

# A REDUCTION IN TIME WITH ELECTRONIC MONITORING IN STROKE TRIAL (ARTEMIS Trial).

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to reduce the time between sounding alarm by the patient and start of intravenous thrombolysis and/ or intra-arterial trombectomy in patients with acute ischemic stroke. In a side-line study we will elucidate factors that contributed to a delay in...

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	Central nervous system vascular disorders
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON46211

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

ARTEMIS trial

### Condition

- Central nervous system vascular disorders

### Synonym

Stroke; brain infarction

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Neurologie

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Hersenstichting,ZEBRA

## Intervention

**Keyword:** delay, IVT/IAT, stroke, treatment

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

TSD to IAT and TSD to IVT.

### Secondary outcome

- the proportion of patients finally treated with IVT /IAT calculated from:
- the total of patients for whom the ambulance issues a dispatch
- the total of patients transferred to the hospital with suspected stroke
- the total of patients with a final diagnosis of (ischemic) stroke
- functional outcome at three-months measured by telephone with the modified

Rankin scale

## Study description

### Background summary

For the clinical benefit of intravenous thrombolysis (IVT) or intra-arterial thrombectomy (IAT) time is the most crucial factor (time=brain). Reducing the time between stroke onset and treatment is therefore a major goal. The delay from first sounding alarm and the start of treatment with IVT/IAT also called the \*total system delay\* (TSD) depends very much on logistics and how various caregivers in this trajectory work together. A promising method to reduce the TSD is direct visual feedback to caregivers involved with the patient to encourage them to work more efficiently. In order to investigate this, however, it is important to have an accurate registration of the TSD, which is currently lacking.

### Study objective

to reduce the time between sounding alarm by the patient and start of intravenous thrombolysis and/ or intra-arterial thrombectomy in patients with acute ischemic stroke. In a side-line study we will elucidate factors that

contributed to a delay in calling for help by the patient or bystanders.

## **Study design**

First we will set up an electronic and automated way of tracking the TSD. Next we will start a multiregional, multicentre prospective randomized open end-point trial to investigate if direct visual feedback to caregivers reduces the TSD.

## **Intervention**

The intervention is not aimed at the patient but at the caregivers involved in acute stroke: direct visual feedback on the actual treatment delays for the patient they are transferring for IVT/IAT

## **Study burden and risks**

We expect no burden or risk for the patient. The tracking device is already in use at the cardiology department of the Leiden University Medical Centre. Patients have never complained of any inconvenience so far. The wristband they receive up till IVT/IAT has been administered is comparable with the patient identifying wristband they receive. A formal risk assessment did not show any interference with existing medical equipment.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Selecteer

Albinusdreef 2  
Leiden 2333 ZA  
NL

### **Scientific**

Selecteer

Albinusdreef 2  
Leiden 2333 ZA  
NL

## **Trial sites**

## Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

All patients with suspected stroke potentially eligible for IVT and/or IAT for whom the dispatch office send out an ambulance.

### Exclusion criteria

younger than 18 years

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)

**Primary purpose:** Other

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	20-02-2018
Enrollment:	500
Type:	Actual

## Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 12-05-2016

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

metc-ldd@lumc.nl

Approved WMO

Date: 06-07-2017

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

metc-ldd@lumc.nl

Approved WMO

Date: 12-03-2018

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

metc-ldd@lumc.nl

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
ClinicalTrials.gov	NCT02808806

**Register**

CCMO

**ID**

NL56747.058.16