

Calibration of Esophageal Balloon catheter in spontaneous and mandatory mechanical ventilation.

Published: 23-07-2024

Last updated: 27-12-2024

To obtain the best filling pressure of the Pes catheter in spontaneous mechanical ventilation, to obtain the esophagus elastance in spontaneous mechanical ventilation, and to compare the best filling pressures between the two modes (spontaneous and...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Pending
Health condition type	Other condition
Study type	Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON56902

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

PesCA

Condition

- Other condition
- Respiratory disorders NEC

Synonym

Acute respiratory failure, ARDS, everybody ventilated > 24 hrs.

Health condition

Alle aandoeningen waarvoor beademing > 24 uur noodzakelijk is

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Hamilton Medical, Zwitserland, Samenwerking met Hamilton Medical

Intervention

Keyword: Esophageal catheter, Mechanical Ventilation, Transpulmonary

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Pressures of the Pes catheter at different filling volumes; Best filling pressure, Derived elastance of esophagus.

Secondary outcome

Not applicable

Study description

Background summary

Calibration of the esophageal balloon catheter (Pes) is important for the right interpretation of the derived transpulmonary pressures during mechanical ventilation. Calibration of the Pes catheter has only been validated in mandatory ventilation but not in support modes in which the patient triggers the ventilator and exhibits spontaneous breathing activity. Because the forces in the thoracic cage are very different between the two modes it is to be expected that the calibration process yields different filling volumes and therefore to a different calibration approach. This would lead to a more reliable filling volume in spontaneous mechanical ventilation and more reliable derivation of transpulmonary pressure and therefore to a better treatment of patients.

Study objective

To obtain the best filling pressure of the Pes catheter in spontaneous mechanical ventilation, to obtain the esophagus elastance in spontaneous mechanical ventilation, and to compare the best filling pressures between the

two modes (spontaneous and mandatory ventilation).

Study design

Use a standardized calibration protocol to obtain the best filling pressure in both ventilator modes. The first calibration measurement will be in spontaneous mechanical ventilation, the second calibration measurement after a switch to a mandatory mode. Two Pes catheters will be tested

Study burden and risks

Risk is nihil. Patients are sedated and the burden is also nihil. The increase in sedation and possible use of neuromuscular blockade could possibly extend the length of ICU stay. However this is estimated as without clinical consequences.

Contacts

Public

Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum

Albinsudreef 2
Leiden 2333 ZA
NL

Scientific

Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum

Albinsudreef 2
Leiden 2333 ZA
NL

Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years)
Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Estimated Mechanical ventilation time > 24 hrs
Spontaneous mechanical ventilation
Esophageal balloon catheter in situ
Sedated RASS -5

Exclusion criteria

Contraindication for insertion of a Pes catheter (esophageal varices, other esophageal pathology)
Awake

Study design

Design

Study type:	Observational invasive
Intervention model:	Other
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Uncontrolled
Primary purpose:	Other

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Pending
Start date (anticipated):	01-06-2024
Enrollment:	40
Type:	Anticipated

Medical products/devices used

Generic name:	Esophageal balloon catheter
Registration:	Yes - CE intended use

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 23-07-2024

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

metc-ldd@lumc.nl

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
CCMO	NL83335.058.24