Feasibility of wireless cardio-respiratory monitoring with a belt in preterm infants

Published: 05-03-2020 Last updated: 19-08-2024

The objective of this explorative study is to determine the feasibility of measuring dEMG with a belt in preterm and term born infants during routine caregiving. Feasibility is confirmed when heart rate and respiratory rate reach a predefined level...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Other condition
Study type	Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON49716

Source ToetsingOnline

Brief title Wireless monitoring with a belt in preterm infants

Condition

• Other condition

Synonym Cardio-respiratory status, premature infants

Health condition

Monitoring van ademhalingsfrequentie en hartfrequentie in neonaten

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Academisch Medisch Centrum **Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Bambi Medical B.V.

Intervention

Keyword: Diaphragmatic EMG, Monitoring, Preterm infants, Wireless

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

The feasibility of measuring dEMG using a belt based on acceptability of the

level of agreement with CI

Secondary outcome

Skin condition when wearing the belt as rated by nurses

Study description

Background summary

In preterm infants, heart rate, ECG and respiration monitoring is performed using adhesive electrodes. These electrodes can damage the skin, and the wires they are attached to impede parent-infant interaction. These problems may be solved by a non-adhesive, wireless belt able to perform cardiorespiratory monitoring in neonates. Such a belt is currently being developed by Bambi Medical B.V. The belt uses the technique of diaphragmatic electromyography (dEMG) to accomplish cardiorespiratory monitoring, a recently introduced (via adhesive electrodes) monitoring technique in the neonatal intensive care unit (NICU), because it has the potential to improve respiratory and apnea monitoring over traditional chest impedance (CI) monitoring, by providing direct insight in breathing effort of the infant. dEMG monitoring might guide the optimal choice of respiratory support. It can provide both a heart rate, ECG, and respiratory rate and as such this technique could potentially replace CI monitoring. However, to date the feasibility of obtaining a dEMG signal with a belt has not been studied.

Study objective

The objective of this explorative study is to determine the feasibility of

2 - Feasibility of wireless cardio-respiratory monitoring with a belt in preterm inf ... 7-05-2025

measuring dEMG with a belt in preterm and term born infants during routine caregiving. Feasibility is confirmed when heart rate and respiratory rate reach a predefined level of agreement between the wireless belt and standard electrode monitoring.

Study design

Prospective observational study design

Study burden and risks

The results of this study will have no direct benefit to the patient because the study is observational. The dEMG recordings are not available for guiding care. This is a non-invasive, observational study in which infants will wear an additional monitoring device with a minimal risk of skin irritation. This study needs to be conducted in infants, since this is the population of intended use for the new monitoring device.

Contacts

Public Academisch Medisch Centrum

Meibergdreef 9 Amsterdam 1105AZ NL **Scientific** Academisch Medisch Centrum

Meibergdreef 9 Amsterdam 1105AZ NL

Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

3 - Feasibility of wireless cardio-respiratory monitoring with a belt in preterm inf ... 7-05-2025

Eligibility criteria

Age Children (2-11 years)

Inclusion criteria

Gestational age 26 * 42 weeks Written parental informed consent

Exclusion criteria

Chest skin lesions preventing placement of electrode belt Congenital anomalies

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive		
Masking:	Open (masking not used)	
Control:	Uncontrolled	
Primary purpose:	Diagnostic	

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	14-09-2020
Enrollment:	30
Туре:	Actual

Medical products/devices used

Generic name:	Bambi Belt
Registration:	No

Ethics review

Approved WMO Date: Application type: Review commission:

05-03-2020 First submission METC Amsterdam UMC

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register CCMO **ID** NL72488.018.20