A SYNDEMIC BASED LINKAGE TO CARE INTERVENTION FOR HIGH RISK MEN WHO **HAVE SEX WITH MEN**

Published: 02-05-2016 Last updated: 17-04-2024

Primary objective: Does a personalised behaviour intervention comprising of targeted in depth screening on mental health problems and drug use increase help seeking behaviour among MSM who are at high risk for STIs and HIV. Secondary objectives:...

Ethical review Approved WMO

Status Recruitment stopped

Health condition type Bacterial infectious disorders

Study type Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON43470

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title SYN.BAS.IN

Condition

- Bacterial infectious disorders
- Anxiety disorders and symptoms

Synonym

example anxiety disorder, Psychosocial problems

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: GGD Amsterdam

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: SOA-poli 1 - A SYNDEMIC BASED LINKAGE TO CARE INTERVENTION FOR HIGH RISK MEN WHO HAVE SEX WIT ...

25-05-2025

Intervention

Keyword: drug use, Men who have sex with men (MSM), STI

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Help seeking behaviour among MSM who are at high risk for STIs and HIV.

Secondary outcome

change in STI prevalence and risky sex (i.e. condom use, number of partners, recreational drug use during sex).

Study description

Background summary

Men who have sex with men form an important risk group for sexual transmitted infections (STIs) and HIV with 18 to 30% STI prevalence in this group for HIV negative and HIV positive MSM. Besides this high positivity rate, there is a high recurrence of infections in this group. More then 10% of the men who were diagnosed with an STI had new infection within 1 year. Despite motivational interviewing and counseling, risk behavior remains high. Syndemic theory holds that psychosocial problems interact and that they mutually reinforce each other, thereby increasing high risk behaviour. If, however, co-occurring psychosocial problems were assessed and awareness raised, it might decrease high risk behavior.

Study objective

Primary objective: Does a personalised behaviour intervention comprising of targeted in depth screening on mental health problems and drug use increase help seeking behaviour among MSM who are at high risk for STIs and HIV. Secondary objectives: Does a behaviour intervention comprising of targeted in depth screening on mental health problems and drug use change STI prevalence and risky sex (i.e. condom use, number of partners, recreational drug use during sex).

Study design

Study burden and risks

Regular screening will be offered to all participants that will help detecting STIs in an early stage. All participants with infections will be offered treatment and contact tracing according the guidelines used by the STI clinic of Amsterdam.

This study might help participants to gain better access to healthcare for mental health problems and addiction if needed. This could result in improving mental health of participants and eventually in making healthier (sexual) choices. Though we think this study poses no risk, the questionnaires might lead to decompensating which might lead participants to use more drugs and unsafe sex or leave STI healthcare.

This data can be used to improve mental health care reference for MSM.

Contacts

Public

GGD Amsterdam

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Scientific

GGD Amsterdam

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Aae

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

MSM, 18 years or older, sufficient understanding of Dutch or English and

- -2 STIs within 1 year or a PEP treatment in the last 24 months for HIV negative MSM
- -1 STI or unprotected anal intercourse with casual partners in the last 12 months for HIV positive MSM

Exclusion criteria

MSM will be excluded if they are deemed by clinic staff to be unsuited for participation or not able to complete follow-up.

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Primary purpose: Health services research

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 24-08-2016

Enrollment: 145

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 02-05-2016

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL56157.018.16