

Late preterm survey

Gepubliceerd: 24-01-2020 Laatste bijgewerkt: 18-08-2022

1. Hospital care and feeding strategies are different among low, middle and high-income countries. 2. In lieu of no international guidelines on feeding late preterm infants, most of healthcare professionals will follow international guidelines for...

Ethische beoordeling	Positief advies
Status	Werving gestopt
Type aandoening	-
Onderzoekstype	Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen

Samenvatting

ID

NL-OMON28728

Bron

Nationaal Trial Register

Verkorte titel

LAPS

Aandoening

Late preterm infants

Ondersteuning

Primaire sponsor: FrieslandCampina

Overige ondersteuning: FrieslandCampina

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

Uitkomstmaten

Primaire uitkomstmaten

Percentage of health care practitioners adhering to ESPAGHAN guidelines for management of early preterm infants in management of late preterms.

Toelichting onderzoek

Achtergrond van het onderzoek

The new estimates in 2014 show that the incidence of preterm births widely varied across the world. Around 70% of preterm infants are born as late-preterm (between 32-37 wk of Gestational Age).

ESPGHAN guidelines published in 2010 are for stable preterm born infants with a body weight of 1000 to 1800 g. This means that half of the moderate preterm infants (≥ 32 -33 6/7 weeks GA) and the majority of late preterm born infants (≥ 34 -36 6/7 weeks GA) are not in scope of these recommendations. At the same time, they are also not in scope of nutritional guidelines for term infants, and have to be considered as a 'new' target group. Moderate to late preterm infants have a 2 to 10-fold increased incidence of mild to moderate morbidities compared with term infants, show a developmental delay and have a different growth pattern.

Today, nutritional care of preterm infants varies greatly among countries and centers, we foresee that this situation will also reflect those of late preterm. Thus the purpose of this initiative is to get more insight in current feeding practices in low, middle- and high-income countries.

This protocol describes a survey using electronic data capture to collect information on feeding practice and growth assessment during hospital care of late preterm infants.

Doel van het onderzoek

1. Hospital care and feeding strategies are different among low, middle and high-income countries.
2. In lieu of no international guidelines on feeding late preterm infants, most of healthcare professionals will follow international guidelines for feeding preterm infants also for late preterm.
3. No specific guidelines are available to monitor growth of these infants during their hospital stay.

Onderzoeksopzet

One time survey

Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

NA (its a survey)

Contactpersonen

Publiek

FrieslandCampina
Urszula Kudla

+31646911337

Wetenschappelijk

FrieslandCampina
Urszula Kudla

+31646911337

Deelname eisen

Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

Individual practicing health care professionals (HCP)s in participating countries who manage preterm infants. The HCPs can have public or private practices; and are willing to participate in the electronic survey.

Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

Individual practicing health care professionals (HCP)s in participating countries who do not manage preterm infants.

Onderzoeksopzet

Opzet

Type:	Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen
Onderzoeksmodel:	Anders
Toewijzing:	N.v.t. / één studie arm
Blinding:	Open / niet geblindeerd

Controle: N.v.t. / onbekend

Deelname

Nederland
Status: Werving gestopt
(Verwachte) startdatum: 24-01-2020
Aantal proefpersonen: 250
Type: Werkelijke startdatum

Voornemen beschikbaar stellen Individuele Patiënten Data (IPD)

Wordt de data na het onderzoek gedeeld: Nee

Toelichting

There will be no individual data, as it is survey about hospital practice

Ethische beoordeling

Positief advies
Datum: 24-01-2020
Soort: Eerste indiening

Registraties

Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

Geen registraties gevonden.

Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

In overige registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL8325
Ander register	TBD : tbd (will be filled in after submission to MEC)

Resultaten