

# Pioglitazone Influence of triglyceride Accumulation in the Myocardium in Diabetes.

Gepubliceerd: 05-09-2005 Laatste bijgewerkt: 13-12-2022

Lipotoxicity-related cardiac abnormalities can be reversed by PPAR g agonist therapy in type 2 diabetes patients.

<b>Ethische beoordeling</b>	Positief advies
<b>Status</b>	Werving gestopt
<b>Type aandoening</b>	-
<b>Onderzoekstype</b>	Interventie onderzoek

## Samenvatting

### ID

NL-OMON21475

### Bron

NTR

### Verkorte titel

The PIRAMID study

### Aandoening

Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus, Heart Disease

### Ondersteuning

**Primaire sponsor:** VU medical center

De Boelelaan 1117  
1081 HV Amsterdam  
The Netherlands

**Overige ondersteuning:** Grant by Eli Lilly NI

### Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

## Uitkomstmaten

### Primaire uitkomstmaten

Changes in cardiac function and metabolism following treatment with PPAR $\gamma$  agonist versus current state of the art therapy, metformin.

## Toelichting onderzoek

### Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Background/hypothesis:

Patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus (DM2) have a considerably higher risk to develop cardiac disease with a poorer outcome. Ectopic triglyceride (TG) accumulation underlies diabetic cardiomyopathy. These cardiac abnormalities can be reversed by lowering myocardial TG using a peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR)  $\gamma$  agonist. Metformin, the present gold standard treatment for type 2 diabetes, might also have cardioprotective properties due to its recently proposed mechanism of action.

### Doel van het onderzoek

Lipotoxicity-related cardiac abnormalities can be reversed by PPAR  $\gamma$  agonist therapy in type 2 diabetes patients.

### Onderzoeksopzet

N/A

### Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

80 subjects on monotherapy sulfanylurea for at least 10 weeks will be enrolled. Following, participants will be randomised to Metformin or Pioglitazone for 24 weeks.

Group 1: Metformin;

Group 2: Pioglitazone

10 healthy subject will only undergo baseline measurements.

## Contactpersonen

## Publiek

VU University Medical Center, Department of Endocrinology, Diabetescenter,  
De Boelelaan 1117  
L.J. Rijzewijk  
De Boelelaan 1117

Amsterdam 1081 HV  
The Netherlands  
+31 (0)20 4442758

## Wetenschappelijk

VU University Medical Center, Department of Endocrinology, Diabetescenter,  
De Boelelaan 1117  
L.J. Rijzewijk  
De Boelelaan 1117

Amsterdam 1081 HV  
The Netherlands  
+31 (0)20 4442758

## Deelname eisen

### Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

Type 2 Diabetes Patients Males, 45-65 years, DM2 (diagnosed according to WHO criteria, treated by monotherapy of sulfanylurea (i.e. unchanged during >30 days prior to inclusion). At least three month stable HbA1c (<8.5%) under this therapy. Sitting blood pressure <150/85 mmHg with or without antihypertensive drugs, BMI<32 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. Healthy volunteers, Healthy male subjects, 45-65 years, Normal sitting blood pressure <150/85 mmHg, BMI<32 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. Normal glucose tolerance as assessed by 75-g oral glucose tolerance test.

### Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

Type 2 Diabetes Patients, CAD, Active malignant disease, Impaired renal function (serum creatinine > 176 mmol/L), Weight >= 45 kg (because of <sup>11</sup>C-palmitate tracer), Anti-coagulant therapy, Severe obstructive lung disease; hereditary lipoprotein disease, Impaired hepatic function (defined

as ALT > 3 ULN) or a history of liver disease, Inability to understand study information, inability / unwillingness to sign informed consent, Substance abuse, Familial polyposis coli, <3 months after participation in other clinical trials.

Other research projects, whereby radiation is used. Hemoglobin <8 mmol/l, Metal implants and claustrophobia, incompatible with CMR.

Congestive heart failure (NYHA functional score > I), atrial fibrillation or history of sustained ventricular tachycardia.

Stroke within 6 months prior to enrollment.

Microvascular complications, including:

diabetic nephropathy, proliferative retinopathy, symptomatic macrovascular complications and/or (autonomic) neuropathy, except for background diabetic retinopathy.

Leg ulcers, gangrene. Hyper sensibility to study medication.

Current use of TZD/fibrates Healthy volunteers History or current cardiovascular disease Dyslipidemia, requiring pharmacological treatment according to the Dutch Cholesterol Consensus 1998

## Onderzoeksopzet

### Opzet

Type:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Toewijzing:	Gerandomiseerd
Blinding:	Dubbelblind
Controle:	Geneesmiddel

### Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving gestopt
(Verwachte) startdatum:	01-09-2004
Aantal proefpersonen:	90
Type:	Werkelijke startdatum

## Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies	
Datum:	05-09-2005

Soort:

Eerste indiening

## Registraties

### Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

### Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

### In overige registers

<b>Register</b>	<b>ID</b>
NTR-new	NL145
NTR-old	NTR180
Ander register	: N/A
ISRCTN	ISRCTN53177482

## Resultaten

### Samenvatting resultaten

N/A