Determing the cellular immunophenotype-genotype interactions in pancreatic cancer towards targeted personalized immunotherapies

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The global aim of this project is to determine the immunophenotype-genotype interactions of PC. The novel insights in the molecular genomic and immunological profile of the tumor tissue and metastases are expected to help determine the immune...

Ethical review Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

Health condition type Malignant and unspecified neoplasms gastrointestinal NEC

Study type Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON45339

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Immunophenotype-genotype interactions in pancreatic cancer

Condition

Malignant and unspecified neoplasms gastrointestinal NEC

Synonym

pancreatic cancer, Pancreatic Ductal AdenoCarcinoma

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum

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Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W,ISPIC project part of the Horizon 2020 program Marie Sklodowaska Curie Action-Innovative Training Network funded by the European Commission

Intervention

Keyword: Immunophenotype, Pancreatic cancer, Personalized immunotherapies

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

The main study endpoint consists in determining which immunophenotype-genotype interactions play a dominant role in the pathogenesis of PDAC and if we can therapeutically target these interactions. We will also be able to correlate the immunophenotyping with overall survival thereby conceptualizing an immunoprofile score.

Secondary outcome

NA

Study description

Background summary

The objective treatment response of patients with advanced staged tumors treated with anti-CTLA4, -PD-1, or *PD-L1 antibodies is very encouraging. Most of the current immunotherapies work at least in part by activating the immune system to target the tumor cells. But without knowing the immune competence of a particular patient, such strategies may fail, or work only in a fraction of patients. To date immunotherapies have not shown much promise for patients with Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma(PDAC). This observation suggests that a deeper understanding of the phenotype-genotype interactions and genetic heterogeneity is necessary before one can envision personalized immunotherapeutics.

Study objective

The global aim of this project is to determine the immunophenotype-genotype interactions of PC. The novel insights in the molecular genomic and

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immunological profile of the tumor tissue and metastases are expected to help determine the immune activation within PC patients. This approach helps the development of effective immune therapy in PC and in turn could predict whether patients would benefit from targeted personalized immunotherapies.

Study design

This is a preclinical study with translational focus. The immune Tumor Micro-Environment (TME) of resected pancreatic tumors and associated lymph nodes will be analyzed by mass cytometry and correlated with the analysis of peripheral- and portal vein blood samples of the same patients. Furthermore, Next Generation Sequencing(NGS)-based analysis of tumor genomes and transcriptomes will be performed in order to correlate gene expression and mutation profiles with the immunophenotypes found in the TME.

Study burden and risks

The burden or risks for patients are minimal as studies will be performed on material derived from regular surgical procedures as well as from blood samples collected through venapuncture. We asked the patient enrolled to give 50mL (5 tubes) of blood before the operation and 50 ml(5 tubes) after the operation whilst still in the hospital. Afterwards the collection of blood samples will be combined with the outpatient clinic appointments, so as to not cause any inconvenience for the patients.

Contacts

Public

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Scientific

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Pancreatic cancer tissues and immune cells from patients diagnosed with severl types of pancreatic caner planned to undergo explorative surgery with or without resection.

Exclusion criteria

Severe anemia (Hb<6.0 mmol/L)
Tumors <1 cm

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Prevention

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting
Start date (anticipated): 09-11-2017

Enrollment: 60

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 03-10-2017

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

metc-ldd@lumc.nl

Approved WMO

Date: 06-09-2018

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

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Approved WMO

Date: 09-04-2019

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

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Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL60888.058.17