Effectiveness of a participatory approach on the use of four ergonomic measures reducing musculoskeletal disorders among construction workers compared with no intervention.

Gepubliceerd: 16-09-2005 Laatst bijgewerkt: 18-08-2022

It has been hypothesised that, because participatory ergonomics (PE) implementation strategies intervene at all phases of behavioural change for the various stakeholders, they may be successful in increasing the use of ergonomic measures at...

Ethische beoordeling	Niet van toepassing
Status	Werving gestopt
Type aandoening	-
Onderzoekstype	Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON22404

Bron NTR

Verkorte titel N/A

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

Use of ergonomic measures (doing).

1 - Effectiveness of a participatory approach on the use of four ergonomic measures \ldots 5-05-2025

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Objective:

To study the effectiveness of a participatory ergonomics (PE) implementation strategy on the use of ergonomic measures for reducing the physical work demands of construction work.

Methods:

In a cluster randomised controlled trial, ten bricklaying companies were randomly assigned either to an intervention group which was subjected to a PE implementation strategy (N=5) or to a control group (N=5). The PE implementation strategy consisted of a consultant-guided six-step approach in which different stakeholders from the company participated. Bricklayers and bricklayers' assistants in the intervention group (n=65) and the control group (n=53) were followed for six months and their use of four ergonomic measures was compared. These measures consisted of adjusting working height when picking up bricks and mortar, adjusting working height for bricklaying at the wall side, mechanising the transport of bricks and mechanising the transport of mortar. The use of ergonomic measures was assessed by means of worksite observations and questionnaires at baseline and after six months. The behavioural change phases of the workers and the employers were determined by questionnaires and interviews respectively. Performance indicators for the PE implementation strategy were assessed through observations by researchers during the implementation process and through questionnaires completed by workers.

Results:

The PE implementation strategy had no statistically significant effect on the use of any of the four ergonomic measures either at cluster or at individual level. None of the companies in the intervention group passed through all six steps of the PE implementation strategy. Process outcomes suggest that the ability to use ergonomic measures increased. In bricklaying, self-efficacy and skills to adapt the working height on the scaffolding improved significantly.

Conclusion:

The PE implementation strategy did not lead to greater use of ergonomic measures in bricklaying or in the transport of materials. The performance indicators of the PE

2 - Effectiveness of a participatory approach on the use of four ergonomic measures \ldots 5-05-2025

implementation strategy and the corresponding behavioural change phases in stakeholders can help to detect essential elements of the intervention.

Doel van het onderzoek

It has been hypothesised that, because participatory ergonomics (PE) implementation strategies intervene at all phases of behavioural change for the various stakeholders, they may be successful in increasing the use of ergonomic measures at worksites. A PE implementation strategy is defined as the involvement of people in planning and controlling a significant amount of their own work activities with sufficient knowledge and power to influence processes and outcomes to achieve desirable goals.

Onderzoeksopzet

N/A

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

1. A six-step participatory approach aimed at behavioural change among employers and employees within companies guided by an experienced ergonomics consultant during 6 months. Employers, work planners, foremen and representatives of bricklayers and bricklayers' assistants structured and organised the approach and process through a steering group within each company;

2. No intervention.

Contactpersonen

Publiek

Academic Medical Center (AMC), Coronel Institute for occupational and Environmental Health, P.O. Box 22660 Monique Frings-Dresen Meibergdreef 9 Amsterdam 1100 DD The Netherlands +31 (0)20 5665325 / +31 (0)20 5665385

Wetenschappelijk

Academic Medical Center (AMC), Coronel Institute for occupational and Environmental Health, P.O. Box 22660 Monique Frings-Dresen Meibergdreef 9 Amsterdam 1100 DD The Netherlands +31 (0)20 5665325 / +31 (0)20 5665385

Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

Almost no use (< 10% of the working time) of one ergonomic measure (adjusting the height of bricklaying materials).

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

None (employers and employees were the participants).

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Туре:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Toewijzing:	Gerandomiseerd
Blindering:	Open / niet geblindeerd
Controle:	N.v.t. / onbekend

Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving gestopt
(Verwachte) startdatum:	01-01-2003
Aantal proefpersonen:	118
Туре:	Werkelijke startdatum

4 - Effectiveness of a participatory approach on the use of four ergonomic measures ... 5-05-2025

Ethische beoordeling

Niet van toepassing Soort:

Niet van toepassing

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL292
NTR-old	NTR330
Ander register	: BBC.03.221
ISRCTN	ISRCTN84454743

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health 2005;31(3):191-204. Applied Ergonomics 2005; 36: 449-459. Thesis: 'Evidence-based implementation of ergonomic measures in construction work', Universiteit van Amsterdam, 2005 (ISBN 90-72748-46-8).