

Health Benefits of a Vitamin D Supplementation Program in Alcoholism

In Dutch: Vitamine toediening ter verbetering van de gezondheid bij vitamine D gebrek door alcoholgebruik

Gepubliceerd: 13-08-2013 Laatste bijgewerkt: 18-08-2022

VIDIO: Vitamin D Intensive Outreach includes a cholecalciferol loading dose, if applicable, and subsequent bimonthly high-dose cholecalciferol through an outreach approach of the Street Doctor Service in Rotterdam. CAU: Care As Usual includes daily...

Ethische beoordeling	Positief advies
Status	Werving nog niet gestart
Type aandoening	-
Onderzoekstype	Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON23964

Bron

NTR

Verkorte titel

VIDIO

Aandoening

Engels: Vitamin D deficiency; myopathy.

Nederlands: Vitamine D deficiëntie; myopathie.

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: Sponsor: Lelie Zorggroep, location Slingsdael Korsakoff Centre. Slinge 901, 3086 EZ Rotterdam, Netherlands.

Overige ondersteuning: Lelie Zorggroep, location Slingsdael Korsakoff Centre. Slinge 901, 3086 EZ Rotterdam, Netherlands.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

Primary outcome measures are serum 25(OH)vitamin D concentrations.

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Background: Decreased bioavailability of vitamins may be due to inadequate dietary sources, lower intestinal absorption and/or liver dysfunction. Muscular weakness and wasting is frequently

found in chronic alcoholism and might be related to severe vitamin D hypovitaminosis.

Objective: To evaluate the effect of vitamin D supplementation in alcoholic myopathy through intensive outreach in 12 months follow-up.

Design, Setting and Participants: Participants are community-dwelling adults with a history of alcohol use and who are at risk of multiple vitamin deficiencies. Participants with vitamin D deficiencies of <50 nmol/L serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D (25(OH)D) are randomly allocated to one of

two different strategies of vitamin D supplementation. The Vitamin D Intensive Outreach (VIDIO)

program includes a cholecalciferol loading dose, if applicable, and subsequent bimonthly high-dose

cholecalciferol through an outreach approach of the Street Doctor Service in Rotterdam, the Netherlands. Care As Usual (CAU) includes daily prescriptions of cholecalciferol 800 IU, available in

combination with calcium carbonate, and depending on medication compliance of the participants.

Intervention: The VIDIO intervention is based upon general principles to enhance medication compliance for successful treatment, disease prevention, and health promotion, by means of a simple

medication regime in one-on-one patient contacts.

Outcome measures: Primary outcomes are serum 25(OH)D concentrations. Secondary outcomes

include the participants' quadriceps maximal voluntary contractions, gait and balance abilities, results

of cognitive screening, and a health-related quality of life evaluation. Prevalences of vitamin

D and B1 deficiencies will be described.

Discussion: Mediating variables of vitamin D status are identified by assessing baseline characteristics, liver function and other laboratory findings, help-seeking behaviour, social support, and service engagement. Comparison between the two strategies of vitamin D therapy and serum 25(OH)D levels provides insight in the effectiveness of the intervention. Progress in muscle strength in the VIDIO intervention reflects an effect of vitamin D. Possible associations between results of cognitive screening and vitamin D or B1 deficiencies are discussed.

Doel van het onderzoek

VIDIO: Vitamin D Intensive Outreach includes a cholecalciferol loading dose, if applicable, and subsequent bimonthly high-dose cholecalciferol through an outreach approach of the Street Doctor Service in Rotterdam. CAU: Care As Usual includes daily prescriptions of cholecalciferol 800 IU, available in combination with calcium carbonate. The VIDIO intervention is based upon general principles to enhance medication compliance for successful treatment, disease prevention, and health promotion, by means of a simple medication regime in one-on-one patient contacts. We hypothesise that vitamin D supplementation may be more effective on vitamin D levels and muscle performance when given through VIDIO, rather than CAU depending upon medication prescriptions and medication compliance of the participants.

Onderzoeksopzet

Baseline, 6 months, 12 months.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

After receiving the baseline laboratory results, an independent Doctor's Assistant allocates participants to one of the two vitamin D supplementation strategies (VIDIO and CAU). Participants with vitamin D deficiencies of <50 nmol/L serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D (25(OH)D) are randomly allocated to one of two different strategies (VIDIO and CAU) of vitamin D supplementation. VIDIO: Vitamin D Intensive Outreach includes a cholecalciferol loading dose, if applicable, and subsequent bimonthly high-dose cholecalciferol through an outreach approach of the Street Doctor Service in Rotterdam. CAU: Care As Usual includes daily prescriptions of cholecalciferol 800 IU, available in combination with calcium carbonate. The VIDIO intervention is based upon general principles to enhance medication compliance for successful treatment, disease prevention, and health promotion, by means of a simple medication regime in one-on-one patient contacts.

Contactpersonen

Publiek

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Wetenschappelijk

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

Inclusion criteria are having a history of alcohol use and currently living in Rotterdam and vicinity.

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

Exclusion criteria are knee surgery, first year after hip surgery, pregnancy/lactating or trying to conceive, already having vitamin D prescriptions for treatment of osteoporosis or hypovitaminosis D myopathy, inability to give informed consent because of mental incapacity, insufficient command of the Dutch language, and contraindications of Calci Chew D3 or cholecalciferol [15]: hypercalcaemia, renal failure (glomerular filtration rate <30 mL/min per 1,73m²), history of sarcoidosis, lymphomas, hyperparathyroidism, nephrolithiasis/calciuria, and soya or peanut allergy.

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Toewijzing:	Gerandomiseerd
Blinding:	Open / niet geblindeerd
Controle:	Geneesmiddel

Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving nog niet gestart
(Verwachte) startdatum:	01-10-2013
Aantal proefpersonen:	200
Type:	Verwachte startdatum

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies	
Datum:	13-08-2013
Soort:	Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL3949
NTR-old	NTR4114
Ander register	MEC-2012-273 (METC ErasmusMC), NL40553.078.12; EudraCt: 2012-002207-17 NL 20120502 CTA : Slingsdael Korsakovcentrum, Rotterdam
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

Resultaten