

Metabolic and vascular adaptations to a positive energy balance

Gepubliceerd: 21-10-2008 Laatst bijgewerkt: 18-08-2022

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Ethische beoordeling	Positief advies
Status	Werving gestart
Type aandoening	-
Onderzoekstype	Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON22377

Bron

NTR

Verkorte titel

Hypercaloric study

Aandoening

Insulin resistance, diabetes, obesity and inflammation

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: Department of Endocrinology and Metabolism

Academic Medical Center, Amsterdam, the Netherlands

Overige ondersteuning: fund = initiator = sponsor

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

- Weight gain and loss

- Pro-inflammatory response in adipose tissue and in plasma after initialising a hypercaloric diet

- Change in inflammatory response after switching to hypocaloric diet

- Insulin sensitivity; Homa-IR and B-cell function

- Changes in incretine response in relation to hyper- and hypocaloric diet

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Since not all obese people develop insulin resistance and the time frame between the onset of obesity and the early onset of the disturbances in lipid, glucose and endothelium metabolism is not exactly known, longitudinal studies, studying the metabolic alterations in response to a positive energy balance in humans are needed.

The present study is a prospective study to evaluate the sequence of metabolic adaptations in lean subjects, during a positive energy balance followed by a negative energy balance.

Doel van het onderzoek

A positive energy balance in male subjects with a first degree relative with DM II will result in a pro-inflammatory response (MCP-1, IL-6 and TNF α) associated with inflammatory changes within adipose tissue (AT) and an increased sympathetic activity. The degree of systemic and local (AT) inflammation will be predictive for the subsequent decrease in hepatic and peripheral insulin sensitivity. The negative energy balance will restore glucose and lipid metabolism to baseline levels preceded by a decrease in inflammatory markers.

Onderzoeksopzet

This study will include 8 men who will consume a hyper caloric diet until they gain sufficient amount of weight, defined as 6% of their initial body weight. We expect that the study subjects will reach this target within 2-3 months. If participants have not reached the 6% weight gain within 3 months, the hypercaloric diet will be ended also. The hypercaloric diet will directly be followed by a hypo-caloric diet to return to the baseline weight.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Based on the eucaloric diet in the run-in phase, a hypercaloric diet will be designed calculated as 1.4 x kcal in the eucaloric diet. The protein, fat and carbohydrate content of the diet will respectively be 16%, 30% and 54% of the caloric intake. The surplus of energy will be provided as a liquid (Nutridrink) which consists of 12 g protein, 36.8 g carbohydrates and 11.2 g fat (total 300 kcal) per 200 ml. The hypercaloric diet will be ended when study subjects reach 6% weight gain, or after 3 months if participants do not have reached the 6% weight gain.

Thereafter based on the actual REE, the subjects will consume a diet (1.0 x REE) aimed to lose the gained weight and return to baseline weight. Subjects will be monitored weekly for resting energy expenditure, physical activity, weight, body composition and dietary intake. The diet will be adjusted if the weight remains stable. The study will be ended when the participant has lost the gained weight.

Contactpersonen

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Wetenschappelijk

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

1. Age between 30-50
2. normal glucose tolerance (OGTT)

3. Caucasian men
4. normal weight BMI >20 and <25

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

1. Age < 30- > 50 years
2. Frequent intensive exercise (>2 week) or sedentary life style
3. Any medication
4. Lipid disorders, renal insufficiency, elevated liver enzymes
5. Obesity in the past
6. BMI < 20->25 kg/m²
7. Smoking
8. Unstable weight 3 months prior to study inclusion
9. High blood pressure
10. Alcohol abuse (> 3day)
11. Participation in research during the year prior to inclusion

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Toewijzing:	Niet-gerandomiseerd
Blinding:	Open / niet geblindeerd
Controle:	N.v.t. / onbekend

Deelname

Nederland
Status: Werving gestart
(Verwachte) startdatum: 01-08-2008
Aantal proefpersonen: 8
Type: Verwachte startdatum

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies
Datum: 21-10-2008
Soort: Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL1441
NTR-old	NTR1502
Ander register	: MEC 08/077
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

N/A