

# Genetic screening in Parkinson\*s Disease in order to identify patients who can participate in clinical trials with new targeted therapies

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\* Genotyping of the full GBA1 gene in people with Parkinson\*s Disease, assessed as wildtype (GBA-) or containing a mutation (GBA+); the specific mutation will be recorded as well. \* Assessing the presence of 7 known PD-causing mutations in the LRRK2...

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	Movement disorders (incl parkinsonism)
<b>Study type</b>	Observational invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON45734

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

GBA1 and LRRK2 screening

### Condition

- Movement disorders (incl parkinsonism)

### Synonym

movement disorder, Parkinson's disease

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Centre for Human Drug Research

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Centre for Human Drug Research, Clinical Research Organisation, Lysosomal Therapeutics Inc

## Intervention

**Keyword:** GBA1 gene, LRRK2 gene, Parkinson's Disease

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Sequence of the GBA1 gene

Presence of 7 specific mutations in the LRRK2 gene

### Secondary outcome

Database of genotyped PD patients, for future research on PD

## Study description

### Background summary

For the upcoming Phase 1B study (CHDR1710), investigating a possible first-in-class disease modifying drug, 28 Parkinson's disease patients with a GBA1 mutation (PD-GBA+) are needed. This is a mutation that occurs in approximately 5-10% of PD patients. There is no way to phenotypically differentiate between PD patients with and without a GBA1 mutation. In order to identify these patients, a large-scale screening is needed.

Another gene which is known to be involved in the Parkinson's disease process is the LRRK2 gene. This gene is also a possible target for novel treatments, currently being investigated. In order to perform proof-of-concept or efficacy studies of such treatments, a database of genotyped PD patients is important in order to be able to efficiently enroll a relevant subject population.

### Study objective

- \* Genotyping of the full GBA1 gene in people with Parkinson's Disease, assessed as wildtype (GBA-) or containing a mutation (GBA+); the specific mutation will be recorded as well.
- \* Assessing the presence of 7 known PD-causing mutations in the LRRK2 gene in people with Parkinson's Disease, assessed as wildtype (LRRK2-) or containing a mutation (LRRK2+); the specific mutation will be recorded as well.
- \* Storage of DNA, obtained through saliva, for possible further assessments of

genes related to Parkinson's Disease in the future.

## **Study design**

The screening of the GBA1 and LRRK2 gene in people with Parkinson's disease will take place by means of saliva sampling. This can be provided at home through a special saliva kit, which can be returned by mail. Patients will be approached by their treating neurologist by letter with a referral to CHDR if they wish to participate. After the patient has contacted CHDR, a letter with additional information and a saliva kit will be sent to their home. The received saliva will be genotyped at GenomeScan laboratory. Patients with a GBA1 mutation will be contacted to participate in the planned Phase 1B study (CHDR1710). This design will allow a large-scale, non-invasive screening of PD patients with a low patient burden.

## **Study burden and risks**

This study concerns genetic screening of Parkinson's patients to identify those with a GBA1 or LRRK2 mutation. 28 Parkinson's patients are needed for the planned Phase 1B study (CHDR1710) where a possible first-in-class disease modifying drug LTI-291 will be investigated. Similarly, selective LRRK2 kinase inhibitors are being developed and several are about to enter the clinical phase of drug development. To obtain these 28 Parkinson's patients with a GBA1 mutation and to identify patients with a LRRK2 mutation, Parkinson's patients will be approached to donate a saliva sample (an at home kit) to screen the GBA1 and LRRK2 genes. This is a low risk procedure and the burden is minimal.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Centre for Human Drug Research

Lysosomal Therapeutics Inc (LTI) 19 Blackstone St  
Cambridge MA 02139  
NL

### **Scientific**

Centre for Human Drug Research

Lysosomal Therapeutics Inc (LTI) 19 Blackstone St  
Cambridge MA 02139  
NL

## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

1. Signed informed consent prior to any study-mandated procedure;
2. Diagnosis of Parkinson\*s Disease, diagnosed by a neurologist;
3. Has the ability to communicate well with the Investigator in the Dutch language and willing to comply with the study restrictions.

### Exclusion criteria

N/A

## Study design

### Design

**Study type:** Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Other

### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 12-04-2017

Enrollment: 1000  
Type: Actual

## Ethics review

Approved WMO  
Date: 04-04-2017  
Application type: First submission  
Review commission: BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

ID: 23101  
Source: Nationaal Trial Register  
Title:

### In other registers

Register	ID
CCMO	NL61137.056.17