# Myokines and cognitive aging in people with spinal cord injury: a single case experimental design study

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To assess to what extent a 12 weeks intervention consisting of Neuromuscular electrical stimulation (NMES) to the quadriceps muscles may change cognitive function and blood levels of the biomarker Brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) in persons...

**Ethical review** Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

**Health condition type** Spinal cord and nerve root disorders

Study type Interventional

# **Summary**

## ID

NL-OMON56022

#### Source

ToetsingOnline

#### **Brief title**

myokines and cognitive aging in SCI

## **Condition**

Spinal cord and nerve root disorders

#### **Synonym**

myelopathy, spinal cord injury

## Research involving

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Medisch Universitair Ziekenhuis Maastricht

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Stichting Wetenschappelijk Onderwijs

Limburg (SWOL)

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## Intervention

**Keyword:** cognition, myokines, neuromuscular electrical stimulation, spinal cord injury

## **Outcome measures**

## **Primary outcome**

Response time and %accuracy on an executive function task

## **Secondary outcome**

A cognitive test battery and blood collection for the assessment of

Brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) levels. Other measured variables are

important for taking into account potential moderating effects.

# **Study description**

## **Background summary**

Individuals with spinal cord injury (SCI) suffer from accelerated cognitive aging. Brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) is a facilitator of neuroplastic processes, which is released from contracting muscles. In healthy older adults it is the suggested mechanism of exercise-induced cognitive improvements. Neuromuscular electrical stimulation (NMES) has the potential to induce BDNF and induce cognitive improvements in people with SCI.

## Study objective

To assess to what extent a 12 weeks intervention consisting of Neuromuscular electrical stimulation (NMES) to the quadriceps muscles may change cognitive function and blood levels of the biomarker Brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) in persons with spinal cord injury.

## Study design

Single center, single case experimental design with a single-armed prospective study design

#### Intervention

## Study burden and risks

Every participant will be asked to visit the research center 5 times. The intervention consists of 12 weeks of 3x30min per week of neuromuscular electrical stimulation and cognitive tests 3x30sec per week for 18-21 weeks. The electrical stimulation is being used as intended, and has therefore a low risk of injury.

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

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## **Scientific**

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# **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

## Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

- -Persons with spinal cord injury
- -Completeness of injury: AIS A, B or C
- -Level of injury: L2 or higher
- -At least 18 years old
- -Chronic stage (> 1 year) since injury
- -No previous surgery to the quadriceps muscles
- -Able to use apps on smartphone (i.e. participants should have their own smartphone and should not have disabilities that impair them to operate it independently)
- -Able to follow the instructions of placing the surface electrodes of the NMES device correctly or to have someone else put the electrodes for them
- -Dutch as a native language

## **Exclusion criteria**

- -Malignant processes, or history of undergoing chemotherapy, or history of radiotherapy to the head
- -No visible or palpable contraction of the quadriceps muscle upon electrical stimulation
- -Intolerance to electrical stimulation of the quadriceps muscle
- -Recent or current participation in an electrical stimulation-induced exercise or therapy program in which regular electrical stimulation was given (up to 6 months prior to study inclusion)
- -Known neurodegenerative disorder, such as Alzheimer\*s disease or Parkinson\*s disease
- -Known psychiatric disorder, such as major depressive disorder or bipolar disorder
- -Current pressure ulcer
- -History of severe autonomic dysreflexia
- -Metal implants in the electrical stimulation area
- -Intrathecal baclofen (ITB) device
- -Pregnancy

# Study design

## **Design**

**Study type:** Interventional

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting
Start date (anticipated): 24-01-2024

Enrollment: 15

Type: Actual

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 10-10-2023

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Maxima Medisch Centrum (Veldhoven)

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register ID

ClinicalTrials.gov NCT05822297 CCMO NL84287.015.23