

# LIMited wEdge Resection for Colonic T1 cancer - a prospective multicenter cohort study

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<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment started
<b>Health condition type</b>	Gastrointestinal therapeutic procedures
<b>Study type</b>	Observational non invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON55909

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

LIMERIC-II

### Condition

- Gastrointestinal therapeutic procedures

### Synonym

T1 coloncarcinoma

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Isala

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Isala

## Intervention

- Surgical procedure

**Keyword:** Early stage colon carcinoma, Local resection, T1 colon carcinoma, Wedge resection

### Explanation

N.a.

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Reduction of oncologic resections for low-risk T1 colon carcinomas by using CAL-WR as primary treatment.

### Secondary outcome

- Effectiveness (technical success and macroscopic- and microscopic R0 resection) of limited treatment approach

- 3-year overall and disease free survival
- 5-year overall and disease free survival
- 30-day postoperative morbidity and mortality rate according to the Clavien-Dindo classification I-V
- Total procedure related costs and cost effectiveness
- Postoperative quality of life

## Study description

### Background summary

The current standard oncological therapy for T1 colonic cancer is an oncologic resection with lymph node dissection. However, this therapy is associated with significant morbidity (24%) and mortality (2%). A significant part of the resected specimens (approximately 50%) shows no high-risk histological features for lymph node metastasis and therefore en-bloc local resection might be a valuable alternative. Recently we proved the Colonoscopic-Assisted Laparoscopic Wedge Resection (CAL-WR) to be a safe and effective technique to remove endoscopic irresectable colonic lesions. We hypothesize that this local treatment approach can also be applied as initial treatment for T1-colon carcinoma and will be associated with less morbidity and mortality, better

quality of life, less procedure related costs and similar survival compared with a standard oncological resection.

## **Study objective**

The aim of this study is to investigate the safety and efficacy of CAL-WR as primary and curative colon-preserving treatment for T1 colon cancer. Our primary endpoint is reduction of oncologic resections for low-risk T1 colon cancer. As secondary endpoints, we will describe the effectiveness, morbidity, costs and oncological outcomes (recurrences, overall survival, and disease-free survival).

## **Study design**

National prospective multicenter longitudinal cohort study

## **Intervention**

NA

## **Study burden and risks**

As we introduce here a minimal invasive local resection as primary treatment for T1 coloncarcinoma, we expect a significant part of the included patients (with a "low-risk" T1) to avoid a major oncologic resection and its associated high morbidity and mortality. Therefore, participants in this study will probably benefit directly from this investigation. Based upon our previous study (LIMERIC-(18)), we expect no major risks or complications to be associated with the procedure. The burden associated with participation in this study is limited to 3-times filling in two short questionnaires. There are no additional outpatient clinic visits or hospital admissions necessary for this study compared to current clinical practice.

## **Contacts**

### **Scientific**

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### **Public**

Isala

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## Trial sites

### Trial sites in the Netherlands

Bernhoven	
Target size:	10
Amsterdam UMC	
Target size:	5
Treant	
Target size:	10
Ommelander Ziekenhuis Groningen	
Target size:	5
Catharina-ziekenhuis	
Target size:	10
Deventer Ziekenhuis	
Target size:	10
Ziekenhuisvoorzieningen Gelderse Vallei	
Target size:	10
Universitair Medisch Centrum Utrecht	
Target size:	5
Isala	
Target size:	60
IJssellandziekenhuis	
Target size:	10
Jeroen Bosch Ziekenhuis	
Target size:	10
Gelre Ziekenhuizen	
Target size:	5
Maasstadziekenhuis	
Target size:	5
Nij Smellinghe Ziekenhuis	
Target size:	5
Elisabeth-Tweesteden ziekenhuis	

Target size:	10
Meander Medisch Centrum	
Target size:	10
Diakonessenhuis Utrecht	
Target size:	10
Rivas Zorggroep	
Target size:	10
Franciscus	
Target size:	5
Rijnstate	
Target size:	5

## Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

- Lesion macroscopic suspect for T1 colon carcinoma during endoscopy (Hiroshima 2-3)
- o Or histologically proven T1 colon carcinoma
- Size < 40mm
- Localized at least > 25cm proximal from the anus (measured endoscopically)
- > 18 years old

## Exclusion criteria

- Rectal carcinoma
- Distant metastasis at baseline
- > 50% circumferential growth of the lesion
- Prior endoscopic resection or attempt, lifting not included

## Study design

### Design

Study phase:	N/A
Study type:	Observational non invasive
Intervention model:	Single
Allocation:	Non controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Uncontrolled
Primary purpose:	Treatment

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment started
Start date (anticipated):	10-12-2022
Enrollment:	144
Duration:	60 months (per patient)
Type:	Actual

### Medical products/devices used

Product type:	N.a.
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### IPD sharing statement

**Plan to share IPD:** Undecided

#### Plan description

N.a.

## Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	06-10-2022
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)
Approved WMO	

Date:	03-11-2022
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	08-12-2022
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	12-04-2023
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	25-05-2023
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	26-09-2023
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	17-07-2024
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)
Approved WMO	
Date:	10-02-2025
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC UMCG

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

**Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register**

No registrations found.

**In other registers**

Register	ID
CCMO	NL81497.075.22
Research portal	NL-004930