

Food2Learn: Effect of omega-3 LCPUFA intervention on learning, cognition, behaviour and visual processing

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Supplementation with omega-3 LCPUFA from krill oil in healthy adolescents will result in: - improvement of the omega-3 index - improved cognitive performance - improved mental well-being - better academic achievement

Ethische beoordeling	Positief advies
Status	Werving gestart
Type aandoening	-
Onderzoekstype	Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON21796

Bron

Nationaal Trial Register

Verkorte titel

Food2Learn

Aandoening

Key words (English): omega-3 fatty acids, LCPUFA, krill oil, cognition, academic achievement, mental well-being, eye tracking

Key words (Dutch): omega-3 vetzuren, LCPUFA, krill olie, cognitie, schoolprestatie, mentale gezondheid, eye tracking

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: Open University in the Netherlands, Centre for Learning Sciences and Technologies

Overige ondersteuning: NWO (the Netherlands Organisation for Scientific Research)
Omegametrix
Aker BioMarine Antarctic AS
Olympic Seafood

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

Academic achievement: grade point average for Dutch, English, and Mathematics

Cognitive performance: neuropsychological tests covering several executive functions (LDST, D2, Digit Span Forward and Backward, CST, Stroop test)

Behavior: absenteeism, motivation (MSLQ), Mood (CES-D), Self-esteem (RSE)

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

The brain is primarily developed in the third trimester of pregnancy, but continues maturing through the late twenties, especially the prefrontal cortex. Omega-3 long-chain polyunsaturated fatty acids (LCPUFA) are important structural components of neural cell membranes, influence membrane fluidity and signal transduction, and thus learning, cognition and behaviour. Levels of omega-3 LCPUFA have been found to be low in individuals with limitations in these complex brain functions. Previous studies suggested that such functions could be improved by increasing LCPUFA. The adolescent brain, however, has been largely neglected.

This study investigates the effect of one-year daily omega-3 LCPUFA supplementation, in particular krill oil, in healthy 14-15 year old adolescents in lower general secondary education (MAVO/VMBO) on learning, cognition, and behaviour. The majority of the omega-3 PUFA in krill oil is incorporated into phospholipids, favouring tissue uptake of its omega-3 PUFA. In a double blind, randomised controlled trial, 300 adolescents preselected from a population of 700 adolescents with low omega-3 index (<5%) will receive daily omega-3 LCPUFA supplementation or matching placebo. The omega-3 LCPUFA dose will be adjusted individually to reach a target level of 8-11%. The effects on learning (academic achievement, objective cognitive performance), behaviour (mood, self-esteem, motivation, goal-orientation, absenteeism), and in a subsample cognitive processes, in particular perceptual processes measured by eye-tracking will be evaluated after 6, 12, and 24 months. This study will yield important insights in the effects of omega-3 LCPUFA supplementation, a safe intervention, on a large variety of complex brain functions.

Main changes (audit trail) 22-may-2016: Originally, the sample size calculation was based on a power of 0.8 and a medium effect size of 0.3 and ANOVA as analyses method. However, new insights led to the conclusion that not ANOVA but a mixed methods analyses would be

more appropriate. The power analyses were, thus, redone for this. Also, the new power calculation took into account that there were multiple measurement moments and that drop out was possible. Multiple calculation in RMASS software with standardised input numbers such as an average effect size of $d = 0.25$ at 6 month follow-up and an equal or 10% higher effect size at 12 months follow up and a drop-out of 25% per measurement moment (and thus a total dropout rate of 43%), an error variation varying from 0.4 to 0.5 and a intercept variation of 0.3 to 0.5

with a slope variation of 0.0 (fixed effects), showed that between 183 and 285 participants at baseline should be sufficient to achieve a power of 0.8. The power calculation for the sleep sub study suggested that 42 students (21 in placebo and 21 in krill oil group) was sufficient. This number of students is based upon power calculation with a power of 0.8, $\alpha = 0.05$ and the ability to detect a 20 minute difference in sleep duration. For the eye-tracking study no power calculation was executed. As such a study had never been executed before, we did not believe that a reliable power calculation would be possible.

Doel van het onderzoek

Supplementation with omega-3 LCPUFA from krill oil in healthy adolescents will result in:

- improvement of the omega-3 index
- improved cognitive performance
- improved mental well-being
- better academic achievement

Onderzoeksopzet

Baseline and follow up after 3 months, 6 months, and 12 months. Intervention of another 12 months (up to 24 months) is still under consideration.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

1 years supplementation with Krill oil provided by Aker BioMarine Antarctic AS equalling almost the daily recommended amount of 450 mg of EPA/DHA intake per day.

Contactpersonen

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Wetenschappelijk

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

Healthy adolescents aged 14-15 years in lower general secondary education (MAVO/VMBO).

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

Suffering from any medical disorders associated with learning deficits, such as ADHD, dyslexia, or autism.

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Toewijzing:	N.v.t. / één studie arm
Blindering:	Dubbelblind

Controle: Placebo

Deelname

Nederland
Status: Werving gestart
(Verwachte) startdatum: 01-01-2014
Aantal proefpersonen: 350
Type: Verwachte startdatum

Voornemen beschikbaar stellen Individuele Patiënten Data (IPD)

Wordt de data na het onderzoek gedeeld: Nog niet bepaald

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies
Datum: 18-07-2013
Soort: Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL3912
NTR-old	NTR4082
Ander register	METC : 13-T-115
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

N/A