An online relapse prevention program based on Acceptance and Commitment Therapy for chronic pain patients and chronic fatigue patients

Gepubliceerd: 16-09-2013 Laatst bijgewerkt: 18-08-2022

We expect an improvement in psychological flexibility and a decrease in pain interference in daily life or in fatigue. Furthermore, we expect a decrease in depression and anxiety symptoms.

Ethische beoordeling Positief advies **Status** Werving gestopt

Type aandoening -

Onderzoekstype Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON22429

Bron

NTR

Verkorte titel

Relapse prevention for chronic pain and fatigue patients

Aandoening

chronic pain chronic fatigue

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: Roessingh Research and Development

University of Twente

Overige ondersteuning: Roessingh Research and Development

University of Twente

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

The first objective is to evaluate the experience of an ACT relapse prevention program "NaDien" by chronic pain patients and chronic fatigue patients after the inpatient program at RCR. The primary focus of the "NaDien"-program is to support chronic pain patients and chronic fatigue patients after their treatment to persist in value-based behavior. Therefore, the first aim of the study is to examine how patients evaluate this program and whether they are satisfied with it.

<

User experience < br >

- -Did the online ACT relapse prevention program support the patients in maintaining value-based behavior?

Furthermore, we want to examine the adherence of the ACT program. We are interested in the adherence of the program by the chronic pain patients, because this is the first time this intervention is examined. The adherence of the online ACT relapse prevention program will be registered automatically by the system. The following aspects will be monitored:

- The following aspects will be monitored:

- -Frequency and duration of one log in.

- -Frequency and duration of page views of the different parts of the program (values and actions, diary, exercises, tips).

- -Frequency of the use of the guidance by SMS and which kind of guidance.

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Rationale: At Roessingh Centre for Rehabilitation (RCR) in the Netherlands chronic pain patients receive an inpatient multidisciplinary 8-12 weeks group program based on Acceptance and Commitment Therapy (ACT). The main focus of ACT is enhancing acceptance and value-based behavior. For chronic pain patients acceptance means that one acknowledges the pain and gives up unproductive attempts to control pain. When these attempts are relinquished, an individual can choose or persist in behavior that is in line with important values. Patients are challenged to implement the behavior changes they learned in the treatment in daily life. However, many chronic patients find it difficult to make this transfer. Therefore, Roessingh Research and Development in collaboration with the University of Twente is currently developing a smartphone application (that also can be used as a website) as relapse prevention program based on ACT for chronic pain patients. This program, called "NaDien", is developed for supporting the patients after treatment and for

preventing relapse.

Objective: The first objective of this study is to evaluate the "NaDien"-program on user experience and adherence. The second objective of this study is to examine the clinical benefits of the program.

Study design: This study uses a non-randomized intervention design.

Study population: Patients are 18 years and older. Their primary complaint is chronic pain and/or fatigue. They receive an inpatient multidisciplinary group treatment at the Pain Department of the RCR. In addition, patients should have access to Internet at a computer and/or a smartphone

Intervention: The online program "NaDien" is based on ACT. The program can be downloaded as an application ("app") on a smartphone and/or can be used as a website on a computer. The program consists of different parts that are all intended to help the patient in maintaining value-based behavior. The user can register his/her values and actions and exercises. The user can share tips with other users and fill out a diary. Furthermore, users can receive guidance by receiving SMS or email as a reminder and/or with motivational content.

Main study parameters/endpoints: To evaluate the user experience, semi-structured qualitative interviews will be held four weeks after treatment. The adherence of the online ACT relapse prevention program will be registered automatically by the system. The following aspects will be monitored: frequency and duration of one log in, frequency and duration of page views of the different parts of the program and frequency of the use of the guidance by SMS or email and which kind of guidance.

Doel van het onderzoek

We expect an improvement in psychological flexibility and a decrease in pain interference in daily life or in fatigue. Furthermore, we expect a decrease in depression and anxiety symptoms.

Onderzoeksopzet

To examine the patient's experience, participants are invited for an interview two months after their pain treatment. For examining the clinical effects of the relapse program, we use questionnaires that are obtained by the standard procedures at the RCR. All patients are asked to fill out questionnaires before and after their treatment and at a three-month follow-up for examining the effects of the treatment on psychological flexibility (PIPS), pain interference (MPI) or fatigue (CIS) and psychological distress (HADS). Patients are involved in this study for duration of approximately six months from entry until they receive the three-month follow-up questionnaire.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

The online relapse prevention program, called "NaDien", is based on Acceptance and Commitment Therapy (ACT). The program can be downloaded as an application ("app") on a smartphone and/or can be used as a website on a computer. The program consists of different parts that are all intended to help the patient in maintaining value-based behavior. The user can register his/her values and actions and exercises. The user can share tips with other users and fill out a diary. Furthermore, users can receive guidance by receiving SMS or email as a reminder and/or with motivational content.

The patients are advised to use the program already during treatment and for two months after the treatment.

Contactpersonen

Publiek

Universiteit Twente Afdeling GW/PCGR Postbus 217 Martine Fledderus Universiteit Twente Afdeling GW/PCGR Postbus 217 Enschede 7500 AE The Netherlands +31 (0)6 5105 6727

Wetenschappelijk

Universiteit Twente Afdeling GW/PCGR Postbus 217 Martine Fledderus Universiteit Twente Afdeling GW/PCGR Postbus 217 Enschede 7500 AE The Netherlands +31 (0)6 5105 6727

Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

Patients are 18 years and older. Their primary complaint is chronic pain and/or fatigue. They receive an inpatient multidisciplinary group treatment at the Pain Department at the Roessingh Centre for Rehabilitation (RCR) (Enschede, the Netherlands). In addition, patients should have access to Internet at a computer and/or a smartphone.

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

There are no exclusion criteria for including participants into the study.

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type: Interventie onderzoek

Onderzoeksmodel: Anders

Toewijzing: N.v.t. / één studie arm

Blindering: Open / niet geblindeerd

Controle: N.v.t. / onbekend

Deelname

Nederland

Status: Werving gestopt

(Verwachte) startdatum: 06-05-2013

Aantal proefpersonen: 10

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies

Datum: 16-09-2013

Soort: Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL4005 NTR-old NTR4177

Ander register : P13-07 METC

ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

N/A