Critical investigation of the mechanisms at work in EMDR: A pilot study

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Ethical review Approved WMO

Status Recruitment stopped

Health condition type Anxiety disorders and symptoms

Study type Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON42958

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Working mechanisms in EMDR

Condition

Anxiety disorders and symptoms

Synonym

Posttraumatic stress disorder; trauma

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Universiteit Utrecht

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van Defensie

Intervention

Keyword: appraisal, EMDR, memory, trauma

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Dysfunctional appraisals of memory recall.

Secondary outcome

Memory vividness and memory emotionality.

Study description

Background summary

Eye movement desensitization and reprocessing (EMDR) is a treatment-of-choice for posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD) in many western countries. However, EMDR is not effective for about one-third of patients, and little is known about its underlying mechanisms. A unique component of EMDR therapy is that patients recall the traumatic memory and engage in horizontal eve movement (EM) simultaneously, which has been shown to add to its efficacy. How can this be explained? In recent years, growing attention has been paid to working memory theory. It holds that EM during recall of a (traumatic) memory causes a competition for limited working memory resources. By consequence, visual imagery becomes less vivid and less emotional. While this theory held up to rigorous testing, it is silent about how the immediate changes in memory phenomenology result in PTSD symptom reduction. Without such explanation, the clinical relevance of the existing knowledge is guestionable. It has been proposed that the empowering experience of holding a diluted traumatic memory in mind changes dysfunctional beliefs about the trauma memory (e.g., *I can now focus on it without becoming upset*). In the current pilot study we will address this hypothesis.

Study objective

The aim is to test whether EM in EMDR contributes to a reduction in dysfunctional beliefs about recalling the traumatic memory. A sample of Dutch veterans diagnosed with PTSD will be tested. During three EMDR treatment sessions we will measure changes in memory vividness and emotionality (typical for experimental research on EMDR) and appraisals of memory recall (unique to

the current research).

Study design

This study will cover the first three EMDR treatment sessions. A first session will provide baseline measurements. The second and third sessions will comprise recall of the trauma memory, one session with EM, the other one without. During each session participants will fill out a series of short questionnaires. By means of a cross-over experimental design for every participant one session (either session two or three, depending on randomized allocation) will be devoid of the eye movement component. As such, participants serve as their own control condition.

Intervention

See "Study design": not applying the eye movements in one of the EMDR treatment sessions can be considered an intervention.

Study burden and risks

Participants have to fill out questionnaires. Filling out the questionnaires may elicit feelings of discomfort as they refer to the trauma memory. There are no risks associated with participation.

Contacts

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Soldiers or veterans who developed PTSD, who are between 18-65 years old, who are eligible for EMDR treatment, and who have signed informed consent.

Exclusion criteria

High risk of suicide; psychotic disorders.

Study design

Design

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Crossover

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 09-03-2017

Enrollment: 26

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 31-01-2017

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Utrecht (Utrecht)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL59801.041.16