

# Coupling between brain and muscles in response to mechanical perturbations.

Gepubliceerd: 19-01-2011 Laatst bijgewerkt: 18-08-2022

The control of voluntary movement involves different parts of the central nervous system. The involvement of the cortex in the control of movement is not always incorporated in research on motor control. In this study we will use system...

<b>Ethische beoordeling</b>	Positief advies
<b>Status</b>	Werving gestopt
<b>Type aandoening</b>	-
<b>Onderzoekstype</b>	Interventie onderzoek

## Samenvatting

### ID

NL-OMON27695

### Bron

NTR

### Aandoening

ENG: movement disorders  
NL: bewegingsstoornissen

### Ondersteuning

**Primaire sponsor:** MIRA institute, University of Twente

**Overige ondersteuning:** MIRA institute, University of Twente

### Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

### Uitkomstmaten

#### Primaire uitkomstmaten

Corticomuscular coherence and impulse response functions from perturbation to EMG and EEG.

# Toelichting onderzoek

## Achtergrond van het onderzoek

Objective:

Study cortical involvement in motor control using system identification techniques in the time and frequency domain.

Method:

Electrophysiological signals will be recorded from the subject's scalp and over three muscles in the lower arm while the subject exerts a constant force to a manipulandum. The manipulandum will apply perturbations in the form of wrist angle changes. Using different perturbations we will look at coupling measures in the time domain (proprioceptive evoked potentials) and the frequency domain (corticomuscular coherence).

Countries of recruitment:

The Netherlands.

## Doel van het onderzoek

The control of voluntary movement involves different parts of the central nervous system. The involvement of the cortex in the control of movement is not always incorporated in research on motor control. In this study we will use system identification technique in order to study functional corticomuscular coupling in the time and frequency domain.

## Onderzoeksopzet

During one session of approximately 2,5 hours, EEG and EMG are recorded during motor tasks. During the motor task the subject is perturbed by continuous position perturbations.

## Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Position perturbations while the subject applies a constant force against a manipulandum.

# Contactpersonen

## Publiek

Postbus 217  
S.F. Campfens  
Laboratory of Biomechanical Engineering and Clinical Neurophysiology chair  
MIRA institute, University of Twente  
Roomnumber: HR-W215 & CA 3.714  
Enschede 7500 AE  
The Netherlands  
+31 (0)53 4892896

## Wetenschappelijk

Postbus 217  
S.F. Campfens  
Laboratory of Biomechanical Engineering and Clinical Neurophysiology chair  
MIRA institute, University of Twente  
Roomnumber: HR-W215 & CA 3.714  
Enschede 7500 AE  
The Netherlands  
+31 (0)53 4892896

## Deelname eisen

### Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

1. Age between 18 and 50 years old;
2. Written informed consent.

### Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

1. Injury of the dominant wrist in the past year;
2. Suffer from any movement disorder;

3. Suffer from a sever medical condition.

## Onderzoeksopzet

### Opzet

Type:	Interventie onderzoek
Onderzoeksmodel:	Parallel
Toewijzing:	N.v.t. / één studie arm
Blinding:	Open / niet geblindeerd
Controle:	N.v.t. / onbekend

### Deelname

Nederland	
Status:	Werving gestopt
(Verwachte) startdatum:	15-03-2011
Aantal proefpersonen:	20
Type:	Werkelijke startdatum

## Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies	
Datum:	19-01-2011
Soort:	Eerste indiening

## Registraties

### Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

## **Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register**

Geen registraties gevonden.

## **In overige registers**

<b>Register</b>	<b>ID</b>
NTR-new	NL2575
NTR-old	NTR2701
Ander register	ABR : 34673
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

## **Resultaten**

### **Samenvatting resultaten**

N/A