Functional and structural brain development in extremely preterm infants

Published: 28-11-2018 Last updated: 24-05-2024

The main objectives are: to determine whether early and serial EEG brain monitoring, is a bedside biomarker for later structural brain maturation and microstructural brain development and to examine whether serially EEG-measured brain function is...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruiting
Health condition type	Neonatal and perinatal conditions
Study type	Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON46545

Source ToetsingOnline

Brief title early brain activity and brain development

Condition

• Neonatal and perinatal conditions

Synonym

preterm brain development/brain growth; preterm EEG/preterm brain activity

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Neonatologie Source(s) of monetary or material Support: ESPR

Intervention

Keyword: brain development, EEG, neonatal brain

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Main study parameters/endpoints: the main study parameters are: the

individuation of the principal EEG parameters able to predict brain development

and long term outcome in extremely preterm infants.

Secondary outcome

n.a.

Study description

Background summary

Survival of extremely preterm infants (born <=28 weeks of gestation) has improved over the last decades, but the high incidence of abnormal neurodevelopmental outcome remains a reason for concern. The origin of brain impairment in preterm infants, may be found in the last trimester of gestation. This critical period for brain development, is spent in the neonatal intensive care unit, where infants are ventilated for respiratory distress, often experiencing hemodynamic instability and infections. Early and non-invasive prediction of neurodevelopmental outcome, using specific and reliable biomarkers for brain development, will be of outmost importance for clinicians to improve short and long term outcome in this vulnerable population. We hypothesize that early and repeated EEG brain monitoring, may be predictive of 1) later brain maturation and microstructure, assessed using conventional MRI and diffusion tensor imaging (DTI), 2) later brain function assessed with resting-state functional MRI (rsfMRI), and 3) long-term neurodevelopmental outcome.

Study objective

The main objectives are: to determine whether early and serial EEG brain monitoring, is a bedside biomarker for later structural brain maturation and microstructural brain development and to examine whether serially EEG-measured brain function is related to subsequent resting-state functional MRI (rsfMRI)

data. The secondary objective is to investigate the relation between the most relevant brain function parameters, predicted by EEG, and long-term neurodevelopmental outcome in extremely preterm infants.

Study design

Study design: Prospective observational cohort study

Study burden and risks

The population of neonates who are likely to participate in this clinical investigation are high risk, intensive care patients but there are no additional risks envisaged with their participation in the Clinical Investigation. The risk analysis will be updated (if necessary) during the Clinical Investigation. The study can only be done using extremely preterm born patients since we want to investigate brain development and the risks linked to preterm birth.

Contacts

Public Selecteer

Lundlaan 6 Frederikastraat 13 Utrecht 3574CR NL **Scientific** Selecteer

Lundlaan 6 Frederikastraat 13 Utrecht 3574CR NL

Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age Children (2-11 years)

Inclusion criteria

-born at the Wilhelmina children hospital <28 weeks corrected gestational age -consent signed from parents of day 1 after birth

Exclusion criteria

-congenital malformations -suspected or proved genetic disorders -suspected or proven metabolic diseases -no parental/guardian consent

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive		
Masking:	Open (masking not used)	
Control:	Uncontrolled	
Primary purpose:	Diagnostic	

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	10-05-2019
Enrollment:	120
Туре:	Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date:
Application type:
Review commission:

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register CCMO **ID** NL65406.041.18