

Double-blinded, randomised, placebo-controlled, multicentre , Phase IIa study to investigate the effect, safety and tolerability of phosphorylcholine human monoclonal antibody (PC-mAb) 3G10 on arterial inflammation, together with safety and tolerability, in subjects with elevated lipoprotein a (Lp[a])

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Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Coronary artery disorders
Study type	Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON44302

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

ATH-3G10-005

Condition

- Coronary artery disorders
- Vascular disorders NEC

Synonym

arterial inflammation in cardiovascular disease

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Athera Biotechnologies AB

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Industry funding

Intervention

Keyword: arterial inflammation, atherosclerosis, human monoclonal antibody, safety and tolerability

Outcome measures**Primary outcome**

- Change in TEM in monocytes isolated from treated subjects from baseline to visit 11

Secondary outcome

- Change in tissue to background ratio (TBRmax) in common carotid arteries by fluorodeoxyglucose-positron emission tomography/computed tomography (18F-FDG PET/CT) from baseline to Visit 11
- Change in PWV (m/sec) assessed by Sphygmocor Xcel from baseline to Visit 11
- Safety and tolerability: number of AEs/SAEs, vital signs, physical examination, ECG and Laboratory assessments including haematology, clinical chemistry and immunogenicity.

Study description**Background summary**

Inflammation and dyslipidaemia are key factors for the development and progression of atherosclerosis and cardiovascular disease (CVD). Atherosclerotic lesions are characterised by the presence of activated immune cells, which produce pro-inflammatory cytokines, including interleukin-12 (IL-12), IL-18, interferon-gamma and tumour-necrosis factor (TNF) in the lesions. Low density lipoprotein (LDL) plays a major role for these inflammatory reactions in the arterial wall, accelerates the atherogenic process and is a major determinant of plaque instability and increased thrombogenicity. Another pro-inflammatory plasma lipoprotein is lipoprotein (a) (Lp[a]), composed of apolipoprotein (a) bound to apolipoprotein B-100 of LDL-like particles, where several studies show strong, independent and likely causal relationship of increased plasma levels to risk of CVD. Vascular inflammation generates a range of effects, including endothelial dysfunction and migration of white blood cells into the vessel wall, which results in increased risk of cardiovascular events. There are currently no drugs available on the market that are specifically targeting vascular inflammation, which is the target of the compound used in this study.

Study objective

1. The primary objective is to assess the effects of four 250 mg PC-mAB (also referred to as "3G10") once monthly intravenous injections on monocyte function *ex vivo*.

The secondary objectives are to:

1. assess the functional effects of 3G10 on arterial inflammation *in vivo*
2. assess the effects of 3G10 on arterial stiffness
3. assess the safety and tolerability of 3G10

Study design

This is a Phase IIa, prospective, double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled multicentre study investigating the effects of treatment with PC-mAb (3G10) for four monthly intravenous injections/infusions.

Intervention

Subjects will be allocated to receive either 250 mg 3G10 or matching placebo, which are both referred to as IMP.

Each subject will receive monthly intravenous injections for four months.

Study burden and risks

Awaiting the outcome of the study, individual patients might not gain direct "health" benefit from this study.

The results are expected to provide insight into the relation between Lp(a) and changes in the inflammatory activity in the atherosclerotic arteries. The burden and the risk of participating in this study are estimated to be intermediate. The study requires a maximum of 9 visits to the site and 4 phone consultations. The exposure to radiation related to the PET/CT is 9.4 mSv for the 2 PET/CT scans in this study. Maximum blooddraw in the study is below 450 ml (including clinical laboratory assessments).

Subjects should be in fasting state for 2 visits and should withhold from the use of caffeine, alcohol, energydrinks and nicotine before PET/CT visit.

2 MRI examinations will be performed in a subgroup of the population (optional).

PWV (PulseWaveVelocity) analysis will be performed 6x.

Contacts

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

1. Provision of a signed written informed consent
2. Lp(a) above 50 mg/dL at screening
3. Male or female, ≥ 50 years of age at screening

Exclusion criteria

1. History of any clinically significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the Investigator, may either put the subject at risk because of participation in the study, or influence the result or the subject's ability to participate in the study
2. Illness (including common colds) for the last 4 weeks before screening
3. Medical history of myocardial infarction (MI) or stroke within 12 months of screening
4. Ongoing or paroxysmal atrial fibrillation
5. Clinically overt heart failure
6. Hypertension defined as $\geq 180/100$ mmHg
7. Diabetes mellitus

Study design

Design

Study phase:	2
Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Double blinded (masking used)
Control:	Placebo
Primary purpose:	Prevention

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	21-12-2017
Enrollment:	20
Type:	Actual

Medical products/devices used

Product type:	Medicine
Brand name:	PC-mAb

Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	08-08-2017
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC Amsterdam UMC
Approved WMO	
Date:	01-09-2017
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC Amsterdam UMC
Approved WMO	
Date:	10-10-2017
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Amsterdam UMC
Approved WMO	
Date:	11-10-2017
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Amsterdam UMC
Approved WMO	
Date:	26-01-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Amsterdam UMC

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
EudraCT	EUCTR2017-002106-13-NL
CCMO	NL62199.018.17