

Failing maternal-fetal tolerance in SLE: finding the molecular mechanisms behind pregnancy complications

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Primary Objective: Delineate the differences in cellular composition and function at the maternal-fetal interface in patients with SLE compared to healthy women
Secondary Objectives: - Establish a novel in-vitro model to study cell-cell interaction at...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruiting
Health condition type	Autoimmune disorders
Study type	Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON50311

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Mechanisms behind pregnancy complications in SLE

Condition

- Autoimmune disorders
- Pregnancy, labour, delivery and postpartum conditions

Synonym

pregnancy complications in lupus, pregnancy complications in SLE (Systemic Lupus Erythematosus)

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Amsterdam UMC

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W, Foundation for Research in Rheumatology (FOREUM)

Intervention

Keyword: Autoimmunity, Immunological tolerance, Pregnancy, SLE

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

The main study parameters are the differences in the profile and function of stromal and immune cells from the placenta of healthy pregnancies, uncomplicated SLE pregnancies and complicated SLE pregnancies.

Secondary outcome

A secondary study parameter is the establishment of an in vitro organoid-based model for the maternal-fetal interface.

Study description

Background summary

Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) predominantly affects women during their childbearing years, whose pregnancies are characterized by a strongly increased risk for potentially life-threatening maternal complications (e.g. pre-eclampsia, placental abruption) and adverse fetal outcomes (e.g. preterm delivery, growth restriction, fetal death). This severely impacts the physical and mental health of women with SLE and their children. To better predict and improve the outcomes of SLE pregnancies, understanding the underlying biological processes is essential.

Study objective

Primary Objective:

Delineate the differences in cellular composition and function at the maternal-fetal interface in patients with SLE compared to healthy women

Secondary Objectives:

- Establish a novel in-vitro model to study cell-cell interaction at the maternal-fetal interface

- Identify potential peripheral blood biomarkers associated with failing maternal-fetal tolerance

Study design

This is a prospective cohort study where participants will be asked to participate during the first trimester of pregnancy. Three times during pregnancy, one time <48 hours before delivery, and one time after birth 45 ml extra blood will be drawn and after birth their placenta*s will be collected.

Study burden and risks

The blood will be drawn simultaneously with the blood drawn for routine patient care. Only if this in exceptional circumstances is not possible will there be an additional blood collection for this study. The placenta will be collected after birth and poses no burden for the participant. Therefore, there is negligible extra risk of participation in this study.

Contacts

Public

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Inclusion criteria

Age 18 years or older

Antenatal care and delivery in the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology of Amsterdam UMC

Patients diagnosed with SLE

Signed informed consent

Exclusion criteria

Persons unable to give informed consent

Healthy controls: diagnosis with systemic inflammatory disease, or malignant disease.

Multifetal pregnancy

Study design

Design

Study type:	Observational invasive
Intervention model:	Other
Allocation:	Non-randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Active
Primary purpose:	Basic science

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	06-07-2022
Enrollment:	88

Type:

Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date:

02-02-2022

Application type:

First submission

Review commission:

METC Amsterdam UMC

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register

ID

CCMO

NL80125.018.21