

# **Study into the effects of sleep deprivation on driving, cognitive ability and pain perception**

Gepubliceerd: 04-02-2019 Laatst bijgewerkt: 15-05-2024

Sleep deprivation induces impaired driving behavior, decreased cognitive function and lower pain thresholds

<b>Ethische beoordeling</b>	Positief advies
<b>Status</b>	Werving gestart
<b>Type aandoening</b>	-
<b>Onderzoekstype</b>	Interventie onderzoek

## **Samenvatting**

### **ID**

NL-OMON24188

### **Bron**

Nationaal Trial Register

### **Verkorte titel**

CHDR1818

### **Aandoening**

Sleep disorders

### **Ondersteuning**

**Primaire sponsor:** Centre for Human Drug Research

**Overige ondersteuning:** N.A., CHDR funded study

### **Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie**

### **Uitkomstmaten**

#### **Primaire uitkomstmaten**

Part A

- To assess the effect of sleep deprivation on next morning driving (both on road and in simulated driving) and subjective self-reported driving performance tests;
- To assess the effect of sleep deprivation on CNS functioning using the NeuroCart, a CNS test battery;
- To establish the relationship between on-the-road driving, simulated driving, and NeuroCart performance;
- To estimate the repeatability of standard deviation of the lateral position (SDLP) (both on road and in simulated driving) at day time at two different time points after a regular night of sleep.

#### **Part B**

- To assess the effect of sleep deprivation on event related potentials and EEG
- To assess the effect of sleep deprivation on pain tolerance / pain detection threshold using the PainCart, a pain test battery;
- To investigate the effect of sleep deprivation on IES sensitivity and LEPs;
- To estimate the repeatability of IES and LEP at day time at two different time points after a regular night of sleep

#### **Part C**

- To assess the effect of sleep deprivation on pain tolerance / pain detection threshold using the PainCart, a pain test battery;
- To investigate the effect of sleep deprivation on IES sensitivity and LEPs;
- To estimate the repeatability of IES and LEP at day time at two different time points after a regular night of sleep.

## **Toelichting onderzoek**

### **Achtergrond van het onderzoek**

Effects of sleep deprivation on driving, EEG, and PainCart. Single center study, (Centre For Human Drug Research) in Leiden, The Netherlands

### **Doel van het onderzoek**

Sleep deprivation induces impaired driving behavior, decreased cognitive function and lower pain thresholds

### **Onderzoeksopzet**

Approximately 9:00 in the morning and 14:00 in the afternoon

### **Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie**

Sleep deprivation

# Contactpersonen

## Publiek

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## Wetenschappelijk

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## Deelname eisen

### Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

- Healthy subjects, aged 23 to 35 years, inclusive; healthy is defined as no clinically relevant abnormalities identified by a detailed medical and surgical history and a complete physical examination including vital signs. For part A and B: males only, for part C: females only.
- Body mass index (BMI) between 18 and 32 kg/m<sup>2</sup> inclusive.
- Subjects are active and experienced drivers (applicable for part A only):
  - In possession of a driver's license, minimum driving experience of 5 years or more.
  - Minimal car driving mileage of 3000 km per year during the past three years.
- Able to participate and willing to give written informed consent and to comply with the study restrictions.

### Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

- History or symptoms of any significant disease including (but not limited to), neurological, psychiatric, endocrine, cardiovascular, respiratory, gastrointestinal, hepatic or renal disorder.
- Positive test for drugs of abuse at screening or during the study. Positive tests at screening may be repeated.
- History of and presence of sleep disturbances/disorders.
- Change in time zones 7 days prior to the study periods.

- Smoker of more than 10 cigarettes per day prior to screening or who use tobacco products equivalent to more than 10 cigarettes per day.
- Consume, on average, > 8 units/day of (methyl)-xanthines (e.g. coffee, tea, cola, chocolate) and not able to refrain from use during each stay at the CHDR clinic.
- Presence of Simulator Sickness Syndrome (applicable for part A only).
- Subjects indicating pain tests intolerable at screening or achieving tolerance at >80% of maximum input intensity for any pain test for cold, pressure and electrical tests (applicable for part B and C only).
- Any circumstances or conditions, which, in the opinion of the investigator, may affect full participation in the study or compliance with the protocol.
- Dark skin (Fitzpatrick skin type V - VI), wide-spread acne, tattoos or scarring on the volar forearms (applicable for part B and C only).

## Onderzoeksopzet

### Opzet

Type:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Cross-over
Toewijzing:	N.v.t. / één studie arm
Blinding:	Open / niet geblindeerd
Controle:	N.v.t. / onbekend

### Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving gestart
(Verwachte) startdatum:	14-02-2019
Aantal proefpersonen:	72
Type:	Verwachte startdatum

### Voornemen beschikbaar stellen Individuele Patiënten Data (IPD)

**Wordt de data na het onderzoek gedeeld:** Nog niet bepaald

## Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies	
Datum:	04-02-2019

## Registraties

### Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

ID: 48420

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

### Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

## In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL7517
CCMO	NL68626.056.19
OMON	NL-OMON48420

## Resultaten