# A phase II study evaluating the feasibility and clinical efficacy of atezolizumab consolidation treatment in high risk diffuse large B-cell lymphoma

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This study has been transitioned to CTIS with ID 2022-501076-26-00 check the CTIS register for the current data. Primary objective: • To evaluate the 2-year disease free survival (DFS)Secondary objectives: • To evaluate toxicity and asses the relation...

**Ethical review** Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

Health condition type Lymphomas non-Hodgkin's B-cell

Study type Interventional

# **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON52540

## **Source**

ToetsingOnline

## **Brief title**

**HOVON 151 NHL** 

## **Condition**

Lymphomas non-Hodgkin's B-cell

## Synonym

Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; lymphoma

## Research involving

Human

# **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor: HOVON** 

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Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Firma Roche, Hoffmann-La Roche

Intervention

**Keyword:** atezolizumab, consolidation, Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma, high risk

**Outcome measures** 

**Primary outcome** 

Primary endpoint

• Disease free survival measured from the date of registration to relapse or

death from any cause whichever comes first.

**Secondary outcome** 

• (severe) adverse events and the relation of adverse events in time to

recovery of the T-cell repertoire.

• Overall survival, calculated from registration until death from any cause.

• The relationship between MRD status at the end-of-induction and

end-of-consolidation therapy.

• The relation between MRD conversion and 2-years DFS and OS

• The relationship between T-cell repertoire, PDL1/HLA expression, mutational

load, gene immune signature, microbiome and effect of atezolizumab on MRD

conversion.

• The relation between the T-cell and NK cell repertoire and adverse events.

**Study description** 

**Background summary** 

In high risk diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), IPI-score > 2, 21% of patients will relapse within 2-years after completion of R-CHOP induction

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treatment despite achieving a complete remission. Patient relapsing within a year after R-CHOP treatment have a very poor prognosis, even after second line chemotherapy, with only 15% of patients achieving a long remission. Therefore, additional therapy in first line treatment is required for these patients. The immune checkpoint inhibitor atezolizumab is a monoclonal antibody directed against the program death ligand 1 (PDL1). The PD1 and PDL1 inhibitors have shown excellent results in relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma and promising results in relapsed B-cell non Hodgkin lymphoma. Given the acceptable toxicity profile of atezolizumab, this study examines the efficacy and toxicity of atezolizumab as consolidation treatment after R-CHOP induction in DLBCL patients at high risk of relapse.

## Study objective

This study has been transitioned to CTIS with ID 2022-501076-26-00 check the CTIS register for the current data.

## Primary objective:

• To evaluate the 2-year disease free survival (DFS)

## Secondary objectives:

- To evaluate toxicity and asses the relation of adverse events in time to recovery of the T-cell repertoire
- To evaluate the 2-year overall survival (OS)
- To evaluate minimal residual disease (MRD) status at the end of induction therapy and at various time points during consolidation treatment.
- To evaluate the recovery of the T-cell en NK cell repertoire after induction therapy and at various time points during consolidation treatment in relation to toxicity and efficacy

## Exploratory objectives

- To explore the PDL1/HLA expression, mutational load, gene expression immune profile, soluble PDL1, microbiome and T-cell clonality of patients in relation to MRD status and MRD conversion.
- To explore the tumor characteristics and mutational dynamics in patients who relapse
- To assess the crossing of the blood-brain barrier of atezolizumab by measuring atezolizumab concentrations in het cerebrospinal fluid.

## Study design

Phase 2, multicenter, prospective, non-randomized clinical trial.

## Intervention

All patients will receive atezolizumab 1200mg intravenously every 3 weeks for

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## Study burden and risks

The prognosis of DLBCL patients with an early relapse is dismal. Atezolizumab has shown promising activity in relapsed DLBCL patients. Toxicity data on atezolizumab are available for > 6000 patients and is manageable. In melanoma and lungcancer consolidation immunotherapy after chemoradiotherapy has shown a dramatic increase in survival. Assumption of this study is that atezolizumab consolidation will result in higher PFS by eradicating MRD.

## **Contacts**

## **Public**

**HOVON** 

HOVON Centraal Bureau, VUmc, De Boelelaan 1117 Amsterdam 1081 HV NI

**Scientific** 

**HOVON** 

HOVON Centraal Bureau, VUmc, De Boelelaan 1117 Amsterdam 1081 HV NL

# **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

## Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

- Age 18-75 (inclusive) years
- Patients with a confirmed histologic diagnosis of diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL-NOS) based upon a representative histology specimen according to the WHO classification, revision 2016
- Ann Arbor stages II-IV
- WHO performance status 0 1
- IPI >=3 at diagnosis
- Complete metabolic remission (Deauville 1-3) after 6-8 cycles of R-CHOP according to the Lugano criteria
- Negative pregnancy test at study entry
- Patient is willing and able to use adequate contraception during and until 5 months after the last protocol treatment.
- Written informed consent
- Patient is capable of giving informed consent

## **Exclusion criteria**

## **DIAGNOSIS**

- All histopathological diagnoses other than DLBCL-NOS according to the WHO classification, revision 2016 including:
- High-grade B-cell lymphoma with a double/triple translocation with MYC, BCL2 and/or BCL6. Please note that patients with an isolated MYC translocation or an isolated BCL2 translocation or an isolated BCL-6 translocation are eligible (single hit translocation).
- Testicular large B-cell lymphoma
- Primary mediastinal B cell lymphoma
- Transformed indolent lymphoma
- Post-transplant lymphoproliferative disorder

