

# Tumor-derived circulating endothelial cells as a biomarker in locally advanced and metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma

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We hypothesize that CD276-positive CECs can be of clinical value in patients with locally advanced or metastatic ccRCC

|                             |                                                     |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Ethische beoordeling</b> | Positief advies                                     |
| <b>Status</b>               | Werving gestart                                     |
| <b>Type aandoening</b>      | -                                                   |
| <b>Onderzoekstype</b>       | Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen |

## Samenvatting

### ID

NL-OMON25402

### Bron

Nationaal Trial Register

### Verkorte titel

RECEC

### Aandoening

Clear cell renal cell carcinoma, endothelial cell, metastatic disease, VEGFR-TKI

## Ondersteuning

**Primaire sponsor:** Erasmus MC Medical Center

**Overige ondersteuning:** Erasmus MC Medical Center

## Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

## Uitkomstmaten

### Primaire uitkomstmaten

The value of CD276-positive CECs in locally advanced or metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma before start VEGFR-TKI based therapy

## Toelichting onderzoek

### Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Renal cell carcinoma accounts for 2-3% of the malignancies in adults worldwide. 70-80% of the malignant solid lesions of the kidney are clear cell renal cell carcinomas (ccRCC). With ccRCC being relatively chemotherapy and radiotherapy resistant, targeted therapies are the therapies of choice in ccRCC when treatment is indicated. No sensitive biomarkers are available to determine the response of these targeted therapies. Since all of the first-line targeted therapies exert anti-angiogenic effects, circulating endothelial cells (CECs) can fulfill a role in this need for biomarkers. CECs are endothelial cells that are shed from the vessel wall. Recently, we identified a marker (CD276) that can distinguish between CECs that originate from the normal vasculature (CD276-negative) and the tumor vasculature (CD276-positive) in patients. Also, studies have shown that 95-98% of the immunohistochemically stained ccRCC vasculature specimens are positive for CD276 and that diffuse vascular CD276-expression was associated with poor outcome. Therefore, we hypothesize that CD276-positive CECs can be of clinical value in patients with locally advanced metastatic ccRCC.

### Doel van het onderzoek

We hypothesize that CD276-positive CECs can be of clinical value in patients with locally advanced or metastatic ccRCC

### Onderzoeksopzet

- CD276-positive CEC count at baseline and after 4 weeks of VEGFR-TKI based therapy
- PFS at 12 months

### Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Blood draw at baseline and after 4 weeks

## Contactpersonen

## **Publiek**

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## **Wetenschappelijk**

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## **Deelname eisen**

### **Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)**

- Patients with locally advanced or metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma
- Candidate for receiving first-line therapy with sunitinib or pazopanib
- Age >18 years
- Written informed consent

### **Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)**

- Serious illness or medical unstable condition prohibiting adequate treatment and follow-up
- Previous treatment with systemic therapy for clear cell renal cell carcinoma

## Onderzoeksopzet

### Opzet

|                  |                                                     |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Type:            | Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen |
| Onderzoeksmodel: | Parallel                                            |
| Toewijzing:      | N.v.t. / één studie arm                             |
| Blinding:        | Open / niet geblindeerd                             |
| Controle:        | N.v.t. / onbekend                                   |

### Deelname

|                         |                      |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Nederland               |                      |
| Status:                 | Werving gestart      |
| (Verwachte) startdatum: | 16-12-2016           |
| Aantal proefpersonen:   | 75                   |
| Type:                   | Verwachte startdatum |

## Ethische beoordeling

|                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Positief advies |                  |
| Datum:          | 21-06-2018       |
| Soort:          | Eerste indiening |

## Registraties

### Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

ID: 45737  
Bron: ToetsingOnline  
Titel:

### Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

## In overige registers

| Register | ID             |
|----------|----------------|
| NTR-new  | NL7058         |
| NTR-old  | NTR7296        |
| CCMO     | NL58598.078.16 |
| OMON     | NL-OMON45737   |

## Resultaten