Self management and employability of workers with complaints of the arm, neck and / or shoulder.

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The objective of the study is to investigate the effectiveness of a combined intervention on the disabilities, self-efficacy and long-term employability of workers with complaints of the arm, neck and / or shoulder. Through a self-management program...

Ethische beoordeling Positief advies **Status** Werving gestopt

Type aandoening

Onderzoekstype Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON21553

Bron

NTR

Verkorte titel

Self management and employability of workers with CANS.

Aandoening

neck, upper extremity disorders, CANS, complaints of the arm, neck or shoulder, WRULD, non-specific work-related upper limp disorders, UED, upper extremity disorders, RSI, repititive stress injury, WRUED, work related upper extremity disorders

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: HAN University of Applied Sciences

Overige ondersteuning: ZonMw, the Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and

Development (208030004).

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

The primary outcome measure is the patient reported limitations (in the previous week) of arm, shoulder and hand, measured on the Disabilities of the Arm, Shoulder and Hand Outcome Measure (DASH).

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

The increased use of computers in many professions in recent decades has been accompanied by an increased incidence of pain and symptoms in the upper extremity in the execution of repetitive work. These RSI (Repetitive Strain Injury) complaints not only lead to great discomfort and pain but in some cases also to non-attendance at work and / or work disability. In the absence of effective interventions, many employees continue to perform their work with pain and limitations resulting in a reduced work capacity, reduced productivity at work (presenteeism), decreased job satisfaction and possibly in absenteeism and disability. Focussing on an active coping strategy in which employees learn how to deal with the symptoms and limitations seems advisable (Heemskerk et al, 2009). Selfmanagement can both influence physical and psychosocial risk factors of CANS. Because CANS have a chronic of intermittent course in many cases, such an intervention seems ideal for workers with persistent CANS.

Study design:

The study is a randomized controlled trail in which employees are randomly assigned to a self-management intervention and an e-health program or to usual care. Participants are recruited through a call on the websites and newsletters and through health coordinators, occupational health physicians and managers. The self-management intervention consists of six group sessions over 2 months. The e-health is available for participants from the start of the intervention till the end of the follow-up period. The follow-up period is 12 months.

Objective:

The objective of the study is to investigate the effectiveness of a combined intervention on the disabilities, self-efficacy and long-term employability of workers with complaints of the arm, neck and / or shoulder. Through a self-management program - complemented by an e-health program - the employees is given insight into the causes of the symptoms and

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disabilities and they get better equipped to deal with these complaints and lower the risk of persistence of the complaints and control to workplace absenteeism.

Doel van het onderzoek

The objective of the study is to investigate the effectiveness of a combined intervention on the disabilities, self-efficacy and long-term employability of workers with complaints of the arm, neck and / or shoulder. Through a self-management program - complemented by an ehealth program - the employees is given insight into the causes of the symptoms and disabilities and they get better equipped to deal with these complaints and lower the risk of persistence of the complaints and control to workplace absenteeism.

Onderzoeksopzet

T0: Baseline;

T1: 3 months;

T2: 6 months;

T3: 12 months.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

A self-management intervention offered to the participants (8-12 participants in each group). The total program consists of six group meetings of two and a half hours each. The meetings are weekly. Topics such as dealing with pain, disability and fatigue, the balance between workload and capacity, communication skills, stress management, (muscle) relaxation exercises, problem solving, use of facilities, working with others and asking for help, dealing with negative emotions and positive thinking will be discussed.

To influence the determinants of behaviour various techniques are used in the course. Such as consciousness raising, risk perception, positive (re)-formulation, self-(re) evaluation), obtaining confidence en mobilizing social support, skill training, reinterpretation of symptoms, goal setting, social comparison and modelling (Bandura 1986). To set targets (SMART and formulated in terms of behaviour), action plans will be made (Lorig et al, 2006). A goal about management behaviour (eg exercises, take breaks at work, ask the manager for a tool), including a statement of the employee on which he / she indicates how confident he / she is in achieving the goal, will be formulated weekly. Thus unrealistic goals can be adjusted.

The group meetings are complemented by an e-health module. In the e-health module the subjects of self-management training are also discussed and assignments can be made. Also, participants can keep a diary. There is also additional information about self-management and on specific topics of CANS availible, such as: etiological factors (physical, psychological

and social (work) factors), prognostic factors, lifestyle factors, and other modifiable factors.

The control group will receive care as usual.

Contactpersonen

Publiek

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Wetenschappelijk

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

- 1. Employee is to his / her judgment limited in performing his/her work (related to CANS);
- 2. Employee suffers from work-related complaints;
- 3. The complaints must exist for at least 12 weeks, where there may be a continuous or intermittent course.
- 4. Participant is working for at least 12 hours a week.

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen

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(Exclusiecriteria)

- 1. Red flags;
- 2. Complaints caused by a systemic disease;
- 3. Complaints caused by traumatic injury;
- 4. Suspicion of specific CANS;
- 5. Suspicion of mental pathology (> 4 pointson subscale depression, measured with Four Dimensional Symptom Questionnaire [4DSQ].

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type: Interventie onderzoek

Onderzoeksmodel: Parallel

Toewijzing: Gerandomiseerd

Blindering: Open / niet geblindeerd

Controle: Geneesmiddel

Deelname

Nederland

Status: Werving gestopt

(Verwachte) startdatum: 25-09-2012

Aantal proefpersonen: 142

Type: Werkelijke startdatum

Voornemen beschikbaar stellen Individuele Patiënten Data (IPD)

Wordt de data na het onderzoek gedeeld: Nee

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies

Datum: 24-01-2013

Soort: Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

ID: 37125

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL3628 NTR-old NTR3816

CCMO NL40737.091.12

ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

OMON NL-OMON37125

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

N/A