

# Global, Multicenter, and Prospective Post-Market Clinical Follow-Up Study of the G7® Acetabular System with Vivacit-E® and Longevity® Highly Crosslinked Polyethylene (HXLPE) Liners & Instrumentation

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The main objectives of this study are to confirm the long-term safety, performance, and clinical benefits of the G7 Acetabular Shells when used with the Vivacit-E and Longevity HXLPE liners and instrumentation in primary and revision total hip...

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruiting
<b>Health condition type</b>	Joint disorders
<b>Study type</b>	Observational non invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON51238

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

G7 acetabular system with Highly Crosslinked Polyethylene (HXLPE) inlay

### Condition

- Joint disorders

### Synonym

hip arthritis, hip wear

### Research involving

Human

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Zimmer-Biomet

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Zimmer-Biomet

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Acetabular System, Highly Crosslinked Polyethylene, Liner, Total hip arthroplasty

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

The primary endpoint is defined by the survival of the implant system at 10 years which is based on removal or intended removal of the study device and will be determined using Kaplan Meier method. The safety of the system will be assessed by monitoring the frequency and incidence of adverse events. Relation of the events to implant, instrumentation and/or procedure should be specified.

### Secondary outcome

The secondary endpoint is defined by the functional performance and clinical benefits of the study device and is assessed by:

- Pain and functional performance will be measured by the Modified Harris Hip Score, and Physical Exam (up to 5 years), and the Oxford Hip Score (up to 10 years);
- Subject quality-of-life will be measured by the EQ-5D-5L (up to 10 years);
- Radiographs will be evaluated (up to 5 years) for radiolucency, osteolysis, atrophy, hypertrophy, component migration, device fracture, heterotopic ossification, etc.

# Study description

## Background summary

Degenerative diseases or trauma of the hip can cause pain and disability. When conservative treatments like steroids and/or pain-medication have failed, a hip replacement can be performed as an alternative treatment. This is a surgical procedure, during which the affected joint is replaced by an artificial hip implant (prosthesis). There are many different implants available, one is called the G7 Acetabular System from Zimmer Biomet. The implant is available in different sizes, which allows the investigator to find the right size for your anatomy. If you decide to take part in the study, you will help the investigator, as well as Zimmer Biomet, to provide the scientific basis for a continuous improvement in the treatment of patients with degenerative diseases or trauma of the hip.

## Study objective

The main objectives of this study are to confirm the long-term safety, performance, and clinical benefits of the G7 Acetabular Shells when used with the Vivacit-E and Longevity HXLPE liners and instrumentation in primary and revision total hip arthroplasty:

The primary endpoint is defined by the survival of the implant system at 10 years, which is based on removal or intended removal of the study device and will be determined using Kaplan Meier method. The safety of the system will be assessed by monitoring the frequency and incidence of adverse events. Relation of the events to implant, instrumentation and/or procedure should be specified. The secondary endpoints are the assessment of performance and clinical benefits by recording patient-reported clinical outcomes measures (PROMs) as well as radiographic outcomes (if available).

## Study design

Global, Multicenter, Prospective, Non-randomized, Consecutive series of patients, Dual cohort study

## Study burden and risks

In this study, patients do not experience any additional burden and / or risk. The only risk, is the same risks that patients receive also with regular care. Risks such as the surgical procedure, postoperative infections and loosening of the prosthesis can occur in both study contexts and regular care. Patients return at the same check-up times with questionnaires and X-rays, both in the study and in regular care.

## Contacts

### Public

Zimmer-Biomet

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Zug 6300

CH

### Scientific

Zimmer-Biomet

Zaehlerweg 4

Zug 6300

CH

## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

- Patient must be a legal adult who has reached full skeletal maturity;
- Patient must be treated for one of the following indications;
  - o Noninflammatory degenerative joint disease including osteoarthritis and avascular necrosis;
  - o Rheumatoid arthritis;
  - o Correction of functional deformity;
  - o Treatment of non-union, femoral neck fracture and trochanteric fractures of the proximal femur with head involvement, unmanageable by other techniques;
  - o Revision procedures where other treatment or devices have failed
- Patient must be able and willing to complete the protocol required follow-up visits;
- Patient must be able and willing to sign the IRB/EC approved informed

consent.

## Exclusion criteria

- Patient presents with osteoporosis, which in the opinion of the Principal Investigator, may limit the subject's ability to support total hip arthroplasty using the study device;
- Patient has a metabolic disorder that may impair bone formation;
- Patient has osteomalacia;
- Patient has distant foci of infections which may spread to the implant site or patient with infection, sepsis or osteomyelitis;
- Patient has rapid joint destruction, marked bone loss or bone resorption apparent on roentgenogram;
- Patient has a vascular insufficiency, muscular atrophy, or neuromuscular disease;
- Patient is a current alcohol or drug abuser;
- Uncooperative patient or patient with neurologic disorders who is incapable or unwilling to follow directions;
- Patient is pregnant.

## Study design

### Design

**Study type:** Observational non invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

Start date (anticipated): 09-05-2022

Enrollment: 50

Type: Actual

### Medical products/devices used

Generic name: G7® Acetabular System with Vivacit-E® and Longevity®

Registration: Highly Crosslinked Polyethylene  
Yes - CE intended use

## Ethics review

Approved WMO  
Date: 04-11-2021  
Application type: First submission  
Review commission: METC Z: Zuyderland-Zuyd (Heerlen)  
Approved WMO  
Date: 19-03-2024  
Application type: Amendment  
Review commission: METC Z: Zuyderland-Zuyd (Heerlen)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
ClinicalTrials.gov	NCT03456622
CCMO	NL76141.096.21