

# A Phase I, open-label, randomized, two-way crossover study to investigate the effects of morning versus evening repeated dosing on the pharmacokinetics of the combination of GLPG3067, GLPG2222 and GLPG2737 in healthy female subjects.

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- To evaluate the pharmacokinetic (PK) profile of the combination of GLPG3067, GLPG2222, and GLPG2737 following repeated morning versus evening doses given to healthy female subjects - To evaluate the safety and tolerability of the combination of...

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	Other condition
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON44378

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

Study to investigate the combination of GLPG3067, GLPG2222 and GLPG2737

### Condition

- Other condition

### Synonym

Cystic Fibrosis, Mucoviscidosis

## Health condition

Cystische Fibrose

## Research involving

Human

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Galapagos N.V.

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Farmaceutische industrie

## Intervention

**Keyword:** cystic fibrosis, GLPG2222 and GLPG2737, GLPG3067

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

PK parameters (including AUC<sub>tau</sub>, C<sub>max</sub>, and C<sub>24h</sub>) of GLPG3067, GLPG2222, and GLPG2737 in plasma following combined administration of GLPG3067, GLPG2222, and GLPG2737.

### Secondary outcome

Determine safety and tolerability of the combination of GLPG3067, GLPG2222, and GLPG2737 in healthy adult female subjects, assessed by the number of subjects with AEs.

## Study description

### Background summary

Cystic fibrosis (CF) is an autosomal recessive genetic disease caused by mutations in the gene encoding for the cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) protein. CFTR dysfunction results in viscid secretions that are difficult to clear, affecting most exocrine glands, notably the pancreas, intestine, liver, and bile duct. However, most morbidity and mortality results from dehydration of the airway surface liquid and impaired

airway mucociliary clearance, which leads to cycles of bacterial infection, chronic inflammation, bronchiectasis and progressive decline in pulmonary function. GLPG has set up a development program that aims to effectively treat CF by developing a combination therapy composed of multiple CFTR modulators with complementary mode of action.

For further information, reference is made to the introduction of the protocol.

### **Study objective**

- To evaluate the pharmacokinetic (PK) profile of the combination of GLPG3067, GLPG2222, and GLPG2737 following repeated morning versus evening doses given to healthy female subjects
- To evaluate the safety and tolerability of the combination of GLPG3067, GLPG2222, and GLPG2737 given to healthy female subjects

### **Study design**

This study will be performed in up to 10 healthy volunteers.

The study will consist of 2 treatment periods during which the volunteer will receive a combination of GLPG3067, GLPG2222 and GLPG2737 as multiple doses for 7 days in the morning in one treatment period and as multiple doses for 7 days in the evening in the other treatment period. GLPG3067, GLPG2222 and GLPG2737 will be given as oral tablets (GLPG3067 and GLPG2222) or oral capsules (GLPG2737) with 240 mL of water.

For further information, reference is made to the protocol.

### **Intervention**

n.a.

### **Study burden and risks**

There is no direct benefit for the subjects from taking part in the study. The results of the study will provide valuable information for future research. Not all side effects of new compounds, such as GLPG3067, GLPG2222 and GLPG2737 are known. Unexpected side effects might occur.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Galapagos N.V.

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**Scientific**  
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## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

- Female subject between 18-70 years of age, inclusive, on the date of signing the informed consent form (ICF).
- Being of non-childbearing potential, defined as surgically sterile (hysterectomy, bilateral salpingectomy and bilateral oophorectomy), or post-menopausal (at least 12 consecutive months without menstruation, without an alternative medical cause [including hormone replacement therapy]). In addition, a determination of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) must be performed with FSH >35 mIU/mL to further confirm postmenopausal status without menstruation for >12 months. Subjects must have a negative serum pregnancy test. For surgical sterilization, documented confirmation will be requested.
- Having a body mass index (BMI) between 18-30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, inclusive.
- Judged by the investigator to be in good health based upon the results of a medical history, physical examination, vital signs, 12-lead triplicate ECG, and clinical safety laboratory tests prior to the initial study drug administration. Clinical safety laboratory test results must be within the laboratory reference ranges for women, or test results that are outside the reference ranges for women need to be considered non-clinically significant in the opinion of the investigator.;Reference is made to the protocol for a complete overview of the inclusion criteria.

## Exclusion criteria

- Presence or having sequelae of gastrointestinal, liver, kidney, or other conditions known to interfere with the absorption, distribution, metabolism, or excretion of drugs.
  - Creatinine clearance  $\leq 80$  mL/min using the Cockcroft-Gault formula for subjects aged  $\leq 50$  years, or creatinine clearance  $\leq 70$  mL/min using the Cockcroft-Gault formula for subjects aged  $> 50$  years. A 24-hour urine collection to determine the actual value may be performed to confirm creatinine clearance if required.
  - Treatment with any drug known to have a well-defined potential for toxicity to a major organ in the last 3 months or 5 times the half-life of the drug (whichever is longer) before the initial study drug administration.
  - Participation in a drug, drug and device delivery system or combination, or biological investigational research study within 8 weeks or 5 times the half-life of the investigational drug, if the half-life is known (whichever is longer) prior to initial study drug administration.
- ;Reference is made to the protocol for a complete overview of the exclusion criteria.

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Crossover
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Uncontrolled
Primary purpose:	Treatment

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	28-12-2017
Enrollment:	10
Type:	Actual

### Medical products/devices used

Product type:	Medicine
Brand name:	Not applicable
Generic name:	GLPG2222

Product type:	Medicine
Brand name:	Not applicable
Generic name:	GLPG2737

## Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	14-12-2017
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	28-12-2017
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	22-03-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

**Register**

EudraCT

CCMO

**ID**

EUCTR2017-004507-44-NL

NL64055.056.17