Standardising care for hepatitis delta in the Netherlands

Published: 29-11-2023 Last updated: 28-04-2025

Generate prospective follow-up data to increase our understanding of this rare disease.

Ethical review Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

Health condition type Hepatic and hepatobiliary disorders

Study type Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON56445

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title DREAM-2

Condition

- Hepatic and hepatobiliary disorders
- Viral infectious disorders

Synonym

hepatitis D

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Stichting Lever en Maag-darm Onderzoek

Intervention

Keyword: Hepatitis Delta

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Generate prospective population based follow-up data of a homogeneously managed hepatitis delta cohortGenerate prospective population based follow-up data of a homogeneously managed hepatitis delta cohort

Incidence of liver related events (liver cancer, (decompensation of) cirrhosis, liver transplantation) during follow-up and changes in markers of viral replication, inflammatory activity and liver stiffness over time.

Secondary outcome

Compare the outcomes of this cohort to a historic cohort identified in the DREAM-1 project

Study description

Background summary

Hepatitis delta virus (HDV) is a defective RNA virus that requires presence of hepatitis B virus (HBV) to complete virion assembly and secretion. HBV-HDV coinfection (*hepatitis delta*) has been associated with severe liver injury that may result in rapid progression to cirrhosis and hepatic decompensation, as well as a higher risk of liver cancer when compared to patients with HBV mono-infection. Given the low incidence of hepatitis D, experience in caring for individuals with hepatitis delta is limited and management practices vary.

Study objective

Generate prospective follow-up data to increase our understanding of this rare disease.

Study design

Prospective observational cohort study spanning 5 years, during which we will collect standard clinical data as well as blood samples and quality of life questionnaires.

Study burden and risks

The risks associated with participation can be considered negligible and the burden can be considered minimal. The only additional action that the participants must perform are the filling out of two annual quality of life questionnaires, which are considered non-invasive, and collection of 10 ml blood during regular blood sample collections.

Contacts

Public

Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

Doctor Molewaterplein 40 Rotterdam 3015GD NL

Scientific

Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

Doctor Molewaterplein 40 Rotterdam 3015GD NL

Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

- Active hepatitis delta based on a positive anti-HDV and a positive HDV-RNA test
- Patients must be >=18 years
- Written informed consent

Exclusion criteria

none

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Basic science

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

Start date (anticipated): 22-01-2024

Enrollment: 100

Type: Actual

Medical products/devices used

Registration: No

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 29-11-2023

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

Approved WMO

Date: 16-05-2024

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL84655.078.23