

# Influenza vaccination in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus and Wegener's granulomatosis.

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1. a. Does influenza vaccination in SLE and Wegener patients result in a decreased humoral immune response compared to healthy age-matched controls?; b. Does influenza vaccination in SLE and Wegener patients result in a decreased cellular immune...

**Ethische beoordeling** Positief advies

**Status** Werving gestopt

**Type aandoening** -

**Onderzoekstype** Interventie onderzoek

## Samenvatting

### ID

NL-OMON25590

### Bron

Nationaal Trial Register

### Verkorte titel

N/A

### Aandoening

1. Systemic lupus erythematosus;
2. Wegener's granulomatosis.

### Ondersteuning

**Primaire sponsor:** University Medical Center Groningen, the Netherlands

**Overige ondersteuning:** 1. University Medical Center Groningen, the Netherlands;<br>2. J.K. de Cock Foundation, the Netherlands;<br>3. Solvay Pharmaceuticals, the Netherlands.

### Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

## **Uitkomstmaten**

### **Primaire uitkomstmaten**

Antibody response to vaccination:<br> seroprotection rate, fourfold titre rises and geometric mean titres.

## **Toelichting onderzoek**

### **Achtergrond van het onderzoek**

Influenza vaccination in patients with systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Wegener's granulomatosis (WG) seems indicated, as they are at increased risk for infections and have a higher risk of morbidity and mortality following influenza infection. However, questions regarding safety and efficacy of vaccination remain.

In this study we will address the questions concerning safety and immunogenicity of influenza vaccination in our (immuno-suppressed) cohorts of SLE and WG patients. Patients with different immuno-suppressive regimes will be vaccinated and disease activity and antibody response will be monitored thereafter.

Patients will be randomized to receive either a vaccination or to participate as patient control. Furthermore a group of healthy controls will be vaccinated. Follow-up will be at 1 month and 3-4 months following vaccination.

Primary outcomes is the antibody response to vaccination, secondary outcomes are disease activity as measured by disease activity indexes and cell-mediated immune responses to influenza.

### **Doel van het onderzoek**

1. a. Does influenza vaccination in SLE and Wegener patients result in a decreased humoral immune response compared to healthy age-matched controls?;
- b. Does influenza vaccination in SLE and Wegener patients result in a decreased cellular

- immune respons compared to healthy age-matched controls?;
- c. Do different immuno-suppressive therapies in these patients influence the immune responses after vaccination?;
2. Does influenza vaccination in SLE and Wegener patients increase disease activity?

### **Onderzoeksopzet**

t = 0

t = 1 month

t = 3-4 months

### **Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie**

Influenza vaccination.

## **Contactpersonen**

### **Publiek**

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### **Wetenschappelijk**

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## **Deelname eisen**

### **Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)**

1. Patients have to fulfil international disease criteria of SLE or WG;
2. quiescent disease, defined as SLEDAI under 6 or BVAS under 2;
3. informed consent.

### **Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)**

SLE patients are not eligible for the study in case of:

1. active disease, defined as SLEDAI >5;
2. a yearly influenza vaccination is concerned mandatory by the patient's physician;
3. use of prednisone >30 mg/day;
4. pregnancy;
5. no informed consent.

WG patients are not eligible for the study in case of:

1. active disease, defined as BVAS >1;
2. a yearly influenza vaccination is concerned mandatory by the patient's physician;
3. use of prednisone >30 mg/day;
4. use of cyclofosfamide >100 mg/day;
5. pregnancy.

# Onderzoeksopzet

## Opzet

Type:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Toewijzing:	Gerandomiseerd
Blinding:	Open / niet geblindeerd
Controle:	N.v.t. / onbekend

## Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving gestopt
(Verwachte) startdatum:	01-10-2005
Aantal proefpersonen:	240
Type:	Werkelijke startdatum

## Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies	
Datum:	14-11-2007
Soort:	Eerste indiening

## Registraties

### Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

### Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

## In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL1096
NTR-old	NTR1130
Ander register	Medical Ethics Committee - University Medical Center Groningen : 2005-147
ISRCTN	Wordt niet aangevraagd/retrospectief onderzoek

## Resultaten

### Samenvatting resultaten

Ann Rheum Dis. 2008 Jul 14. [Epub ahead of print].