

Improving treatment decisions for elderly cancer patients by including their preferences and performing an assessment.

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The majority of newly diagnosed cancer patients are >65 years of age. Elderly patients are more vulnerable than younger ones, due to comorbidities and frailty. Their treatment goals and preferences may also differ greatly. This study uses a...

Ethische beoordeling	Niet van toepassing
Status	Werving gestopt
Type aandoening	-
Onderzoekstype	Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON25276

Bron

NTR

Verkorte titel

n/a

Aandoening

frailty, cancer in the elderly, patient preferences, treatment objectives, treatment decisions

frailty, kanker en ouderen, patientvoorkeuren, behandeldoelen, handelbesluiten

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: University Medical Center Groningen

Overige ondersteuning: The Dutch Cancer Society (KWF Kankerbestrijding)

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

Change in treatment advice; Geriatric assessment outcomes; Process of inclusion and decision-making

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

In this study, we aim to include 250 onco-geriatric patients. They undergo a Geriatric Assessment and are interviewed by trained oncology nurses. They are asked to state their treatment goals and preferences using a decision tool. Following inclusion, patients are discussed during a dedicated onco-geriatric multidisciplinary team meeting and a treatment advice is given to their treating consultant based on assessment and interview outcomes. Follow-up takes place 6 months post-treatment.

Doel van het onderzoek

The majority of newly diagnosed cancer patients are >65 years of age. Elderly patients are more vulnerable than younger ones, due to comorbidities and frailty. Their treatment goals and preferences may also differ greatly. This study uses a stepwise approach to investigate decision-making, comparing tumour board decisions to treatment advice by a multidisciplinary onco-geriatric team meeting.

Onderzoeksopzet

Geriatric assessment + patient preferences + interview: upon inclusion.

Multidisciplinary onco-geriatric team meeting + patient discussion: up to 1 week after inclusion.

Follow-up interview, GARS, EORTC-QLQ-c30 and EORTC-QLQ-eld14: >6 months post-treatment

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Geriatric Assessment including Time Up and Go (TUG), Groningen Activity Restriction Scale (GARS), Groningen Frailty Indicator (GFI) EORTC QLQ-c30 and eld14; Letterfluency Test, Charlson comorbidity index (CCI). Patient preference discussion and prioritisation using Options Tool, nurse-led interview.

Contactpersonen

Publiek

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Wetenschappelijk

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

age >69 years; (suspicion of) solid tumour; referred to hospital for treatment; Dutch speaking

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

no malignancy; non-solid malignancy; Non-Dutch speaking

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type:	Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen
Onderzoeksmodel:	Factorieel
Toewijzing:	N.v.t. / één studie arm
Blinding:	Open / niet geblindeerd
Controle:	N.v.t. / onbekend

Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving gestopt
(Verwachte) startdatum:	01-09-2014
Aantal proefpersonen:	250
Type:	Werkelijke startdatum

Ethische beoordeling

Niet van toepassing	
Soort:	Niet van toepassing

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL6473
NTR-old	NTR6660
Ander register	KWF : RUG 2013-6444

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

n/a