Dietary changes and markers of stress and depression in freshman bachelor students at Wageningen University

Published: 10-10-2023 Last updated: 26-10-2024

Our first primary research objective is to investigate if and how students are changing their diet toward a more plant-based diet. Our second primary objective is to assess changes in stress by using subjective methods (questionnaires) and a...

Ethical review Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting **Health condition type** Other condition

Study type Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON53272

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Wageningen Student Cohort

Condition

• Other condition

Synonym

mental health, nutritional status

Health condition

stress, despressie en voedingsstatus

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Wageningen Universiteit

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: interne gelden

Intervention

Keyword: depression, nutritional status, plant-based diet, stress

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

The main endpoints are changes in dietary habits towards a plant-based diet and

changes in stress levels. Diet changes will be expressed as changes in defined

meat-based diet categories (questionnaire) and as changes in the consumption of

plant protein as a percentage of total protein (FFQ). Stress levels will be

assessed with two questionnaires and one biomarker (hair cortisol). Urinary

serotonin concentrations will be used as a potential marker for depression and

compared to scores on the validated HADS questionnaire for depression and

anxiety.

Secondary outcome

To assess the nutritional impact of dietary changes, nutritional status over

time will be measured crudely as Hb from a capillary (finger) blood sample in

all participants and more in-depth (vitamins B6, B12, D, and folic acid) for

those who provide a venous blood sample. In the fecal sample at baseline and 6

months, pH as a marker of fermentation will be measured. To adjust for

confounding variables, additional lifestyle questionnaires and anthropometry

will be used. Measurements at 3 and 9 months will be used to study timing of

changes.

2 - Dietary changes and markers of stress and depression in freshman bachelor studen ... 7-05-2025

Study description

Background summary

Student life is an important phase in making dietary and lifestyle choices. Based on concerns about animal welfare and climate change, some students decide to become vegetarian or vegan. This may be especially true for students in Wageningen, which holds the title of most sustainable university in the world. Reducing meat and dairy intake may promote health but may also result in dietary deficiencies or being underweight. Together with social pressure to adopt a more plant-based lifestyle, this could increase the risk of mental stress in their first year at university. Therefore, we will assess dietary changes and stress and depression in first-year bachelor students and explore potential associations for future observational studies.

Study objective

Our first primary research objective is to investigate if and how students are changing their diet toward a more plant-based diet. Our second primary objective is to assess changes in stress by using subjective methods (questionnaires) and a biomarker (hair cortisol concentrations). Our secondary objective is to investigate changes in nutritional status, depression and anxiety using a questionnaire, and urinary serotonin as a potential biomarker for depression, and to explore associations between diet and stress and depression outcomes. To adjust for confounders, other lifestyle factors including physical activity and sleep will be assessed.

Study design

We will perform a prospective cohort study with baseline data at recruitment and repeated follow-up data at 3, 6, and 9 months. At each time point, participants fill out online questionnaires and visit the Human Nutrition Research Unit (HNRU) for anthropometry, a finger prick, hand grip measurement and a hair sample. In addition, at baseline and 6 months, participants will be asked to bring urine and feces samples (collected at home). Optionally, participants can give an additional (non-fasting) venous blood sample at their baseline and 6 month-visit for a NutriProfiel test.

Study burden and risks

Subjects will be invited to the Human Nutrition Research Unit four times in one year (every three months) for anthropometry, a finger prick blood test, the collection of a hair sample and an optional venous blood sample (~30 min per visit). Filling out online diet and lifestyle questionnaires will take about two hours and will be repeated four times in one year. Urine and fecal samples

will be collected at home at baseline and at 6 months. There are only minor risks for the participants, relating to the finger prick and (optional) blood withdrawals. Subjects will receive a financial compensation of x85 per year and x95 if they choose for the extra venous blood sample. To increase motivation and response, students will be paid per time point. As a further incentive, they will receive their personal diet and lab data.

Contacts

Public

Wageningen Universiteit

Stippeneng 4 Wageningen 6708 WE NL

Scientific

Wageningen Universiteit

Stippeneng 4 Wageningen 6708 WE NL

Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adolescents (16-17 years) Adults (18-64 years)

Inclusion criteria

- First-time enrolled in a bachelor study at Wageningen University
- Aged 16 years or older during the AID
- Dutch-speaking

Exclusion criteria

None

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Other

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting
Start date (anticipated): 19-10-2023

Enrollment: 225

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 10-10-2023

Application type: First submission

Review commission: CMO regio Arnhem-Nijmegen (Nijmegen)

Approved WMO

Date: 20-06-2024

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: CMO regio Arnhem-Nijmegen (Nijmegen)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL84821.091.23