

# The effect on fluid restriction adherence by monitoring with the MySleeve device, a randomized controlled trail.

Published: 09-10-2015

Last updated: 19-04-2024

The objective of this study is to achieve better adherence to fluid restriction by providing insight to patient\*s drinking behavior, by using the MySleeve device (MS).

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Pending
<b>Health condition type</b>	Electrolyte and fluid balance conditions
<b>Study type</b>	Observational non invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON42773

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

MySleeve study.

### Condition

- Electrolyte and fluid balance conditions
- Renal disorders (excl nephropathies)

### Synonym

fluid restriction

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Catharina-ziekenhuis

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** NWO (JSTP), Technische Universiteit Eindhoven

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Dialysis, Fluid restriction

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

less IDWG.

### Secondary outcome

Improved sleep quality measured by the activity tracker.

Increased physical activity, measured by the activity tracker.

Evaluation of user experience, and possible suggestions of improvement, of the MySleeve device and the BCM sock at the end of the study.

## Study description

### Background summary

In anuric hemodialysis (HD) patients a fluid restriction of 1L to 1.5L per 24 hours is applied to minimize fluid accumulation between two consecutive dialysis sessions. The amount of fluid accumulated can be estimated by the patients weight before dialysis, minus the weight at the end of the previous dialysis session also called inter-dialysis weight gain (IDWG). High IDWG can lead to symptoms of fluid overload as dyspnea as the result of pulmonary edema, decreased appetite or pain and discomfort due to peripheral edema. It is also associated with lower overall survival in this patients\* group. Due to multiple factors that influence the adherence to fluid restriction, for example thirst, personal habits and social factors, only 30-60% of the HD patients are able to adhere to their fluid restriction.

Hypothesis:

Better adherence to fluid restriction by providing insight in drinking behaviour by using the MySleeve.

### Study objective

The objective of this study is to achieve better adherence to fluid restriction by providing insight to patient\*s drinking behavior, by using the MySleeve

device (MS).

## **Study design**

Randomized controlled trial.

All patients will receive an activity tracker to wear throughout the total study period. Also two questionnaires (one at the beginning and one at the end of the study period) need to be filled out. Also patients participating in this study will receive weekly in-clinic (at the dialysis ward) BCM measurements instead of 2-4 four times per year. Patients randomized for the intervention group will also receive a BCM sock and are asked to perform a daily in-home BCM measurement of approximately two minutes, throughout the total study period of four months. They will also receive the MySleeve vessel with accompanying ceramic cup, to use for all drinks during the intervention period of one month.

The activity tracker is used to observe their activity levels during the study period. Both the BCM sock and activity tracker will only measure data and not present any results to the participants directly.

## **Study burden and risks**

Minimal, only non-invasive measurements are used.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

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## **Trial sites**

## Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

- Prevalent hemodialysis patients with a dialysis vintage of at least 3 months.
- Anuric (defined as a urine output of <300ml over 24hours).
- Hemodynamically stable on dialysis, defined as less than 10% hypotensive episodes during the dialysis sessions.
- On a fluid restriction.
- Age above 18 years of age.
- Experience or ability to use a smart-phone.
- On a salt restricted diet educated by the dietician.
- Informed consent.

### Exclusion criteria

- withdrawal of consent
- acute intercurrent illness (infection, malignancy, cardiovascular event, uncontrolled diabetes)
- physically constrained to use the required devices
- mentally unable to use the required devices

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Observational non invasive
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)

**Primary purpose:** Prevention

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status:	Pending
Start date (anticipated):	01-07-2015
Enrollment:	40
Type:	Anticipated

## Medical products/devices used

Generic name:	Three different devices namely;the My Sleeve device;BCM sock and activity tracker (Fitbit)
Registration:	No

## Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	09-10-2015
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United (Nieuwegein)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

**Register**

CCMO

**ID**

NL53778.100.15