

# Intraperitoneal infusion of ex vivo cultured allogeneic Natural Killer cells in recurrent ovarian carcinoma patients.

Published: 07-06-2017

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The objective is to evaluate safety, toxicity and expansion of intraperitoneally infused UCB-derived ex vivo-generated NK cells in patients diagnosed with recurrent ovarian cancer. Infusion with and without lymphodepleting chemotherapy will be...

|                              |                                                         |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Ethical review</b>        | Approved WMO                                            |
| <b>Status</b>                | Recruitment stopped                                     |
| <b>Health condition type</b> | Reproductive neoplasms female malignant and unspecified |
| <b>Study type</b>            | Interventional                                          |

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON45699

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

INTRO

### Condition

- Reproductive neoplasms female malignant and unspecified

### Synonym

Ovarian carcinoma

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Radboud Universitair Medisch Centrum

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** KWF

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Immune therapie, Natural Killer cell, Ovarian carcinoma, Recurrence

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Safety and toxicity of intraperitoneal UCB-NK cell infusion in combination with IL-2 support, with versus without a preceding lymphodepleting conditioning regimen

### Secondary outcome

Secondary objectives are in vivo lifespan, proliferation and functional activity of infused NK cells and preliminary effect on peritoneal disease using CA-125 serum levels.

## Study description

### Background summary

Recurrent ovarian carcinoma is incurable, but prolonged survival upon therapy is possible in some patients. The 5-year survival is 46% for all stages of ovarian cancer, and 28% for advanced stage disease. Notably, almost 70% of women with ovarian cancer present with stage III or IV disease for which the rate of recurrence is 70-90%. As most women with relapsed or metastatic cancer will die of progressive disease, there is a medical need for novel therapeutic strategies.

### Study objective

The objective is to evaluate safety, toxicity and expansion of intraperitoneally infused UCB-derived ex vivo-generated NK cells in patients diagnosed with recurrent ovarian cancer. Infusion with and without lymphodepleting chemotherapy will be compared for UCB-NK cell persistence and expansion that is crucial for clinical benefit.

### Study design

Phase 1 safety study in 4 cohorts of 3 patients. The first 3 patients will receive NK cell infusion alone, the second cohort will get NK cell infusion with a preparative chemotherapy regimen. In the extension cohort of 6 patients we will look at NK cell expansion with and without preparative chemotherapy, to be able to decide whether preparative chemotherapy is necessary.

## **Intervention**

Intraperitoneal UCB-NK cell infusion of UCB-NK cells in combination with IL-2 support, with versus without a preceding lymphodepleting conditioning regimen.

## **Study burden and risks**

All patients start with intraperitoneal placement of the IP catheter per laparoscopy in daycare. The first group will be admitted in the hospital for 14 days for chemotherapy and will receive the intraperitoneal NK cell infusion in the same setting. The second group will have the intraperitoneal NK cell infusion in daycare. All patients will be seen for medical checkup, blood collection and peritoneal fluid collection on day 7, 14, 21 and 28, and for the first two on day 56.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

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### **Scientific**

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## **Trial sites**

### **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

Patient with a second recurrence of ovarian cancer, based on increasing CA-125 levels, without symptoms. Patients are included after palliative chemotherapy for their first recurrence. Patients must have a life expectancy of >6 months and are only enrolled after prior given written informed consent. Patients should be able to undergo a laparoscopy.

### Exclusion criteria

Patients with active infections or serious organ failure are excluded. Patients on immunosuppressive drugs and with recent chemotherapy (<28days ago).

## Study design

### Design

**Study type:** Interventional

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 07-06-2019

Enrollment: 12

Type: Actual

### Medical products/devices used

Product type: Medicine

Generic name: Somatic cels allogenic

## Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 07-06-2017

Application type: First submission

Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO

Date: 21-08-2018

Application type: First submission

Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO

Date: 08-10-2018

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO

Date: 24-09-2019

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO

Date: 17-12-2019

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO

Date: 23-04-2020

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO

Date: 30-07-2020

Application type: Amendment

|                    |                                                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Review commission: | CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag) |
| Approved WMO       |                                                            |
| Date:              | 07-12-2020                                                 |
| Application type:  | Amendment                                                  |
| Review commission: | CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag) |
| Approved WMO       |                                                            |
| Date:              | 24-09-2021                                                 |
| Application type:  | Amendment                                                  |
| Review commission: | CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag) |
| Approved WMO       |                                                            |
| Date:              | 04-11-2022                                                 |
| Application type:  | Amendment                                                  |
| Review commission: | CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag) |
| Approved WMO       |                                                            |
| Date:              | 16-11-2022                                                 |
| Application type:  | Amendment                                                  |
| Review commission: | CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag) |

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

ID: 20648  
Source: NTR  
Title:

### In other registers

**Register**

EudraCT

CCMO

OMON

**ID**

EUCTR2016-000299-78-NL

NL60937.000.17

NL-OMON20648

## Study results

Date completed: 28-08-2023

Actual enrolment: 10

**Summary results**

Trial is ongoing in other countries