

Case-control study; The effect of counterfactual thinking on retrospective control perceptions in posttraumatic stress disorder.

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1. The generation of behavioral and controllable CFTs will lead to increased retrospective control perceptions in both groups.; 2. The PTSD group will generate more characterological and uncontrollable counterfactuals relative to the comparison...

Ethische beoordeling Niet van toepassing

Status Werving gestart

Type aandoening -

Onderzoekstype Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON23758

Bron

NTR

Verkorte titel

N/A

Aandoening

1. Counterfactual thinking;
2. Posttraumatic stress disorder;
3. Control perceptions.

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: Maastricht University

Student: Tobias Konermann

Overige ondersteuning: Maastricht University

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

Difference score of retrospective control perceptions. Pre- and post-counterfactual control ratings will be obtained by using visual analogue scales ranging from 0 to 100.

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Counterfactual thinking (CFT) can be described as considering alternative outcomes of past events and has been found to be positively associated with symptoms of posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD). The present study assesses whether the generation of CFT leads to enhanced retrospective control perceptions over the traumatic event in a sample of trauma-exposed individuals. Differential effects are compared among a group of individuals that are diagnosed for PTSD and a healthy control group. It is expected that the PTSD group will generate more characterological counterfactuals which will not be associated with increases in control perception. The healthy control group is expected to generate more behavioral counterfactuals which in turn will lead to increased control perceptions.

Doele van het onderzoek

1. The generation of behavioral and controllable CFTs will lead to increased retrospective control perceptions in both groups,;
2. The PTSD group will generate more characterological and uncontrollable counterfactuals relative to the comparison group.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Participants will write down their traumatic event. They will then rate the event on their perceived control over the outcome of the event. After that, they will be instructed to engage in counterfactual thinking concerning the traumatic event by generating thoughts that begin with "What if -?". After performing this task, participants will rate their perceived control over the event again. Thereby, a pre-post counterfactual difference score will be obtained and used as the dependent variable.

Contactpersonen

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

History of trauma-exposure.

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

1. Non-native Dutch speakers;
2. Analphabetism;
3. Comorbid psychiatric disorders (except MDD).

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type: Interventie onderzoek

Onderzoeksmodel: Anders

Controle: N.v.t. / onbekend

Deelname

Nederland

Status: Werving gestart

(Verwachte) startdatum: 30-10-2007

Aantal proefpersonen: 66

Type: Verwachte startdatum

Ethische beoordeling

Niet van toepassing

Soort: Niet van toepassing

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL1028
NTR-old	NTR1060

Register	ID
Ander register	: 248878
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd

Resultaten