SCION - Study on Cost-effectiveness of IPS regarding Open employment in the Netherlands.

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1. Clients in IPS will get more competitive jobs, work more hours, and earn more wages than clients in standard services. 2. IPS will be more cost-effective than standard services in terms of combined medical and non-medical costs.

Ethische beoordeling Positief advies

Status Werving nog niet gestart

Type aandoening -

Onderzoekstype Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON23781

Bron

Nationaal Trial Register

Verkorte titel

SCION

Aandoening

Severe mental illness

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: -Trimbos Institute (Netherlands Institute of Mental Health and Addiction)

-Rob Giel Research centre

Secondary:

Four mental health care organisations:

- Adhesie GGZ Midden-Overijssel
- GGzE Eindhoven
- GGZ Groep Europoort / Maaskringgroep
- GGZ Groningen

Overige ondersteuning: - UWV (Workers Insurance Authority), nr. 419/2002

- -Trimbos Institute (Netherlands Institute of Mental Health and Addiction)
- -Rob Giel Research centre

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

- 1. Proportion entering competitive employment during the follow-up period;

- 2. Competitive employment is defined as part- or full-time work in competitive job market at prevailing wages with supervision provided by personnel employed by the business and in integrated work settings;

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- 3. In a secondary analysis we will also include subsidized work in regular job settings (including temporary competitive work without loss of benefits rights.

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Only 10% of people with severe mental illness (SMI) in the Netherlands have competitive employment.

The Dutch approach to vocational rehabilitation is a cautious one: care providers feel many people with SMI are too symptomatic to work and vocational rehabilitation is focused on prevocational training and sheltered work.

In an implementation project experience has been gained with the Individual Placement and Support (IPS) model of vocational rehabilitation. IPS is integrated within mental health services and focuses on rapid job search. Clinical trials of IPS so far show a large increase of clients with SMI getting a paid job (56% versus 20% with standard vocational services). Although enrolment in IPS itself does not lead to improved clinical outcomes, clients who actually engage in competitive work do experience improvements in self-esteem, and control of symptoms (Bond et al, 2001).

This is a study of the costs and effects of IPS at four sites in the Netherlands. 150 clients will be randomised to IPS or standard vocational services.

Primary outcome measures is the proportion participants entering competitive employment during the 18 month follow-up period. Cost-effectiveness will be assessed, as measured by differences in combined costs per hour of competitive employment gained.

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Doel van het onderzoek

- 1. Clients in IPS will get more competitive jobs, work more hours, and earn more wages than clients in standard services.
- 2. IPS will be more cost-effective than standard services in terms of combined medical and non-medical costs.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

The study is located at four mental health agencies (mentioned at 'secondary sponsors'). IPS (experimental condition) is integrated within case management teams. These teams (staff patient ratio of 1:20 to 30) deliver comprehensive treatment and care for severely mentally ill clients in their respective catchment areas. An employment specialist (or IPS worker) is added to the team to offer IPS. The employment specialist assists people in getting jobs, offers follow-along support after job placement, and spends most of the time in the community. The employment specialist works in close collaboration with the other team members and attends team meetings.

Clients in the control condition use the same treatment and care facilities. In this condition the mental health staff or a counselor links eligible clients to separate vocational services, based on individual competencies and preferences.

These services range from vocational services offered by the mental health agency (in a separate rehabilitation center), a sheltered workshop and/or reintegration companies. In general these services focus more on getting people ready for competitive employment (by assessment, training, prevocational activities and voluntary jobs) instead of the rapid job search of IPS. The primary difference with IPS is that staff from the these control rehabilitation services are not part of the case management teams.

Contactpersonen

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

- 1. Clients of mental health teams specifically focussed at people with severe mental illness (e.g. diagnosis of a serious mental illness (schizophrenia and schizophrenia-like disorders, bipolar disorder, depression with psychotic features);
- 2. Age 18 65 years (i.e. age of retirement);
- 3. Living in the community at baseline (i.e. not hospitalised);
- 4. Clear interest in competitive;employment as a short- or long-term goal;5. No competitive work at inclusion;
- 5. No competitive work at inclusion,
- 6. Willing to give informed consent.

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

N/A

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type: Interventie onderzoek

Onderzoeksmodel: Parallel

Blindering: Enkelblind

Controle: Actieve controle groep

Deelname

Nederland

Status: Werving nog niet gestart

(Verwachte) startdatum: 01-09-2005

Aantal proefpersonen: 150

Type: Verwachte startdatum

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies

Datum: 09-09-2005

Soort: Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL254
NTR-old NTR292
Ander register : N/A

ISRCTN ISRCTN87339610

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

N/A