Evaluation of withdrawing growth hormone treatment in mid-puberty in stead of at final height in a group of growth hormone deficient adolescents

Gepubliceerd: 15-08-2017 Laatst bijgewerkt: 18-08-2022

Assuming that 80 % of the adolescents have a normal growth hormone secretion when retesting in puberty, we think there is no significant difference in final height between the group that discontinue growth hormone treatment (after a normal test in...

Ethische beoordeling	Positief advies
Status	Werving gestart
Type aandoening	-
Onderzoekstype	Interventie onderzoek

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON26765

Bron Nationaal Trial Register

Verkorte titel GROEISPURT

Aandoening

growth hormone deficiency

growth hormone treatment

cost-efficiency

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: VU medisch centrum **Overige ondersteuning:** ZonMw
 Zorgverzekeraars Nederland

1 - Evaluation of withdrawing growth hormone treatment in mid-puberty in stead of at ... 29-05-2025

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

Adult height (AH) minus target height (TH) SDS.

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Rationale: If children who are diagnosed as idiopathic isolated growth hormone deficiency are retested for growth secretion after adult height has been reached, a normal test result is often observed. It appears plausible that if a normal GH secretion is observed in mid-puberty, GH treatment may only have a minor effect on adult height. We hypothesize that withdrawing GH treatment in mid-puberty has no negative effect on attained adult height and on patients' satisfaction with adult height.

Objective: The aim of this study is to assess whether withdrawing GH treatment after midpuberty in adolescents with idiopathic isolated GH deficiency, who showed a normal result in a GH stimulation test at retesting, is as effective as continuing GH until adult height.

Study design: prospective patient preference design with additional historic control group, studied up to adult height. All children with IIGHD will be retested in mid-puberty, according to the current treatment protocol.

If GH secretion is normal, patients will be asked if they prefer to continue GH treatment until near-adult height is reached (traditional approach) or discontinue GH treatment. We expect that the preference of each choice will be approximately 50%. It is expected that groups will differ in baseline characteristics (e.g. those who choose discontinuing GH may be older and taller). Because the number of included patients will be too low (and the between-group differences too large) to show statistically significant "non-inferiority" of discontinuing GH at mid-puberty, a retrospective analysis will be performed of growth, pubertal stages and bone age of a historic control group (anonimized) with IIGHD, in whom a normal GH provocation test was found after stopping GH treatment at final height. Based on these data, a model will be constructed of expected height gain on GH treatment as a function of sex, age, bone age, Tanner stage, GH peak in childhood, GH peak at retesting, and GH dosage. For both prospectively followed groups the expected height gain at inclusion will be calculated based on the model. At the end of the observation period, the effectively attained height gain in both groups will be compared with the predicted one. We hypothesize that the difference in attained minus predicted height gain in both groups will not be significantly different from zero, and that the 95% CI will exclude a difference >0.5 SD to the detriment of the group who discontinued GH in mid-puberty.

Study population: GH treated adolescents with partial IIGHD (GH peak at diagnosis >5 mU/L and <30 mU/L) who reached mid-puberty (boys: Tanner stage G3 or G4, testicular volume >12 ml and bone age 13-16 years; girls: Tanner stage B3 or B4 and bone age 11-14

years). Potential participants are identified in the national database of the Stichting Kind en Groei (SKG). Patients with a GH peak of >20 mU/L at retesting are eligible for inclusion.

Intervention (if applicable): Withdrawing GH treatment in mid-puberty versus continuing GH treatment until near adult height (growth velocity <2 cm/yr)

Doel van het onderzoek

Assuming that 80 % of the adolescents have a normal growth hormone secretion when retesting in puberty, we think there is no significant difference in final height between the group that discontinue growth hormone treatment (after a normal test in mid puberty) and the group that continues growth hormone treatment.

Onderzoeksopzet

Follow up of patients who continue growth hormone treatment is according to standard care (every 3-4 months). Patients who choose to discontinue growth hormone treatment are followed yearly.

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Withdrawing GH treatment in mid-puberty versus continuing GH treatment until near adult height (growth velocity <2 cm/yr)

Contactpersonen

Publiek

M.J.E. Walenkamp [default] The Netherlands

Wetenschappelijk

M.J.E. Walenkamp [default] The Netherlands

Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

idopathic isolated growth hormone deficiency

GH peak at diagnosis > 5 mU/L and < 30 mU/L

Mid puberty (boys: Tanner G3 or G4, testicular volume > 12 ml and bone age 13-16 years; girls: Tanner B3 or B4, bone age 11-14 years)

GH peak at retesting mid puberty > 20 mU/L

Treated with GH for at least 3 years

Informed consent

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

Medical condition or medication influencing growth

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type:Interventie onderzoekOnderzoeksmodel:ParallelToewijzing:Niet-gerandomiseerdBlindering:Open / niet geblindeerdControle:Actieve controle groep

Deelname

Nederland Status:

Werving gestart

(Verwachte) startdatum:	01-09-2016
Aantal proefpersonen:	120
Туре:	Verwachte startdatum

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies	
Datum:	
Soort:	

15-08-2017 Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register NTR-new NTR-old Ander register **ID** NL6440 NTR6618 METc VUmc : 2016.396

Resultaten