## ORGAN DYSFUNCTION

- Clinical signs of severe pulmonary dysfunction
- Clinical signs of heart failure (NYHA classification II-IV) .
- Symptomatic coronary artery disease or cardiac arrhythmias not well controlled with medication.
- Myocardial infarction during the last 6 months
- Significant renal dysfunction (serum creatinine >= 150 umol/l or clearance <= 30ml/min

Creatinine clearance may be calculated by Cockcroft -Gault formula:

- Inadequate hematological function: hemoglobin 5.5 < mmol/L, ANC <  $1.0 \times 109$ /L or platelets <  $75 \times 109$  /L
- Signs or know history of bleeding disorder
- Significant hepatic dysfunction (total bilirubin >= 1.5x upper limit of normal (ULN) or transaminases  $>= 2.5 \times ULN$ ), unless related to Gilberts syndrome.

- Clinical signs of severe cerebral dysfunction
- Patients with a history of uncontrolled seizures, central nervous system disorders or psychiatric disability judged by the investigator to be clinically significant and adversely affecting compliance to study drugs
- Major surgery within the last 4 weeks

## KNOWN OR SUSPECTED INFECTION

- Known active bacterial, viral, fungal, mycobacterial, parasitic, or other infection or any major episode of infection requiring treatment with IV antibiotics or hospitalization within 4 weeks before date of registration. Suspected active or latent tuberculosis needs to be confirmed by positive interferon gamma (IFN-y) release assay
- Patients known to be HIV-positive
- Active chronic hepatitis B or C infection
- Administration of a live, attenuated vaccine within 4 weeks before date of regsitration or anticipation that such a live attenuated vaccine will be required during the study and for a period of 5 months after discontinuation of atezolizumab.

## **AUTO-IMMUNE**

• Any active or history of documented autoimmune disease, including but not limited to myasthenia gravis, myositis, autoimmune hepatitis, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, vascular thrombosis associated with antiphospholipid syndrome, Wegener\*s granulomatosis, Sjögren\*s syndrome, Guillain-Barré syndrome, multiple sclerosis, vasculitis, or glomerulonephritis.

The following exceptions are allowed: Patients with autoimmune-related hypothyroidism or type 1 diabetes mellitus who are on stable treatment.

- History of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, organizing pneumonia (e.g., bronchiolitis obliterans), drug-induced pneumonitis, idiopathic pneumonitis, or evidence of active pneumonitis per chest CT scan at screening.
- Patients with uncontrolled asthma or allergy, requiring systemic steroid treatment
- Regular treatment with corticosteroids within the 4 weeks prior to date of registration, unless administered for indications other than NHL at a dose equivalent to < 30 mg/day prednisone/prednisolone.</li>
  GENERAL
- Serious underlying medical conditions, which could impair the ability of the patient to participate in the trial (e.g. ongoing infection, uncontrolled diabetes mellitus, gastric ulcers, active autoimmune disease).
- Current participation in another clinical trial interfering with this trial
- History of active cancer during the past 5 years, except basal cell carcinoma of the skin, stage 0 cervical carcinoma or cracinoma in situ (for which no systemic treatment was indicated)
- Life expectancy < 6 months .
- Any psychological, familial, sociological and geographical condition potentially hampering compliance with the study protocol and follow-up schedule, PRIOR TREATMENT.
- Prior treatment with atezolizumab, or anti PD-1 or PDL-1 antibodies.

- Prior treatment with CD137 agonists or immune checkpoint blockade therapies, including anti-CTLA4 therapeutic antibodies.
- Treatment with systemic immunostimulatory agents (including but not limited to IFN, interleukin [IL]-2) within 6 weeks or 5 half-lives of the drug, whichever is shorter, prior to date of registration.
- Treatment with systemic immunosuppressive medications, including but not limited to prednisone, cyclophosphamide, azathioprine, methotrexate, thalidomide, and anti-tumor necrosis factor (anti-TNF) agents within 2 weeks prior to date of registration; inhaled corticosteroids and mineralocorticoids are allowed.

# Study design

## **Design**

Study phase: 2

Study type: Interventional

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

Start date (anticipated): 07-09-2018

Enrollment: 90

Type: Actual

# Medical products/devices used

Product type: Medicine

Brand name: Tecentrig

Generic name: Atezolizumab

Registration: Yes - NL outside intended use

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 28-03-2018

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 28-08-2018

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 11-01-2019

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 26-03-2019

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 30-04-2019

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 22-01-2020

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 27-01-2020

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 19-02-2020

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 14-04-2020

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 28-04-2020

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 24-02-2021

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 31-03-2021

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 26-07-2021

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 16-08-2021

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Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 08-09-2021

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 18-10-2021

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Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

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Approved WMO

Date: 07-06-2022

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Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 14-09-2022

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 23-09-2022

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

# In other registers

Register ID

EU-CTR CTIS2022-501076-26-00 EudraCT EUCTR2017-002605-35-NL

ClinicalTrials.gov NCT03463057 CCMO NL63352.042.17