

Youth Experience Study.

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1. Is there an association between trauma and psychopathology in children? 2. Is there a (causal) relationship between trauma and expression of psychosis (liability)? 3. Is there evidence of (epi) genetic moderation of this association? 4. What...

Ethische beoordeling	Positief advies
Status	Werving gestart
Type aandoening	-
Onderzoekstype	Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON25951

Bron

NTR

Verkorte titel

JES

Aandoening

trauma, psychosis, anxiety, depression
In Dutch: trauma, psychose, angst, depressie

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: University Maastricht (UM)

Overige ondersteuning: Ministry OC&W

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

1. Psychosis;

2. Depression;

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

There is a growing body of evidence linking childhood trauma to psychosis. However, the exact mechanisms driving the association remain to be elucidated. The study will specifically focus on how traumatic events in childhood could result in onset of psychotic symptoms. We also strive to gain more detailed insight into the relation between specific characteristics of the traumatic events and subsequent risk of psychosis.

Doel van het onderzoek

1. Is there an association between trauma and psychopathology in children?
2. Is there a (causal) relationship between trauma and expression of psychosis (liability)?
3. Is there evidence of (epi) genetic moderation of this association?
4. What are the mechanisms underlying the association between childhood trauma and psychosis?
5. Do genetic polymorphisms, that previous research suggests may mediate environmental sensitivity, moderate the association between trauma and psychosis?

Onderzoeksopzet

Baseline and follow-up 2 years later.

Measurements that will be used:

Interviews: KSDADS-PL, ITEC and CIDI.

Questionnaires: CAPE, BDI-II, YSR, STAI, PBI, JTV, RPV.

Experience sampling method (psymate).

Computer tasks: Picture sequencing Task, Beads task, Facial affect recognition, white noise task.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

This is not an intervention study.

The study is about the effects of youth experiences on the development later in life which will be studied using:

1. Interviews;
2. Questionnaires;
3. Experimental tasks;
4. Saliva sample;
5. Experience sampling method.

Contactpersonen

Publiek

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Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

Children under treatment:

Need to be between 12 and 17 years old.

Siblings:

1. Need to be at least 12 years of age (no upper age limit);
2. At least one sibling needs to participate (if available);
3. More than one sibling is allowed to participate (if available).

Parents of cases:

1. Need to be the biological parent;
2. Participation is preferred, however not needed for cases and their siblings to be included into the study;
3. More than one parent is allowed to participate.

Controls:

Need to be between 12 and 17 years old.

Parents of controls:

1. Need to be the biological parent;
2. Participation is preferred, however not needed for controls to be included into the study;
3. More than one parent is allowed to participate.

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

All participants:

When a participant (child and/or parent) does not want to be informed about any possible clinically relevant findings that can be found throughout the study.

Children under treatment:

1. Mental Retardation (IQ score below 70);
2. Insufficient knowledge of the Dutch language;
3. Being diagnosed with an Autistic Spectrum Disorder according to the DSM-IV with the exception of Pervasive Developmental Disorder Not Otherwise Specified (PDD-NOS). The reason for this is the difficulties autistic children will have in participating with the assessments;
4. Being adopted.

Siblings:

1. Mental Retardation (IQ score below 70);
2. Insufficient knowledge of the Dutch language;
3. Being diagnosed with an Autistic Spectrum Disorder according to the DSM-IV with the exception of Pervasive Developmental Disorder Not Otherwise Specified (PDD-NOS);
4. Being adopted.

Parents of cases:

1. Mental Retardation (IQ score below 70);
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Controls:

1. Mental Retardation (IQ score below 70);
2. Insufficient knowledge of the Dutch language;
3. Being diagnosed with an Autistic Spectrum Disorder according to the DSM-IV with the exception of Pervasive Developmental Disorder Not Otherwise Specified (PDD-NOS);
4. Being adopted;
5. In the presence of a lifetime history of treatment at a mental health care institution.

Parents of controls:

1. Mental Retardation (IQ score below 70);
2. Insufficient knowledge of the Dutch language.

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type:	Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Toewijzing:	Niet-gerandomiseerd
Controle:	N.v.t. / onbekend

Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving gestart
(Verwachte) startdatum:	15-03-2012
Aantal proefpersonen:	650
Type:	Verwachte startdatum

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies

Datum: 04-03-2012
Soort: Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

ID: 35500
Bron: ToetsingOnline
Titel:

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL3205
NTR-old	NTR3356
CCMO	NL37420.068.11
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.
OMON	NL-OMON35500

Resultaten

Samenvatting resultaten

N/A