

A phase III randomised, double-blind trial to evaluate efficacy and safety of once daily empagliflozin 10 mg compared to placebo, in patients with chronic Heart Failure with reduced Ejection Fraction (HFrEF).

Published: 30-01-2017

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The objective of this event-driven trial is to demonstrate superiority of empagliflozin 10 mg versus placebo on top of guideline-directed medical therapy in patients with symptomatic, chronic HF and reduced ejection fraction (LVEF \leq 40%).

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Heart failures
Study type	Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON49744

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

EMPEROR- REDUCED (1245-121)

Condition

- Heart failures

Synonym

Chronic Heart Failure with reduced Ejection Fraction

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Boehringer Ingelheim International GmbH

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: the pharmaceutical industry

Intervention

Keyword: Efficacy, Empagliflozin, Heart failure, Safety

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

The composite primary endpoint for this trial is the time to first event of adjudicated

CV death or adjudicated HHF in patients with HFrEF.

Secondary outcome

Key secondary endpoints which are part of the testing strategy, are the following;

- * Occurrence of adjudicated HHF (first and recurrent)
- * eGFR (CKD-EPI)cr slope of change from baseline

Other secondary endpoints are:

- * Time to first occurrence of chronic dialysis or renal transplant or sustained reduction of *40% eGFR (CKD-EPI) or
- * sustained eGFR (CKD-EPI)cr <15 mL/min/1.73 m² for patients with baseline eGFR *30 mL/min/1.73 m²

Chronic dialysis is regarded as chronic if the frequency of dialysis is twice or more per week for at least 90 days.

- * sustained eGFR (CKD-EPI)cr <10 mL/min/1.73 m² for patients with

baseline eGFR <30 mL/min/1.73 m²

- * Time to first adjudicated HHF
- * Time to adjudicated CV death
- * Time to all-cause mortality
- * Time to onset of diabetes mellitus (DM) in patients with pre-DM
- * Change from baseline in clinical summary score (HF symptoms and physical limitations domains) of the KCCQ at week 52
- * Occurrence of all-cause hospitalisation (first and recurrent)

Study description

Background summary

Chronic heart failure (HF) is a progressive syndrome characterised by the inability of the heart to provide adequate blood supply to meet the metabolic demand of different tissues or do it at the expense of elevated left ventricle filling pressure. HF is a prevalent disease affecting an estimated 26 million people worldwide. In the United States alone the prevalence is 5.7 million, and there are 670,000 new cases per year. HF is associated with premature mortality and frequent hospitalisation. Approximately 50% of patients who develop HF die within 5 years after diagnosis. Annually, more than 1 million patients are hospitalised with a primary diagnosis of HF. Two types of HF have been defined mainly based on the LV ejection fraction (EF) and also other structural changes in heart muscle. They consist of heart failure with reduced EF (HFrEF) <40% and heart failure with preserved EF (HFpEF) ≥40%.

About 25 to 45% of patients with HF have concomitant type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM), and nearly 15-25% have borderline DM (pre-diabetes), indicating a potential link between the HF syndromes and glucometabolic disturbances.

Empagliflozin is an orally available inhibitor of the renal dependent glucose co-transporter 2 (SGLT-2) indicated for, reduction of blood glucose in patients with T2DM by promoting urinary glucose excretion. It also reduces blood pressure, arterial stiffness and measures of the myocardial workload, likely through various mechanisms, as well as improving other CV risk factors (uric

acid, visceral fat mass, albuminuria)

Study objective

The objective of this event-driven trial is to demonstrate superiority of empagliflozin 10 mg versus placebo on top of guideline-directed medical therapy in patients with symptomatic, chronic HF and reduced ejection fraction (LVEF * 40%).

Study design

This randomised, double-blind, multi-national, parallel group trial compares empagliflozin 10 mg once daily to placebo as add-on to standard of care treatment in patients with HFrEF.

Intervention

- * 4-21 days screening period
- * Approximately 20-38 months double-blind treatment until the required number of adjudicated primary events is reached with empagliflozin or placebo
- * Follow-up visit 30 days after end of treatment

The trial will continue until required number of adjudicated primary endpoint events have occurred to be able to comply with the objective of the trial.

Subjects will be treated with empagliflozin or placebo tablets once daily

Study burden and risks

Possible side effects:

- Hypoglycaemia
- Major hypoglycaemia (events requiring assistance)
- Urinary tract infection
- Vaginal moniliasis, vulvovaginitis, balanitis and other genital infection
- Increased urination
- Volume depletion
- Blood creatinine increased and glomerular filtration rate decreased

Possible side effects are described in the Investigators Brochure.

