

Preventing further falls and functional decline among elderly persons presented to the accident and emergency (A&E) department with a fall: randomised controlled trial.

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Research questions: 1. Is a multidisciplinary intervention programme more effective than usual care in preventing new falls and functional decline among community-dwelling elderly people who visit a GP cooperative and/or A&E department at a...

Ethische beoordeling	Positief advies
Status	Werving gestopt
Type aanpak	-
Onderzoekstype	Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON20280

Bron

NTR

Verkorte titel

Interval

Aandoening

(Injurious) falls

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: Marike RC Hendriks

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Jolanda CM van Haastregt

Joseph PM Diederiks

Harry FJM Crebolder

Jacques ThM van Eijk

Overige ondersteuning: Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw): Number 945-02-053

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

1. Effect evaluation: Falls, functional decline;

2. Economic evaluation: programme costs, healthcare costs and patient and family costs.

- 2a. Cost Effectiveness Analysis: percentage of people sustaining a fall during one year of follow-up.

- 2b. Cost Utility Analysis: generic health-related quality of life descriptions, measured according to the standard Dutch version of the EuroQol (EQ 5-D).

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

N/A

Doel van het onderzoek

Research questions:

1. Is a multidisciplinary intervention programme more effective than usual care in preventing new falls and functional decline among community-dwelling elderly people who visit a GP cooperative and/or A&E department at a hospital because of a fall?
2. Is the multidisciplinary intervention programme cost-effective compared to usual care when assessed from a societal perspective?

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

1. Patients in the intervention group underwent a detailed medical and occupational-therapy assessment with referral to relevant services if indicated;
2. Those assigned to the control group received usual care only.

Contactpersonen

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Wetenschappelijk

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

Age 65 years or older, community-dwelling, having visited the A&E department or GP cooperative at the University Hospital Maastricht for the consequences of a fall, and living in Maastricht or its surrounding area.

People were only allowed to enter the programme after completing and returning an informed consent form.

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

Not able to speak or understand Dutch,
Not able to complete questionnaires or interviews by telephone,
Cognitive impairment (a score of less than 4 on the Abbreviated Mental Test 4 (AMT 4),

Long-term admission to a hospital or other institution (more than four weeks from the date of inclusion),
Permanently bedridden, or fully dependent on a wheelchair.

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Blinding:	Open / niet geblindeerd
Controle:	Geneesmiddel

Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving gestopt
(Verwachte) startdatum:	01-12-2002
Aantal proefpersonen:	333
Type:	Werkelijke startdatum

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies	
Datum:	12-08-2005
Soort:	Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL82
NTR-old	NTR113
Ander register	: ZON-MW 945-02-053
ISRCTN	ISRCTN64716113

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

Hendriks MR, van Haastregt JC, Diederiks JP, Evers SM, Crebolder HF, van Eijk JT:
Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of a multidisciplinary intervention programme to prevent new falls and functional decline among elderly persons at risk: design of a replicated randomised controlled trial [ISRCTN64716113]. BMC Public Health 2005, 5(1):6.
<http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2458/5/6>