

# A Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of ABBV-154 in Subjects with Moderately to Severely Active Crohn's Disease (CD): AIM-CD

Published: 29-11-2021

Last updated: 25-03-2025

The primary objective of the study is to assess the efficacy, safety, and tolerability of ABBV 154 in comparison with placebo in subjects with moderately to severely active CD who had inadequate response to or were intolerant of prior biologics.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Completed
<b>Health condition type</b>	Gastrointestinal inflammatory conditions
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON51296

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

AIM-CD

### Condition

- Gastrointestinal inflammatory conditions
- Autoimmune disorders

### Synonym

Crohn's Disease, enteritis regionalis

### Research involving

Human

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** AbbVie Deutschland GmbH & Co. KG

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** AbbVie

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Adalimumab, Crohn's Disease, Glucocorticoid receptor modulator

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

The primary endpoint is the achievement of endoscopic response at Week 12 in the Induction Period defined as a decrease in Simple Endoscopic Score for Crohn's Disease (SES-CD17)  $> 50\%$  from Baseline (or for subjects with isolated ileal disease and a Baseline SES-CD of 4, at least a 2-point reduction from Baseline).

### Secondary outcome

- Achievement of clinical remission per Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) at Week 12 in the Induction Period defined as  $CDAI < 150$ .
- Achievement of clinical remission per average daily liquid or very soft stool frequency (SF) and average daily abdominal pain (AP) score (SF/AP) at Week 12 in the Induction Period defined as average daily liquid or very soft SF  $\leq 2.8$  and not worse than Baseline AND average daily AP score  $\leq 1$  and not worse than Baseline.
- Achievement of endoscopic response per SES-CD at Week 40 in the Maintenance Period.
- Achievement of clinical remission per CDAI at Week 40 in the Maintenance Period.

- Achievement of clinical remission per SF/AP at Week 40 in the Maintenance Period.

## Study description

### Background summary

Crohn's disease (CD) is a long-lasting condition causing inflammation that can affect any part of the gut. CD may cause tiredness, loose stools with or without bleeding, abdominal pain, weight loss, and fever. This study evaluates how safe and effective ABBV-154 is in participants treated for moderately to severely active CD.

Adverse events and change in the disease activity will be assessed.

### Study objective

The primary objective of the study is to assess the efficacy, safety, and tolerability of ABBV 154 in comparison with placebo in subjects with moderately to severely active CD who had inadequate response to or were intolerant of prior biologics.

### Study design

Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Study

### Intervention

The study is comprised of a 12-week double-blind, placebo-controlled induction period, followed by either a 12-week double-blind re-induction period for non-responders or a 40-week double-blind placebo-controlled maintenance period for responders. In the maintenance period, responders will be randomized to receive subcutaneous placebo or ABBV-154 in 2 different doses every other week. Participants in the placebo group who are initial responders will receive ABBV-154 in the maintenance period.

### Study burden and risks

There may be higher treatment burden for participants in this trial compared to their standard of care due to study procedures. Participants will attend regular visits during the study at a hospital or clinic. The effect of the treatment will be checked by medical assessments, blood tests, checking for side effects and completing questionnaires.

## Contacts

### Public

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Ludwigshafen 67061  
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### Scientific

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## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

1. Male or female between 18 and 75 years of age inclusive at the time of Screening.
2. Confirmed diagnosis of CD for at least 3 months prior to Baseline of the Induction Period.
3. CDAI score 220 to 450 at Baseline of the Induction Period.
4. Endoscopic evidence of mucosal inflammation as documented by an SES-CD of  $\geq 6$  for ileocolonic or colonic disease or SES-CD of  $\geq 4$  for isolated ileal disease as scored by a central reader. All eligible scores must exclude the presence of narrowing component.
5. Demonstrated intolerance or inadequate response to one or more of the following biologic agents: infliximab, adalimumab, certolizumab pegol,

vedolizumab, natalizumab, or ustekinumab.

## Exclusion criteria

1. Subjects with prior intolerance to adalimumab are not eligible to enroll.
2. Subjects who discontinued biologic agents only for reasons other than inadequate response or intolerance (e.g., change of insurance) are not eligible to enroll.

## Study design

### Design

Study phase:	2
Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Double blinded (masking used)
Control:	Placebo
Primary purpose:	Treatment

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Completed
Start date (anticipated):	20-09-2022
Enrollment:	6
Type:	Actual

### Medical products/devices used

Product type:	Medicine
Brand name:	ABBV-154
Generic name:	ABBV-154

## Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 29-11-2021

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Brabant (Tilburg)

Approved WMO

Date: 10-03-2022

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Brabant (Tilburg)

Approved WMO

Date: 23-03-2022

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Brabant (Tilburg)

Approved WMO

Date: 18-07-2022

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Brabant (Tilburg)

Approved WMO

Date: 25-07-2022

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Brabant (Tilburg)

Approved WMO

Date: 31-10-2022

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Brabant (Tilburg)

Approved WMO

Date: 09-12-2022

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Brabant (Tilburg)

Approved WMO

Date: 06-02-2023

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Brabant (Tilburg)

Approved WMO

Date: 21-02-2023

Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Brabant (Tilburg)
Approved WMO	
Date:	21-03-2023
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Brabant (Tilburg)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
EudraCT	EUCTR2021-002869-18-NL
ClinicalTrials.gov	NCT05068284
CCMO	NL79420.028.21

## Study results

Date completed:	27-04-2023
Results posted:	06-08-2024

### First publication

27-06-2024

### URL result

URL

Type

int

Naam

M2.2 Samenvatting voor de leek

URL

**Internal documents**

File