Contacts

Public

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

* Patients with chronic HF diagnosed for at least 3 months before Visit 1, and currently in HF NYHA class II-IV

* Chronic HF with reduced EF defined as LVEF \leq 40% per local reading (obtained under stable condition echocardiography, radionuclide

ventriculography, invasive angiography, MRI or CT). A historical LVEF

may be used if it was measured within 6 months prior to visit 1 or the

LVEF may be measured after study consent has been obtained. The LVEF

must be documented in an official report prior to randomization.

- In addition to LVEF \leq 40%, patients must have at least one of the following evidence of HF:

- If EF \leq 36 to \leq 40: Elevated NT-proBNP at Visit 1 \geq 2500 pg/ml for patients without AF, OR \geq 5000 pg/ml for patients with AF, analysed at the Central Laboratory,

- If EF \leq 31 to \leq 35: Elevated NT-proBNP at Visit 1 \geq 1000 pg/ml for patients without AF, OR \geq 2000 pg/ml for patients with AF, analysed at the Central Laboratory,

- If EF \leq 30%: Elevated NT-proBNP at Visit 1 \geq 600 pg/ml for patients without AF, OR \geq 1200 pg/ml for patients with AF, analysed at the Central Laboratory

* Appropriate dose of medical therapy for HF (such as ACEi, ARB, β -blocker, oral diuretics, MRA, ARNI, ivabradine) and appropriate device therapy, consistent with prevailing CV guidelines, stable for at least 1 week prior to Visit 1(screening) and during screening period

until Visit 2 (Randomisation) with the exception of diuretics stable for only one week prior to Visit 2 to control symptoms. The investigator must document the reason why patient not on target dose per local guidelines. ;* Appropriate use of medical devices such as cardioverter defibrillator (ICD) or a cardiac resynchronization therapy (CRT) consistent with prevailing local or international CV guidelines, unless it is implanted within 3 months prior to Visit 1, or if there is an intent to implant ICD or CRT

* eGFR * 20 mL/min/1.73m² at Visit 1

Exclusion criteria

- * Myocardial infarction (increase in cardiac enzymes in combination with symptoms of ischaemia or newly developed ischaemic ECG changes), coronary artery bypass graft surgery, or other major cardiovascular surgery, stroke or TIA in past 90 days prior to Visit 1
- * Heart transplant recipient, or listed for heart transplant
- * Currently implanted left ventricular assist device (LVAD)
- * Cardiomyopathy based on infiltrative diseases (e.g. amyloidosis), accumulation diseases (e.g. haemochromatosis, Fabry disease), muscular dystrophies, cardiomyopathy with reversible causes (e.g. stress cardiomyopathy), hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy or known pericardial constriction
- * Any severe (obstructive or regurgitant) valvular heart disease, expected to lead to surgery during the trial in the investigator's opinion
- * Acute decompensated HF (exacerbation of chronic HF) requiring i.v. diuretics, i.v. inotropes, or i.v. vasodilators, or LVAD within 1 week from discharge to Visit 1 (Screening) and during screening period until Visit 2 (Randomisation)
- * Atrial fibrillation or atrial flutter with a resting heart rate >110 bpm documented by ECG at Visit 2 (Randomisation)
- * Untreated ventricular arrhythmia with syncope in patients without ICD documented within the 3 months prior to Visit 1
- * Diagnosis of cardiomyopathy induced by chemotherapy or peripartum within the 12 months prior to Visit 1
- * Symptomatic bradycardia or second or third degree heart block without a pacemaker after adjusting beta-blocker therapy, if appropriate

Study design

Design

Study phase:	3
Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial

Masking:	Double blinded (masking used)
Control:	Placebo
Primary purpose:	Treatment

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	18-04-2017
Enrollment:	161
Type:	Actual

Medical products/devices used

Product type:	Medicine
Brand name:	Jardiance
Generic name:	Empagliflozin
Registration:	Yes - NL outside intended use

Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	30-01-2017
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)

Approved WMO	
Date:	18-04-2017
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)

Approved WMO	
Date:	08-06-2017
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)

Approved WMO	
Date:	25-07-2017

Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO Date:	12-09-2017
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO Date:	24-10-2017
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO Date:	20-11-2017
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO Date:	23-01-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO Date:	12-03-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO Date:	04-06-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO Date:	05-06-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)

Approved WMO	
Date:	08-08-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	28-09-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	17-10-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	20-11-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	22-11-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	01-04-2019
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	02-04-2019
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	13-01-2020
Application type:	Amendment

Review commission:

BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek
(Assen)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
EudraCT	EUCTR2016-002280-34-NL
CCMO	NL59668.056.17