

# SARS-CoV2 vaccination and activation of the coagulation system

Published: 24-03-2021

Last updated: 05-04-2024

To explore the change in circulating biomarkers of activation of the coagulation system before and after SARS-CoV2 vaccination (AstraZeneca).

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	Viral infectious disorders
<b>Study type</b>	Observational invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON51038

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

COCOS

### Condition

- Viral infectious disorders
- Embolism and thrombosis

### Synonym

covid-19, thrombosis

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Academisch Medisch Centrum

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Ministerie van OC&W

## Intervention

**Keyword:** AstraZeneca, SARS-CoV2, Thromboembolic complications

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

The primary outcome is the presence of coagulation factor-inhibitor complexes above detection levels in peripheral blood:

- TAT (Thrombin Antithrombin complex)
- Pka:C1Inhibitor
- FXIa:a1AT
- FXIa:C1 Inhibitor
- FXIa:AT
- FIXa:AT
- FVIIa:AT

### Secondary outcome

Secondary parameters are:

- D-dimer and inflammatory cytokines (TNF-alpha and IL-6)

## Study description

### Background summary

It has been well established that increased D-dimer levels correlate with poor outcome after COVID-19 and thrombotic complications are frequent complications in patients during the acute and recovery phase of COVID-19 disease. Markers of coagulation activation are increased during Covid-19 dependent on severity. Unpublished data from our group show that ~3 months after COVID-19 infection the same complexes of coagulation factors and their inhibitors in circulating blood are still increased in 40-50% of all patients (paper in preparation). Recently, the vaccination program with SARS-CoV2 (AstraZeneca) was discontinued

in several European countries including the Netherlands because of a possible relationship with some severe cases of thrombosis combined with thrombopenia. The question arises whether SARS-CoV2 vaccination can induce activation of the coagulation system. To explore this question we propose an explorative, observational cohort study in patients undergoing SARS-Cov2 vaccination (AstraZeneca) in Groesbeek once the nationwide vaccination program continues in the Netherlands (planned March 28th).

### **Study objective**

To explore the change in circulating biomarkers of activation of the coagulation system before and after SARS-CoV2 vaccination (AstraZeneca).

### **Study design**

An explorative, observational cohort study including patients undergoing SARS-CoV2 vaccination (AstraZeneca). The COCOS study is initiated by and will be conducted by the Radboudumc. Participants are recruited from the general practice Paulus Potter (Groesbeek, the Netherlands).

### **Study burden and risks**

Patients will be invited for venous blood sampling just before vaccination and 24-48 hours after vaccination at Pharmacy Groesbeek. Venous blood sampling can cause a temporary uncomfortable sensation and/or bruising.

## **Contacts**

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## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

In order to be eligible to participate in this study, a subject must meet all of the following criteria:

- adult patients (age > 18 years)
- obtained written informed consent

### Exclusion criteria

A potential subject who meets any of the following criteria will be excluded from participation in this study:

- patients with Down syndrome
- patients with known coagulation disorders
- patients on anticoagulants (vitamin K antagonist, low-molecular weight heparin or direct oral anticoagulants)

## Study design

### Design

Study phase:	4
Study type:	Observational invasive
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 19-04-2021

Enrollment: 40

Type: Actual

## Medical products/devices used

Product type: Medicine

Brand name: COVID-19 Vaccine AstraZeneca

## Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 24-03-2021

Application type: First submission

Review commission: CMO regio Arnhem-Nijmegen (Nijmegen)

Approved WMO

Date: 01-04-2021

Application type: First submission

Review commission: CMO regio Arnhem-Nijmegen (Nijmegen)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register	ID
EudraCT	EUCTR2021-001655-13-NL
CCMO	NL77323.091.21

## Study results

Date completed:	31-05-2021
Actual enrolment:	40