID

NL-OMON42181

#### Source

**ToetsingOnline** 

#### **Brief title**

Femtosec Laser & MALK

## Condition

Ocular structural change, deposit and degeneration NEC

## **Synonym**

keratoconus

## Research involving

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Oogziekenhuis Rotterdam

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: ZonMW

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Astigmatism., Endothelial cell density., Keratoconus., Keratoplasty techniques.

#### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

Astigmatism.

## **Secondary outcome**

Visus (BSCVA, UCVA, BclCVA).

Endothelial cell density.

Number of eyes that need a hard contactlens to achieve a VA > 0.5 at 1 year.

Graft survival.

RMS of Zernike polynomials of high order aberrations.

Contrast sensitivity and stray light.

Quality of vision questionnaire.

OT time and costs.

# **Study description**

## **Background summary**

With severe keratoconus (KC), refractive abnormalities become non-correctable and, eventually, a corneal transplant is the only treatment option left to restore vision. Continuing technological developments suggest that VA outcome and rehabilitation rate can be further improved. Surgical outcome, i.e. postoperative astigmatism, of femtosecond (FS) laser assisted mushroom keratoplasty and microkeratome assisted lamellar keratoplasty (MALK) will be

compared.

## **Study objective**

To demonstrate that FS laser aided keratoplasty for KC is superior to MALK.

## Study design

Randomized, comparative.

#### Intervention

FS laser aided keratoplasty or MALK.

## Study burden and risks

The outcome of FS laser aided mushroom keratoplasty is expected to be better but the risk of endothelial complications is supposed to be higher. Assessments for this study are non-invasive and inconvenience is negligible. Extra time required for these measurements is approximately 1 hour per visit (5X).

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Oogziekenhuis Rotterdam

Schiedamse Vest 180 Rotterdam 3011 BH NL

#### Scientific

Oogziekenhuis Rotterdam

Schiedamse Vest 180 Rotterdam 3011 BH NL

## **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

#### Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## **Inclusion criteria**

Age >= 18 years.
Informed consent.
Severe KC needing keratoplasty.

## **Exclusion criteria**

Unable to attend the FU visits.

Mental retardation, including trisomy 21.

Severe progressive glaucoma.

History of retinal surgery, glaucoma surgery or age related macular disease.

Severe nystagmus.

History of surgical correction of astigmatism.

History of corneal or refractive surgery.

# Study design

## **Design**

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Active

Primary purpose: Health services research

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Pending

Start date (anticipated): 01-04-2016

Enrollment: 38

Type: Anticipated

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 17-02-2015

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

ID: 22202 Source: NTR

Title:

## In other registers

Register ID

 CCMO
 NL51078.078.14

 OMON
 NL-OMON22202