Limited Joint Mobility in upper extremity in type 2 diabetes patients in general practice: A cross sectional study

Published: 23-11-2017 Last updated: 12-04-2024

The objectives of our study are 1) to estimate the prevalence of LJM in patients with diabetes type 2 in The Netherlands, with a special focus on the shoulder.2) to better understand the role of diabetic neuropathy in the development of shoulder...

| Ethical review | Approved WMO |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Status | Recruitment stopped |
| Health condition type | Diabetic complications |
| Study type | Observational non invasive |

Summary

ID

NL-OMON46415

Source ToetsingOnline

Brief title Limited joint mobility in type 2 diabetes

Condition

- Diabetic complications
- Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders NEC

Synonym Limited Joint Mobility; musculoskeletal complaints

Research involving Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Universiteit Maastricht Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W,De externe PhD

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kandidaat;mevr L. Alabdali (arts);is in dienst bij het ministerie van Hoger Onderwijs in Saoedie Arabië en heeft een beurs voor dit onderzoek

Intervention

Keyword: Cross-sectional study, Diabetes, Limited Joint Mobility, Upper extremity

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

1. The prevalence of upper extremity Limited Joint Mobility in patients with

type 2 diabetes;

2. The prevalence of specific shoulder disorders in type 2 diabetes patients

with shoulder pain;

3. The presence of muscle denervation, as a sign of diabetic neuropathy, in

type 2 diabetes patients with shoulder pain.

Secondary outcome

The association between muscle denervation and shoulder disorders in patients

with and without type 2 diabetes

Study description

Background summary

Diabetes is common in the Netherlands, and also shoulder and hand disorders are frequently seen in Dutch general practice. Despite the fact that several international studies concluded that examination of the hand and shoulder should be included in diabetic patients* periodic checks, screening for limited joint mobility (LJM) is not incorporated in the guidelines. Given the relationship between the duration of hyperglycaemia and LJM, the question arises whether LJM is also prevalent in the Dutch diabetes population. If LJM is prevalent, early diagnosis and treatment can reduce pain and functional limitations, allowing for a better control of normal daily activities, self-management and quality of life. Furthermore, the exact pathophysiology of shoulder disorders in diabetes patients remains uncertain, but there is evidence that the shoulder can be affected through two pathophysiological pathways: connective tissue damage and neuropathy. New, in-depth knowledge is needed in order to prevent the development of chronic shoulder pain.

Study objective

The objectives of our study are

1) to estimate the prevalence of LJM in patients with diabetes type 2 in The Netherlands, with a special focus on the shoulder.

2) to better understand the role of diabetic neuropathy in the development of shoulder disorders.

Study design

Observational cross sectional study composed of two phases; the first phase is descriptive and the second phase is analytic.

Study burden and risks

Filling in the questionnaire in phase 1 takes approximately 10-15 minutes. No risks are associated.

In phase 2 the participants spend 30-60 minutes in the research centre (Meditta Medical Centre); the participants undergo a physical examination and ultrasound scanning of the shoulder. All these test are non-invasive and no risks are known. Healthy participants will be examined at their department; this takes 15 minutes.

Contacts

Public Universiteit Maastricht

Debyeplein 1 Maastricht 6229 HA NL **Scientific** Universiteit Maastricht

Debyeplein 1 Maastricht 6229 HA NL

Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Phase 1
Type 2 diabetes
men and women aged 30-70 year
Phase 2
Subjects with shoulder pain for at least four weeks
Matched patients (non-diabetic) with shoulder pain

Exclusion criteria

Inability to fill out the questionnaire or sign the informed consent

Study design

Design

| Study type: Observational non invasive | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Masking: | Open (masking not used) | |
| Control: | Uncontrolled | |
| Primary purpose: | Basic science | |

Recruitment

NL

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| Recruitment status: | Recruitment stopped |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Start date (anticipated): | 19-01-2018 |
| Enrollment: | 2140 |
| Туре: | Actual |

Ethics review

| Approved WMO | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Date: | 23-11-2017 |
| Application type: | First submission |
| Review commission: | METC Z: Zuyderland-Zuyd (Heerlen) |
| Approved WMO | |
| Date: | 25-04-2018 |
| Application type: | Amendment |
| Review commission: | METC Z: Zuyderland-Zuyd (Heerlen) |
| Approved WMO | |
| Date: | 30-08-2018 |
| Application type: | Amendment |
| Review commission: | METC Z: Zuyderland-Zuyd (Heerlen) |

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register CCMO ID NL63328.096.17

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